

# 年報 Annual Report 2010

CHINA ENERGINE INTERNATIONAL (HOLDINGS) LIMITED 中國航天萬源國際(集團)有限公司<sup>\*</sup> Stock Code 股份代號: 1185

-

E

\* For identification purpose only 僅供識別

## 企業文化 CORPORATE CULTURE

### 使命 Mission

投身新能源 Devoted to new energy

貢獻社會 Contributing to Society 造福人類 Benefiting mankind

### 目標 Target

追求卓越 Pursuing excellence 引領新能源 Leading the development of new energy

### 價值觀 Value

人盡其才 Leveraging talents to full play 和諧共贏 Win-win in harmony

# 迎風而起<sub>MOVE ON THE WIND</sub> DRIVE WITH THE WIND 御風而行

## 目錄 CONTENTS

公司資料	2	Corporate Information	
集團財務摘要	4	Group Financial Highlights	
管理層討論及分析	5	Management Discussion and Analysis	
董事及高級管理人員之個人資料	23	Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management	
企業管治報告書	31	Corporate Governance Report	
董事會報告書	45	Report of the Directors	
獨立核數師報告書	56	Independent Auditor's Report	
综合全面收益表	59	Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income	
综合財務狀況表	61	Consolidated Statement of Financial Position	
綜合權益變動表	63	Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity	
綜合現金流量表	65	Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows	
综合財務報表附註	68	Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements	
五年財務資料摘要	173	Five Years' Financial Summary	
Alter to	J.		

## 公司資料 CORPORATE INFORMATION

### 董事會

### 執行董事

韓樹旺先生(*董事長)* 王曉東先生(*副董事長)* 臧偉先生(總裁) 王利軍先生

### 非執行董事

李光先生 方世力先生

#### 獨立非執行董事

王德臣先生 簡麗娟女士 吳君棟先生

### 公司秘書

歐陽強先生

## 審核委員會

簡麗娟女士(*主席)* 王德臣先生 吳君棟先生 方世力先生

### 薪酬委員會

李光先生(*主席)* 簡麗娟女士 吳君棟先生

### 發展及投資委員會

韓樹旺先生(*主席)* 王曉東先生 臧偉先生 王利軍先生 王德臣先生

### 註冊辦事處

Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands

### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Han Shuwang (Chairman) Mr. Wang Xiaodong (Vice-Chairman) Mr. Zang Wei (Chief Executive Officer) Mr. Wang Lijun

#### **Non-executive Directors**

Mr. Li Guang Mr. Fang Shili

#### **Independent Non-executive Directors**

Mr. Wang Dechen Ms. Kan Lai Kuen, Alice Mr. Gordon Ng

### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Mr. Au-Yeung Keung, Steve

### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

Ms. Kan Lai Kuen, Alice *(Chairman)* Mr. Wang Dechen Mr. Gordon Ng Mr. Fang Shili

### **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

Mr. Li Guang *(Chairman)* Ms. Kan Lai Kuen, Alice Mr. Gordon Ng

### **DEVELOPMENT AND INVESTMENT COMMITTEE**

Mr. Han Shuwang *(Chairman)* Mr. Wang Xiaodong Mr. Zang Wei Mr. Wang Lijun Mr. Wang Dechen

### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands

## 公司資料 CORPORATE INFORMATION

### 主要營業地點

香港灣仔 港灣道18號 中環廣場47樓4701室

## 核數師

德勤•關黃陳方會計師行 香港金鐘道88號 太古廣場一座35樓

## 股份登記總處

Butterfield Fulcrum Group (Cayman) Limited Butterfield House 68 Fort Street, P.O. Box 705 Grand Cayman KY1-1107 Cayman Islands

## 股份登記處分行

卓佳標準有限公司 證券登記服務處 香港皇后大道東28號 金鐘匯中心26樓

## 主要往來銀行

中國銀行(香港)有限公司 香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司 星展銀行(香港)有限公司

### 法律顧問

薛馮鄺岑律師行 康德明律師事務所

## 網頁

www.energine.hk

## 電郵地址

energine@energine.hk

## 股份代號

1185

### **PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS**

Suite 4701, 47/F, Central Plaza 18 Harbour Road Wanchai, Hong Kong

### AUDITOR

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu 35/F, One Pacific Place 88 Queensway, Hong Kong

### PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR

Butterfield Fulcrum Group (Cayman) Limited Butterfield House 68 Fort Street, P.O. Box 705 Grand Cayman KY1-1107 Cayman Islands

### **BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR**

Tricor Standard Limited Share Registration Public Office 26/F, Tesbury Centre 28 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong

### **PRINCIPAL BANKERS**

Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited DBS Bank (Hong Kong) Limited

### **LEGAL ADVISERS**

Sit, Fung, Kwong & Shum Conyers Dill & Pearman

### WEBSITE

www.energine.hk

### **E-MAIL ADDRESS**

energine@energine.hk

### **STOCK CODE**

1185

## 集團財務摘要 GROUP FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

財務數據	Financia	al data	2008	2009	2010
(以千港元列示)	(expresse	d in HK\$'000)			
營業額 Turnover			184,206	663,373	698,083
毛利	Gross pr	ofit	7,815	79,114	20,201
本公司擁有人	Profit (lo	ss) for the year attributabl	e		
應佔本年度盈利(虧損)	to owr	ners of the Company	(499,626)	68,033	96,065
借貸總額	Total bor	rowings	761,690	1,277,410	1,046,320
本公司擁有人應佔權益	Equity at	tributable to owners			
	of the	Company	1,198,829	1,532,732	1,659,103
收購物業、廠房及設備	Acquisitio	Acquisition of property,			
		ind equipment	67,586	108,125	32,469
員工成本	Staff cost		39,892	54,803	65,308
每股本公司擁有人	Net asse	t attributable to owners			
應佔淨資產值(港元)(附註1)	of the	Company			
	per sha	are (HK\$) (note 1)	0.331	0.386	0.418
財務比率	Financia	al ratios			
流動比率(附註2)	Current r	ratio (note 2)	1.78	2.75	1.11
速動比率(附註3)		tio (note 3)	1.59	2.59	0.98
負債比率(附註4)		ratio (note 4)	64%	83%	63%
附註:	0	Note:			
1. 每股本公司 本公司		<ol> <li>Net asset attributable</li> </ol>	Equity attributal	ble Numbe	or of
	平成 已發行	to owners of	= to owners	÷ issued	
瘫有八 = 擁有八 · 應佔淨資產值 應佔權益	L 設1] 股份數目	the Company per share			
愿旧伊貝庄但 愿旧惟笽	NX I/J 数 日	the Company per share	or the Company	at year	enu
2. 流動比率 = 流動資產 ÷ 流動	的負債	2. Current ratio = Cu	Current assets ÷ Current liabilities		
3. 速動比率 = (流動資產 - 存貨)	÷ 流動負債	3. Quick ratio = (Curr	ent assets - Inventor	ries) ÷ Curre	nt liabilities
4	公司			Equity attrib	utable
4. 負債比率 = 借貸總額 ÷ 擁	有人	4. Gearing ratio = To	otal borrowings ÷	to owners	
應	佔權益			of the Comp	any

謹代表董事會,概述中國航天萬源國際(集團)有限公司(「本公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)於截至2010年12月31日止財政年度之業務表現如下。

### 業績摘要

截至2010年12月31日,本集團於2010年之營 業額為69,808萬港元,本年度盈利10,208萬 港元, 而2009年之營業額則為66.337萬港 元,年度盈利7,080萬港元;營業額增加 5.2%,而年度盈利增加44.2%。年內營業額 中,26.474萬港元來自銷售風力發電相關產 品、3,223萬港元來自風電場風力發電之銷售 電力、5,258萬港元來自銷售稀土電機、 27,255萬港元來自銷售化工材料及7,598萬港 元來自電訊相關業務,而2009年的營業額 中,31,457萬港元來自銷售風力發電相關產 品、3,154萬港元來自風電場風力發電之銷售 電力、 5,614萬港元來自銷售稀土電機、 17,084萬港元來自銷售化工材料及9,028萬港 元來自電訊相關業務。本年度盈利主要歸因 一家汽車零部件共同控制實體盈利貢獻 15,563萬港元及撥回該共同控制實體的脹面 值減值虧損10,263萬港元。

On behalf of the Board of Directors, the business performance of China Energine International (Holdings) Ltd. (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") for the financial year ended 31 December 2010 is summarized in the following paragraphs.

### **RESULTS SUMMARY**

As of 31 December 2010, the Group's turnover for the year 2010 amounted to HK\$698.08 million with a profit for the year of HK\$102.08 million as compared to those for the year 2009 of HK\$663.37 million with a profit for the year of HK\$70.8 million respectively, representing 5.2% increase in turnover and 44.2% increase in profit for the year. The turnover for the year comprised sale of wind energy related products of HK\$264.74 million, sale of electricity generated from wind farm of HK\$32.23 million, sale of rare-earth permanent-magnet motor products of HK\$52.58 million, sale of chemical materials of HK\$272.55 million and sales of HK\$75.98 million related to telecommunication business whereas the turnover in 2009 comprised sale of wind energy related products of HK\$314.57 million, sale of electricity generated from wind farm of HK\$31.54 million, sale of rare-earth permanent-magnet motor products of HK\$56.14 million, sale of chemical materials of HK\$170.84 million and sales of HK\$90.28 million related to telecommunication business. The profit for the year was mainly attributable to profit contribution of a jointly controlled entity relating to automotive component business of HK\$155.63 million and a reversal of impairment loss in relation to the carrying amount of the said jointly controlled entity of HK\$102.63 million.

### 業務回顧

#### 風力發電項目業務

2010年,直驅風機以其結構簡單、可靠性 高、效率高、運作維護成本低等優勢,成為 當今市場熱銷的新機型。面對國內激烈的市 場競爭,本集團將更好地發揮航天直驅風機 技術、質量和服務等優勢,積極應對挑戰。

### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

#### **Business of Wind Energy Project**

In 2010, directdrive wind turbine, a new make, had been well received in the market on the strength of its simple structure, high reliability, high efficiency, low operation and maintenance costs. Facing fierce competition in the domestic market, the Group proactively addressed these challenges by giving full play to the advantages of the technology, quality and service of CASC directdrive wind turbines. In line with this, the



在這基礎上,以直驅風機研發提昇技術和批 量生產為策略,發揮產品優勢和控制成本; 加上與多個省政府建立良好關係策略,以獲 取更多風資源,謀取更多生產風機訂單,從 而增加市場份額。 Group capitalized on its products' leading edge and achieved cost control by adopting the strategy of technology advancement and batch production through research and development. In addition, the Group adopted the strategy of establishing good relationship with several provincial governments to obtain more wind resources in seeking more production orders for wind turbines, thereby increasing our market share.

為適應生產經營發展的需要,優化進貨渠 道,降低採購費用,規範採購管理,集團成 立了採購管理部,並迅速組織了白銀項目 900KW直驅風機重要部件的運輸項目和甘肅 酒泉總裝廠項目招、投標工作;及組織了 2MW直驅風機重點部件的批產採購商務談判 及合同簽訂工作等。在實施白銀項目中,僅 產品運輸這一單項,由於採取了規範、精細 的招標運作程序,公司法律顧問參與招標的 整個過程,使白銀項目運輸招標工作順利完 成,採購成本因而比預算降低了30%,為集 中採購管理工作起了一個好開始。

在提高集團質量管理水平方面,成立了質量 技術部,完成了"風電產品設計文件管理制 度"、"技術狀態管理辦法"、"風電產品部件 分類及質量管理規定"、"合格分供方評價管 理規定"等文件工作,強化了質量控制的關鍵 環節,理順及規範了設計工作流程。組織了 2MW直驅風機電控系統設計、產品和設計以 符合質量專家評審及1.5MW直驅風機設計專 家評審;完成了風機主控和變流器國產化編 制工作,在確立高質量之品牌及市場定位 後,進行批量生產。 To meet the needs of our expanding production and operation, optimize the procurement channels, reduce purchasing cost and regulate our purchasing management, the Group has established a Purchasing Management Department, which promptly arranged the delivery of the key components of 900KW directdrive wind turbines of the Bai Yin Project and the tender invitation and bidding for the Gansu Jiuquan General Assembling Plant Project; and organized the business negotiations and contract execution work for batch purchase of key components of 2MW directdrive wind turbines, and etc. As to the mere part of products delivery in the implementation of the Bai Yin Project, since standardized and meticulous tender procedures were adopted with the participation of the Company's legal adviser in the entire tender and bidding process, the tender exercise for delivery service of the Bai Yin Project was successfully completed with making the purchasing cost 30% lower than budgeted, representing a good start for centralized purchasing management.

As to the enhancement of quality management, a Quality Technology Department was established with completion of preparation of documents including the Wind Turbine Products Design Documentation Management System, Measures for the Management of Technology Status, Classification and Quality Management Requirements of Wind Power Product Components, and Administrative Measures for Evaluation of Qualified Sub-suppliers. which not only strengthened the quality control of critical areas, but also refine and regulate our design workflow. To meet the evaluation requirements of the quality experts and the I.5MW direct-drive wind turbine design experts, the electronic control system design, product specifications and design of 2MW direct-drive wind turbine were organized; organisation of domestic production of the master controller of wind turbines and converters was completed, and batch production will commence after a high quality brand and market positioning has been established.

#### 內蒙古風機總裝廠

內蒙古航天萬源風電設備製造有限公司(「風 機總裝廠」)由北京萬源工業有限公司(「北京 萬源」,集團全資附屬公司)及Emergya風能 科技公司(「EWT」)合資按照持股比例95%和 5%合資經營,主要進行生產900KW直驅風機 及2MW直驅風機。

### Inner Mongolia Wind Turbine General Assembling Plant

Inner Mongolia CASC Energine Wind Turbine Manufacture Co. Ltd. (the "Wind Turbine General Assembling Plant"), a joint venture between Beijing Energine Industry Co. Ltd. ("BEI", a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group) and Emergya Wind Technologies B.V. ("EWT") with shareholding of 95% and 5% respectively, is primarily engaged in production of 900KW directdrive wind turbines and 2MW directdrive wind turbines.



2010年7月,具有航天自主知識產權的2MW 直驅風機技術的研發,完成了2MW風機的系 統設計校核、整機系統仿真,模態分析等工 作,已獲得德國風能認證中心(DEWI-OCC) 的整機載荷評估報告、葉片設計評估報告、 風機機械零部件評估報告,取得認證證書。 2MW直驅風機樣機2010年11月順利在內蒙古 大唐萬源新能源有限公司(「大唐萬源」)的興 和風電場完成樣機吊裝,12月實現了首次併 網發電;風機控制系統聯動成功,實現遠程 自動控制,風機正式進入併網運行調試階 段。2MW直驅風機研發的突破進展,標誌著 中國航天掌握和擁有了永磁直驅風機技術, 奠定了中國航天風機躋身於風電市場的基 礎。 In July 2010, leveraging on the research and development of 2MW directdrive wind turbine technology with CASC proprietary intellectual property, the Group completed the system design verification, assembling system simulation and model behaviour analysis of 2MW directdrive wind turbine, and obtained the machine loading evaluation report, the blade design evaluation report, appraisal report on the mechanical components of wind turbine issued by German Wind Power Certification Center (DEWI - OCC) and was granted certifications in relation thereto. The 2MW directdrive wind turbine prototype was successfully hoisted and installed in Xinhe wind farm of Inner Mongolia Datang Wanyuan New Energy Co. Ltd ("Datang Wanyuan") in November 2010, and in December 2010, grid-connected power generation was realized for the first time; remote linkage was successfully realized in the control system of wind turbine, making automatic remote control possible and signifying wind turbines formally entered into the stage of grid-connection operation and commissioning. The breakthrough in the development of 2MW directdrive wind turbine signifies CASC's mastery and ownership of the permanent-magnet directdrive wind turbine technology, thereby laying a solid foundation for CASC's entry into the wind power market.

2010年下半年,風機總裝廠完成了第二批60 台900KW風機,採用了本公司自行改製的加 長葉片及改裝發電機,並採用了低電壓穿越 功能,標誌著900KW風機漸臻成熟,順利進 入下一階段之批量生產。 In the second half of 2010, the Wind Turbine General Assembling Plant completed production of the second batch of 60 sets of 900KW wind turbines by utilizing the Company's self-developed extended-type blade, refitted generators and low voltage transmission feature, indicating that 900KW wind turbine has become increasingly mature and will progress smoothly to the next phase of batch production.





### 內蒙古風機葉片廠

內蒙古航天萬源複合材料有限公司(「葉片廠」)由北京萬源持股35.9%、力明發展有限公司(集團全資附屬公司)持股20.5%、航天 工藝及材料研究所及EWT合資成立,主要進 行900KW及2MW級風機葉片大型結構複合材 料製品的研發、設計、生產及服務。

#### Inner Mongolia Wind Turbine Blade Plant

Inner Mongolia CASC Energine Composite Material Co. Ltd. (the "Blade Plant"), a joint venture between BEI (as to 35.9% shareholding), New Image Development Ltd. (a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group) (as to 20.5% shareholding), Aerospace Research Institute of Materials & Processing Technology and EWT, is primarily engaged in research and development, design, production and service of large structural composite material products of 900KW and 2MW wind turbine blades.



2010年,在全面總結2009年生產第一批葉片 生產質量控制情況後,葉片廠重點完成 900KW加長型模具的包括加強質量控制之生 產前準備,及啟動900KW加長型葉片批量生 產工作,為每台風機的發電量提高約10%, 2010年共生產135套900KW加長型葉片。

就2010年計劃的2MW葉片生產準備工作和工 藝試驗,6月,完成2MW葉片模具安裝、葉 片工藝布局以及葉片原材料試驗;7月,成功 達致本年一重要目標:自主研發並擁有中國 航天自主知識產權之2MW直驅風機樣機葉片 成功下線。風機葉片廠在葉片生產過程中採 用先進的製造工藝技術確保生產環境清潔、 產品的穩定性強,同時採用了國產化的原材 料,為具有航天自主知識產權的2MW風機批 產提供了強而有力的支撐和保障。 In 2010, after undergoing a comprehensive review of the quality control process of its first batch production of blades in 2009, the Blade Plant turned its focus to the pre-production preparation of 900KW extended-type blade mould which comprised strengthening quality control work and commenced the batch production thereof, with the aim of increasing the power generation capacity of each wind turbine by 10%. A total of 135 sets of 900KW lengthened blades were produced in 2010.

As to the production preparation and craft tests of 2MW blades scheduled for 2010, installation of 2MW blade moulds, process layout and trial tests of raw materials were completed in June. In July, the Blade Plant achieved an important target for the year: the self-developed 2MW directdrive turbine prototype blades with CASC proprietary intellectual property were successfully released. The Blade Plant utilizes advanced manufacturing technology during production to ensure a clean production environment and high stability of products. It also utilizes domestic raw materials for production, which provides robust support and assurance in batch production of 2MW turbines with CASC proprietary intellectual property.



此型號葉片在2010年9月正式展開國產化批量 生產,為集團生產2MW直驅風機邁出了重要 的一步,確立本集團在葉片生產及風機製造 行業內穩定的優勢。



The localisation of batch production of this blade make was commenced in September 2010, which signifies a major step forward of the Group's production of 2MW directdrive turbines, assuring the Group's strength in the industries of blade production and turbine manufacture.

#### 甘肅風機總裝廠

在2010年11月,本集團成立全資附屬公司甘 肅航天萬源風電設備製造有限公司(「甘肅總裝 廠」),註冊資本人民幣8,000萬元,進行發展 甘肅酒泉總裝廠,以抓緊甘肅政府因一條 750KVA特高壓線路正在營運,而能取得其正 在分配770萬KW資源市場份額之機會;甘肅 總裝廠生產規模年產300台2MW風機,不僅 可滿足酒泉千萬KW級風電基地的要求,還可 進一步滿足甘肅武威市、白銀市、嘉峪關等 地區和新疆等地風場的需求。

#### 江蘇萬源風機總裝廠

本集團佔50%股權共同控制實體之南通航天 萬源安迅能風電設備製造有限公司,在2010 年9月易名為江蘇航天萬源風電設備製造公司 (「江蘇總裝廠」),為本集團在南方之策略風 電廠,主要為本集團研製之1.5MW直驅風機 提供組裝服務,為本集團擴大了航天風機型 譜,完善供應型號,配合不同風電場之需 要。

### Gansu Wind Turbine General Assembling Plant

In November 2010, the Group established Gansu CASC Wanyuan Wind Power Equipment Manufacturing Co. Ltd. (the "Gansu General Assembling Plant"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group with registered capital of RMB80 million, to develop the Gansu Jiuquan General Assembling Plant, with the objective of gaining a share of the 7.7 million KW resources market allocated by the Gansu Government in relation to its 750KVA ultra-high voltage lines in operation. The production capacity of the Gansu General Assembling Plant is 300 sets of 2MW wind turbines per year, which will not only meet the demand of Jiuquan's tens of million KW class wind power base, but also the demands from wind farms in Wuwei City, Baiyin City and Jiayu Pass in Gansu and in Xinjiang regions.

#### Jiangsu Energine Wind Turbine General Assembling Plant

Nantong CASC Wanyuan Acciona Wind Turbine Manufacture Corp. Ltd., a jointly controlled entity owned by the Group as to 50%, was renamed as Jiangsu Energine Wind Turbine Manufacture Co. Ltd. (the "Jiangsu General Assembling Plant") in September 2010. It is the strategic wind power plant of the Group in South China which mainly provides assembling service for 1.5MW directdrive wind turbines developed by the Group, serving to expand the wind turbine make series and optimize make offerings to cater for the needs of different wind farms.



### 風機銷售

2010年5月,本公司以182萬港元完成收購北 京航天宜達特直驅風機銷售有限公司(「直驅 銷售」,後更名為北京航天萬源風機有限責任 公司)40%股權,收購後,本公司、EWT及北 京新源賽風技術有限公司分別持有直驅銷售 股權65%、20%和15%,直驅銷售轉為本公 司一附屬公司,以完成控制整個銷售及生產 風機業務供應鏈中所有實體的策略,讓集團 在銷售及生產應用EWT先進直驅風機技術之 風機及葉片整個過程中,轉以整個供應鏈的 宏觀角度進行策略計劃及考慮,並能計及整 個供應鏈所帶來之整體利潤,正式在國內及 全球從事風機總裝廠製造之風力發電機的市 場開發及銷售業務。2010年,直驅銷售共出 售60台900KW直驅風機予甘肅省白銀市及天 津濱海新區之風電場。

#### Sales of wind turbines

In May 2010, the Company completed the acquisition of 40% equity interests in Beijing **EWTCASC** Directwind Marketing and Sales Co. Ltd. ("Directwind Sales", subsequently renamed as Beijing CASC Energine Wind Turbine Co. Ltd.) for a consideration of HK\$1.82 million. Upon acquisition, the Company, EWT and Beijing Direct Energy Corp. held 65%, 20% and 15% respectively of Directwind Sales, and Directwind Sales had become a subsidiary of the Company, consummating the Company's strategy of controlling all the entities in the supply chain of the



wind turbines sales and production business. This enabled the Group to devise and consider its strategic plan from a macro perspective of the entire supply chain, and account for the overall profits of the entire supply chain from the whole process in the sales and production of wind turbines and wind blades in utilising the advanced directdrive technology of EWT. It also allowed the Group to officially engage in the marketing and sales businesses of wind turbines manufactured by the Wind Turbine General Assembling Plant in China and all over the world. In 2010, Directwind Sales sold 60 sets of 900KW directdrive turbines to wind farms in Baiyin City, Gansu and Tianjin Binhai New Area.

### 共同推進海西大型風機製造基地

根據寧德市人民政府、中國技術市場協會、 本公司和福建閩東電力股份有限公司(「閩東 電力」)四方在2009年簽訂的《共同推進國家海 上風力發電寧德示範工程項目暨海西大型風 機製造基地專案戰略合作協定》,北京萬源於 2010年7月15日與閩東電力簽訂了共同設立 一家新能源公司:航天閩箭新能源投資股份 有限公司(「閩箭新能源」)之協定,共同投 資、開發、建設和營運海上及陸地風電場項 目,實現減排目標,促進地方經濟發展。合 資公司註冊資本人民幣1.5億元,北京萬源與 福建閩東股權分別佔20%、80%,北京萬源 出資人民幣3,000萬元。

閩箭新能源於2010年10月成立,正式發展閩 東海上及陸地風電場項目。該公司開發的海 上及陸地風電場項目將側重以其他客戶同等 條件下採購本集團生產的900KW、1.5MW和 2MW現有型號直驅風機及即將研發出的 3MW和5MW海上直驅風機。該公司的成立 對本集團更多的爭取市場訂單特取到積極推 進作用。

#### 材料貿易

2010年,北京萬源繼續經營與生產風機葉片 相關化工原料的貿易業務。2010年此業務錄 得穩定的銷售增加。

### Joint Promotion and Development of Large Wind Turbine Manufacturing Base on the Western Coast of the Taiwan Strait

Pursuant to a Strategic Cooperation Agreement of Joint Promotion and Development of the State's Offshore Wind Power Demonstration Project in Ningde City and Large Wind Turbine Manufacturing Base on the Western Coast of the Taiwan Strait entered into between Ningde City People's Government, China Technology Market Association, the Company and Fujian Mindong Electric Power Company Limited ("Mindong Electric Power") in 2009, BEI entered into an agreement to jointly establish a new energy company Energine Min Jian New Energy Investment Co., Ltd. ("Min Jian New Energy") on 15 July 2010 for the joint investment, development, construction and operation of offshore and land wind farm projects with a view to achieving emission reduction targets and promoting local economic development. The joint venture has a registered capital of RMB150 million with shareholding of 20% and 80% held by BEI and Mindong Electric Power respectively. BEI contributed RMB30 million.

Min Jian New Energy, established in October 2010, had formally been engaged in offshore and land wind power projects in eastern Fujian. The offshore and land wind power projects being developed by Min Jian New Energy will mainly purchase the Group's existing makes such as 900KW, 1.5MW, 2MW directdrive wind turbines, as well as 3MW and 5MW offshore directdrive wind turbines being developed by the Group, on the same terms being offered to other customers. The establishment of Min Jian New Energy, especially, provides intensive impetus for securing of more market orders for the Group.

#### **Trading of materials**

In 2010, BEI continued the trading business of chemical raw materials in connection with production of wind turbine blades. A steady growth in sales was recorded for this business in 2010.

#### 風場營運

### 遼寧本溪

集團控股經營航天龍源(本溪)風電場項目裝 機容量2.465萬千瓦,安裝29台850KW風力 發電機組。

2010年完成發電量5,545萬千瓦時,較上年增 加38萬千瓦時;上網電量5,329萬千瓦時,實 現主營業務收入3,223萬港元,較上年增加69 萬港元;實現盈利1,399萬港元。

#### Wind Farm Operations

#### Liaoning Benxi

The CASC Long Yuan (Benxi) wind farm project, controlled and operated by the Group, is installed with 29 sets of 850KW wind turbines with a capacity of 24,650KW in total.

An electricity level of 55.45 million kwh was realized during 2010, representing an increase of 0.38 million kwh over last year. On-grid power generation amounted to 53.29 million kwh with realized income from principal activity of HK\$32.23 million, representing an increase of HK\$690,000 over last year, realizing a profit amounting to HK\$13.99 million.



#### 吉林龍源

集團參與投資建設的吉林通榆風電場裝機容 量20萬千瓦,共安裝236台850KW風機。

2010年完成發電量34,210萬千瓦時,較上年減少241萬千瓦時;上網電量33,444萬千瓦

#### Jilin Longyuan

The Jilin Tongyu wind farm, invested and constructed by the Group, is installed with 236 sets of 850KW wind turbines with a capacity of 200,000KW in total.

An electricity level of 342.1 million kwh was realized during 2010, representing a decrease of 2.41 million kwh from last year. On-grid power

時,實現主營業務收入18,294萬港元,較上 年增加153萬港元;實現盈利9,186萬港元。 generation amounted to 334.44 million kwh with realized income from principal activity of HK\$182.94 million, representing an increase of HK\$1.53 million over last year, realizing a profit amounting to HK\$91.86 million.



#### 江蘇龍源

集團參與投資建設的江蘇如東風電場項目裝 機容量15萬KW,安裝100台1.5MW風力發電 機組。

2010年完成發電量34,988萬千瓦時,較上年 增加551萬千瓦時;上網電量34,209萬千瓦 時,實現主營業務收入19,095萬港元,較上 年增加599萬港元;實現盈利8,485萬港元。

#### Jiangsu Longyuan

The Jiangsu Yudong wind power field project, invested and constructed by the Group, is installed with 100 sets of 1.5MW wind turbines with a capacity of 150,000KW.

An electricity level of 349.88 million kwh was realized during 2010, representing an increase of 5.51 million kwh over last year. On-grid power generation amounted to 342.09 million kwh with realized income from principal activity of HK\$190.95 million, representing an increase of HK\$5.99 million over last year, realizing a profit amounting to HK\$84.85 million.



#### 內蒙興和發電場

北京萬源與內蒙古大唐萬源新能源有限公司 共同控制的大唐萬源之興和風電場,裝機容 量4.95萬千瓦,安裝首批自產的55台900KW 直驅風機後,全部通過了240小時驗收,正式 進入風機質保期運行。不僅為900KW直驅風 機提供一個技術改良的環境,同時為2MW直 驅風機提供一個研發與製造的試驗基地。

2010年完成發電量6,120萬千瓦時,圓滿完成 大唐航天風電場2010年指標,用戶非常滿 意,並對交付工作給予高度評價;全年上網 電量5,983萬千瓦時,實現主營業務收入 2,724萬港元;實現盈利1,547萬港元。

#### Inner Mongolia Xinghe Wind Farm

The Inner Mongolia Xinghe wind farm of Datang Wanyuan, which is jointly controlled by BEI and Inner Mongolia Datang Wanyuan New Energy Co., Ltd., is installed with an installed capacity of 49,500KW. The first 55 self-manufactured 900KW directdrive wind turbines being installed therein have passed the 240 hour inspection and acceptance test and duly commenced operation during the warranty period The wind farm provided not only an environment for technological improvement of 900KW directdrive wind turbines, but also a testing base for research and development of 2MW directdrive wind turbines.

An electricity level of 61.2 million kwh was realized in 2010, successfully achieving the target of Datang CASC wind farm for 2010; the client was very satisfied and gave a high compliment on the delivery work. Annual on-grid power generation amounted to 59.83 million kwh with realized income from principal activity of HK\$27.24 million, realizing a profit amounting to HK\$15.47 million.



### 新材料業務

集團計劃將稀土材料廣泛應用於四大領域: 風電機組用大功率稀土永磁同步發電機及變 流控制器、稀土永磁無齒輪電梯曳引機、軍 民兩用特種稀土電機及控制系統、永磁直驅 機電產品。

### **Business of New Materials**

It is the plan of the Group to extensively utilise rare-earth materials in four major areas: highpower rare-earth permanentmagnet synchronous generator and variable-flow drive system applied in wind turbines, rare-earth permanentmagnet gearless traction machines for elevators, special rare-earth



permanent-magnet motor for dual military plus civil application and its drive system and permanent-magnet directdrive electrical products.

Jiangsu Aerospace Wan Yuan REPM Motor Co., Ltd., controlled and operated by the Group, is a high-tech enterprise which specialises in research and development, manufacture, and sales of rare-earth permanent-magnet gearless traction machines for elevators. The "航天萬 源" branded rare-earth permanent-magnet gearless traction machines for elevators, and its driving control system self-developed by the company's research and development had filled up a technological gap of the domestic gearless elevator sector.

In December 2010, Wuxi CASC Energine Xindali Electricity Co., Ltd. ("Wuxi CASC"), the Group's controlling company, introduced three strategic investors, namely, Jiangsu Jin Ding Investment Co. Ltd., Lamax Ltd. and Chang Zhou Jie Tong Pipeline Co. Ltd., with contributed capital of RMB18 million (comprising a premium of RMB3 million, representing 12.5% equity), RMB18 million (comprising a premium of RMB3 million, representing 12.5% equity), and RMB12 million (comprising a premium of RMB2 million, representing 8.33% equity), respectively, increasing the registered capital to RMB120 million. The equity interests held by the original shareholders, Tin Shun Industrial Ltd. (a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group) and Wuxi Great Power Electromotor Co., Ltd. have therefore been diluted to 41.67% and 25.0% respectively. Wuxi CASC was accordingly turned into an associated company.

Wuxi CASC produced 2 sets of 1.5 MW generator prototype during the year. It is planned that Wuxi Rare-earth Motor Industrial Base will duly commence its production in 2011. Thereafter, the Group will reduce its reliance on upstream suppliers of the wind turbine supply chain for purchasing generators in effort to control the production cost.

集團控股經營的江蘇航天萬源稀土電機有限 公司為專業研發、生產、銷售稀土永磁無齒 輪電梯曳引機的高新技術企業。自主研發的 「航天萬源」品牌稀土永磁無齒輪曳引機及其 拖動控制系統,填補了國內電梯無齒輪領域 的技術空白。

2010年12月,集團控股公司無錫航天萬源新 大力電機有限公司(「無錫航天」),引進了3名 策略投資者江蘇金鼎投資有限公司、萊麥克 斯有限公司及常州杰通管業有限公司, 分別 出資了人民幣1,800萬元(連溢價人民幣300萬 元,佔股權12.5%)、人民幣1,800萬元(連溢 價人民幣300萬元,佔股權12.5%)及人民幣 1,200萬元(連溢價人民幣200萬元,佔股權 8.33%),將註冊資本增至人民幣1.2億元,原 股東天順實業有限公司(集團全資附屬公司)股 權及無錫新大力電機有限公司股權分別因而 攤薄至41.67%及25.0%,無錫航天亦因而轉 為一聯營公司。

無錫航天年內完成2台1.5MW發電機樣機生 產;計劃2011年,無錫稀土電機產業基地將 進入正式生產階段,其後,將減少依賴向風 機供應鏈上游供應商採購發電機,從而控制 生產成本。

### 汽車零部件業務

### 汽車發動機管理系統

共同控制實體北京德爾福萬源發動機管理系 統有限公司作為國內汽車電噴領域的主流供 應商,具有穩定的市場佔有率,保持市場佔 有率國內第二的地位,幾乎為所有國內主要 汽車生產商供貨;外銷方面,產品銷往歐 洲、北美等整車生產廠。

### **Business of Automotive Component Parts**

#### Automotive engine management systems

Beijing Delphi Wan Yuan Engine Management Systems Co., Ltd, a jointly controlled entity, is a leading supplier in the domestic automotive electronic fuel injection market with a stable market share, ranking the second nationwide and supplied to almost all major domestic automobile manufacturers. As for export sales, its products are sold to automobile manufacturers in Europe and North America.



2010年完成銷售收入276,602萬港元,較上 年增加69,959萬港元;實現盈利31,762萬港 元,其擴大銷量及降低成本目標順利完成。

### 汽車密封系統

共同控制實體北京萬源瀚德汽車密封系統有 限公司是國內中高檔汽車密封產品的專業生 產公司,在品質管制方面與國際先進水準接 軌。公司不僅實現了對中國中、高檔車型的 開發和配套,而且產品滿足德、法、美、 日、南韓等多種標準體系。 The jointly controlled entity recorded sales revenue of HK\$2,766.02 million in 2010, representing an increase of HK\$699.59 million over last year with realized profit of HK\$317.62 million. Its sales expansion and lower cost targets were successfully achieved.

#### Automotive sealing systems

Beijing Wanyuan-Henniges Sealing Systems Co., Ltd., a jointly controlled entity, is a company specialises in manufacturing of medium-to-high class automotive sealing products in the domestic market. Its quality control standards is on par with the international advanced level. The jointly controlled entity not only realises the development on and complement to the medium-to-high class models in the domestic market, but also attains the standards applicable to Germany, France, the United States, Japan and South Korea with its products.



2010年實現銷售收入43,466萬港元,較上年 增加9,099萬港元,實現盈利2,010萬港元。 公司將繼續採取控制原材料採購成本,降低 廢品率,控制各項支出,技術創新和豐田生 產系統(「TPS」)、價值分析及價值工程 (「VAVE」)以提高生產效率等措施實現持續盈 利。 The jointly controlled entity recorded sales revenue of HK\$434.66 million in 2010, representing an increase of HK\$90.99 million over last year with realized profit of HK\$20.1 million. The company will continue to take measures to enhance production efficiency and realise sustainable profits by controlling raw material procurement costs, reducing reject rate and containing expenses as well as through technological innovation and Toyota Production System ("TPS"), as well as Value Analysis/Value Engineering ("VAVE").

### 電訊業務

本集團電訊產品全面涵蓋GPS移動終端、智 能交通、無線通訊、GPS汽車資訊服務平台 等多個領域,成為了國內影響廣泛的專業電 子設備、通信產品和系統集成供應商。



2010年6月及12月,集團以共1,202萬港元先 後出售了GPS移動終端及GPS汽車資訊服務平 台航通奇華有限公司(「航通奇華」)的控股股權 共22.5%,出售後航通奇華轉為持47.5%股權 之聯營公司。

#### **Telecommunication Business**

The telecommunication products of the Group fully cover various categories such as GPS mobile terminals, intelligent transport, wireless communication, GPS automotive information service platform. The Group has become a provider of professional electronic equipment, communication products and system integration with extensive influence in the domestic market.

In June and December 2010, the Group successively sold a total of its 22.5% controlling interest in Castel Qihua Ltd. ("Castel Qihua"), a provider of GPS mobile terminals and GPS automotive information services platform, at total



considerations of HK\$12.02 million. Upon disposal, Castel Qihua became the Group's associated company of 47.5% equity.

### 企業社會責任

本集團一直體現本集團企業文化:以投身新 能源及節能、環保項目,在以再生能源供應 發電及控制碳排放環保領域,堅持保護地球 及生態環境,貢獻社會和造福人類為使命; 在研發和生產風機時,在品質上不斷追求卓 越,鞏固「中國航天」品牌,贏取客戶信任; 在管理方面,加強風險管理和合規制度以確 保持續發展;推行人盡其才,和諧共贏之價 值,以孕育優秀企業團隊,充分履行社會責 任。2010年,在這基礎上,重點開展主題「發 展航天新能源,建功立業我先行」,以落實研 發創新、管理創效、公司創業之價值,在全 體員工上下一心情況下完成目標。

#### **Corporate Social Responsibility**

The Group always live up to its corporate culture: we have been devoted to projects on new energy, energy conservation and environmental protection in the areas of renewable power generation and carbon emission control in adhering to the principle of protecting the Earth and ecological environment insistently and our mission of contributing to society and benefitting mankind; relentless efforts have been made to pursue excellence in quality in research and development and production of wind turbine so as to consolidate the CASC brand and earn customers' trust; in management, risk management and compliance system is strengthened to ensure sustainable development; the value of leverging employees' talents to full play and win-win in harmony is implemented to nurture an outstanding corporate team in the course of fully fulfilling our social responsibilities. Based on the above in 2010, the theme "Develop CASC New Energy, Start With My First Contribution", with emphasis on the value of realising R&D innovation, management efficiency and corporate achievements, was commenced. The targets were achieved under the concerted efforts of all employees.

## 展望

展望未來,集團會持續完善風機國產化進 程;重點發展3MW和5MW風機,配合國家 十二五規劃,把掘未來風機市場份額、鞏固 與其他大規模電力集團開展合作機會;完善 稀土電機批量生產;及做好集團融資工作, 進一步增加節能、環保業務規模,加強內部 管理,以確保集團持續發展,為股東造福, 帶來財富及榮譽。

### **PROSPECTS**

Looking ahead, the Group will speed up the progress in domestic production of wind turbines; focus on the development of 3MW and 5MW wind turbines to tie in with the Twelfth Five-year Plan, capture the share of the potential wind turbine market in future and identify cooperation opportunities with other large-scale power generation groups; refine the batch production of rare-earth motors; and secure financing for the Group. We shall broaden the scale of energy conservation and environmental protection business, as well as strengthen its internal management to ensure the sustainable development of the Group and create greater shareholder worth and repute.

### 人力資源及薪酬政策

於2010年12月31日,本集團香港總部共有員 工48人(2009年:49人),而中國內地辦事處 共704人(2009年:752人)。員工薪酬之訂定 乃按照個別僱員之表現及不同地區現行之薪金 趨勢而釐定,每年會進行檢討。本集團也提供 強積金及醫療保險。本集團亦設有由董事酌情 釐定之表現花紅。

### 財務回顧

#### 流動資金及財務資源

於 2010年 12月 31日,本集團之總貸款為 1,046,320,000港元(2009年:1,277,410,000 港元),全數乃固定息率貸款(2009年:其中 浮動息率貸款130,000,000港元)。本集團之 貸款均按市場利率釐定。本集團並無發行任何 金融工具作為對沖或其他用途。

於2010年12月31日,負債比率(借貸總額除以 股東權益)為63%(2009年:83%)。

# HUMAN RESOURCES AND REMUNERATION POLICY

As at 31 December 2010, the Group had 48 employees (2009: 49 employees) in the Hong Kong head office and 704 employees (2009: 752 employees) in the Mainland China offices. Remuneration of employee is determined according to individual employee's performance and the prevailing trends in different areas and reviewed on an annual basis. The Group also provides Mandatory Provident Fund and medical insurance to its employees. In addition, discretionary performance bonus is available at the discretion of the Directors.

### **FINANCIAL REVIEW**

### **Liquidity and Financial Resources**

Total borrowings of the Group as at 31 December 2010 were HK\$1,046,320,000 (2009: HK\$1,277,410,000), all of which were of fixed rate borrowings (2009: including floating-rate borrowings of HK\$130,000,000). All borrowings of the Group were determined at market interest rate. The Group has not issued any financial instruments for hedging or other purposes.

Gearing ratio (total borrowings over shareholders' equity) as at 31 December 2010 was 63% (2009: 83%).

### 資產抵押

於2010年12月31日,本集團共以32,644,000 港元(2009年:97,851,000港元)之若干資產 抵押予銀行作為銀行融資的抵押。

### 匯兑及其他風險

本集團之大部份業務交易皆以人民幣計值。 預期本集團的匯兑波動風險並不顯著,故並 無進行任何對沖活動。

### **Pledge of Assets**

As at 31 December 2010, certain assets of the Group of HK\$32,644,000 (2009: HK\$97,851,000) have been pledged to secure bank facility.

#### **Exchange and Other Exposures**

Most of the Group's business transactions were conducted in Renminbi. The Group expected that the exposure to exchange rates fluctuation was not significant and therefore has not engaged in any hedging activities.

於2010年12月31日本集團概無或有負債。

The Group did not have any contingent liabilities as at 31 December 2010.

### 鳴謝

### **APPRECIATION**

本人謹藉此機會就各董事及員工於回顧年度 之努力及貢獻深表謝意。

承董事會命

I would like to take this opportunity to thank my fellow directors and all the staff members for their hard work and dedication during the year under review.

By Order of the Board

韓樹旺

董事長

香港,二零一一年三月二十九日

Han Shuwang Chairman Hong Kong, 29 March 2011

## 執行董事

**韓樹旺先生**,46歲,研究員。畢業於同濟大 學計算機科學系,美國西南大學經濟管理碩 士。同濟大學客座教授,中國航天科技集團 公司(「中航總」)航天獎獲得者。1988年至 1997年於中國運載火箭技術研究院(「火箭 院」) 航天自動控制研究所工作, 歷任室副主 任、副主任設計師、所長助理、副所長, 1997年任火箭院政治部副主任,1998年任火 箭院辦公室主任,1999年起任北京萬源工業 公司總經理,2000年任火箭院院長助理, 2002年任火箭院副院長。自2000年11月,同 時出任航天信息股份有限公司(「航天信息」, 上海證券交易所上市公司)董事。有豐富的企 業戰略研究、經營管理經驗。彼於2006年2月 14日起出任本公司執行董事及副董事長, 並 於2007年10月26日出任本公司董事長,彼亦 為本集團若干附屬公司之董事。

王曉東先生,43歲,畢業於北京航空航天大 學,取得電子工程學士學位,並獲南澳洲大 學頒授工商管理學碩士學位。自1989年起至 1998年間先後任職於中國空間技術研究院所 轄下之北京飛行器設計總體部、航空航天工 業部綜合計劃司、航天工業總公司辦公廳, 歷任助理工程師、工程師、高級工程師、總 經理秘書兼總經理辦公室副主任等職務。彼 於研究及管理方面擁有豐富經驗,在1999年 出任航天科技國際集團有限公司執行董事兼 副總經理。於1999年5月起出任本公司董事總 經理(後轉為執行董事兼總經理)及於2010年 8月26日出任本公司副董事長及執行董事;彼 亦為本集團若干附屬公司之董事。

### **EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

Mr. Han Shuwang, aged 46, researcher, obtained Bachelor's degree in Computer Science and Master's degree in Economics and Management from Tongji University and American Southwest University respectively. He is a Visiting Professor of Tongji University and achieved Space Award from China Aerospace Science and Technology Corporation ("CASC"). He served as Deputy Division Chief, Deputy Chief Designer, Director Assistant and Deputy Director with the Institute of Space Automation Control of China Academy of Launch Vehicle Technology ("CALT") between 1988 and 1997, Deputy Director of Political Division of CALT in 1997, Director of Administrative Office of CALT in 1998, General Manager of Beijing Wan Yuan Industry Corporation in 1999, President Assistant of CALT in 2000. Since 2002, he has served as Vice President of CALT. In parallel, he has also been a Director of Aisino Co., Ltd. ("Aisino"), a company listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange since November 2000. Possessing rich experiences in strategic research and business administration, he was appointed as an Executive Director and Vice-chairman of the Company on 14 February 2006 and became the Chairman on 26 October 2007. He is also a Director of a number of subsidiaries of the Group.

Mr. Wang Xiaodong, aged 43, graduated from Beijing University of Aeronautics and Astronautics with a Bachelor's degree in Electronic Engineering and obtained a MBA from the University of South Australia. During 1989 to 1998, he worked with Beijing Institute of Spacecraft System Engineering under the China Academy of Space Technology, the Comprehensive Planning Bureau of the Ministry of Aerospace Industry of China and then the General Office of China Aerospace Corporation, as Assistant Engineer, Engineer, Senior Engineer, and Secretary to the President cum Deputy Director of the President Office. In 1999, he, possessing extensive experience in research and management, was appointed the Executive Director cum Deputy General Manager of China Aerospace International Holdings Limited. He has been appointed as Managing Director (later becoming Executive Director cum General Manager) of the Company since May 1999 and became the Vice-Chairman and Executive Director of the Company on 26 August 2010; He is also a Director of a number of subsidiaries of the Group.

**臧偉先生**,41歲,高級工程師。畢業於哈爾 濱工業大學無線電工程系,獲工學學士學 位。後複畢業於哈爾濱工業大學,獲通信與 電子工程學碩士學位,及於中國人民大學獲 經濟學博士學位,1992年起服務於中國航天 工業,歷任中國空間技術研究院國際合作處 副處長,本公司之最終控股股東中航總資產 經營處處長,經營投資部副部長,中國天地 衛星股份有限公司(上海證券交易所上市公 司)董事、總裁,中國東方紅衛星股份有限公 司(上海證券交易所上市公司)董事、高級副 總裁。在資產經營、國際化發展、上市公司 管理方面擁有豐富的經驗。彼於2007年3月 16日獲委任為本公司副總裁(前稱副總經 理),於2010年8月26日獲委任為本公司執行 董事及總裁,彼亦為本集團若干附屬公司之 董事。

王利軍先生,38歲,王利軍先生畢業於哈爾 濱工業大學取得學士學位,主修工業會計及 於國防科學技術大學取得管理學碩士學位。 王利軍先生於1999年5月取得中國之會計師資 格。王利軍先生於加入本公司之前,為本公 司控股股東火箭院之全資附屬公司北京航天 萬源科技公司之總會計師。彼於2008年5月 10日獲委任為本公司財務總監,於2010年8 月26日獲委任為本公司執行董事,彼亦為本 集團若干附屬公司之董事。 Mr. Zang Wei, aged 41, senior engineer, obtained his Bachelor's degree in Engineering at the Telecommunicatoin Engineering Faculty and his Master's degree in Telecommunication and Electronic Engineering from Harbin Institute of Technology. He also obtained PhD in Economics from Renmin University of China. Since he joined the China aerospace industry in 1992, he has assumed the Deputy Director with the International Cooperation Division of China Academy of Space Technology, the Deputy Director with Assets Management Division, Business and Investment Department of CASC (the Company's ultimate controlling shareholder), the Director and CEO of China Spacesat Co., Ltd. (listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange), the Director and Senior Vice President of China Spacesat Technology Co., Ltd (listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange) successively. He possesses rich experience on management of listed company in relation to assets operation and internationalization development. He was appointed as a Vice President (formerly known as Deputy General Manager) of the Company on 16 March 2007. He was appointed as Executive Director and CEO of the Company on 26 August 2010. He is also a Director of a number of subsidiaries of the Group.

**Mr. Wang Lijun**, aged 38. Mr. Wang Lijun graduated from Harbin Institute of Technology with a Bachelor degree with major in Industrial Accounting and National University of Defense Technology with a Master degree in Management. He was qualified as an Accountant in PRC in May 1999. Prior to joining the Company, he was the Chief Accountant with Beijing CASC Wan Yuan Science & Technology Corporation, a whollyowned subsidiary of CALT. He was appointed as a Financial Controller of the Company on 10 May 2008. He was appointed as Executive Director of the Company on 26 August 2010. He is also a Director of a number of subsidiaries of the Group.

### 非執行董事

李光先生,48歲,高級工程師。畢業於天津 大學,取得工業自動化專業碩士學位。1991 年至1996年任火箭院第14所設計員;1996年 至2005年曾任北京長征高科技公司技術開發 **處處長**,北京長征高科技公司總經理;自 1998年,歷任北京萬源工業公司副總經理、 總經理。彼在科學研究、產品研發、經營管 理方面擁有豐富經驗。彼於2006年2月14日 起出任本公司執行董事及副總經理。於2009 年3月31日,彼辭任本公司之副總經理,並隨 著被委任為火箭院經營投資部部長,在2009 年4月1日由執行董事調任為本公司之非執行 董事。自2010年8月8日同時出任本公司控股 股東Astrotech Group Limited(「Astrotech」) 的董事,Astrotech為火箭院之全資子公司。 彼之前亦為本集團若干附屬公司之董事。

方世力先生,38歲。方先生畢業於北京大 學,取得法學學士學位,並獲中國人民大學 頒授金融學碩士學位。自1995年起至今服務 於火箭院,歷任審計室審計員、審計室審計 二處副處長、財務部綜合財務處處長、財務 部副部長及財務部部長等職務。彼於1997年 於中國獲得律師及註冊會計師資格及於2007 年於中國獲得律師及註冊會計師資格及於2007 年於中國獲得註冊税務師資格。彼自2010年 8月8日同時出任Astrotech之董事;於2010年 8月26日獲委任為本公司非執行董事。

### **NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

Mr. Li Guang, aged 48, senior engineer, graduated from Tianjin University with Master's degree in Industrial Automation. He had been the Designer with the 14th Institute of CALT between 1991 and 1996, Division Chief of Development Division, and General Manager of Beijing Long March Hi-tech Corporation from 1996 to 2005. He acted as Deputy General Manager, General Manager of Beijing Wan Yuan Industry Corporation successively from 1998. Mr. Li exhibits excellent experience in scientific research, product development and business administration. He was appointed as an Executive Director and a Deputy General Manager of the Company on 14 February 2006. On 31 March 2009, Mr. Li resigned from Deputy General Manager and was redesignated as Nonexecutive Director on I April 2009 following his appointment as the Chief of Business and Investment Department of CALT. In parallel, he has been a Director of Astrotech Group Ltd. ("Astrotech"), the Company's controlling shareholder since 8 August 2010. Astrotech is a wholly-owned subsidiary of CALT. He was also a Director of a number of subsidiaries of the Group.

**Mr. Fang Shili**, aged 38. Mr. Fang graduated from Peking University with a Bachelor's degree in Law and obtained a Master degree in Finance from Renmin University of China. Since he joined the CALT in 1995, he has been serving as Auditor, Deputy Director with the Second Division in Audit Office, Director of Consolidated Finance Division, Deputy Chief and the Chief of the Finance Department. He was qualified as a Lawyer and as a Certified Accountant in 1997 and a registered Tax Agent in 2007 in PRC. In parallel, he has been a Director of Astrotech since 8 August 2010. He was appointed as Non-executive Director of the Company on 26 August 2010.

吳江先生,50歲,研究員,中國總會計師協 會理事,中國航天工業會計學會副會長。國 防科技大學系統工程專業碩士。1983年8月至 1989年7月,工作於北海艦隊驅逐艦一支隊。 1989年8月至2000年8月,出任本公司控股股 東火箭院綜合計劃處負責人。2000年9月至 2002年1月,在火箭院一部任綜合副主任。其 後5年出任火箭院財務部部長。2007年2月至 今,任火箭院總會計師。在2005年7月至 2010年8月期間,彼同時為Astrotech的董 事;彼是資深的科技管理、財務管理專家, 在融資、投資、風險管理方面擁有豐富的經 驗。於2008年5月20日起出任本公司非執行 董事,在2010年8月26日辭任此職務。

唐國宏先生,50歲,研究員,畢業於北京航空航天大學(「北航大學」),取得工程碩士學位,1987年赴西德馬普金屬所,取得工學博士學位。曾任北航大學材料科學系教研室主任、系副主任、教授;曾任中國航天工業供銷總公司副總經理、常務副總經理。於擔任火箭院經營投資部部長後,現任火箭院院長助理。在科學研究、經營管理和資本運作方面擁有豐富經驗。在2005年7月至2010年8月期間,彼同時為Astrotech的董事。彼於2006年2月14日起出任本公司非執行董事,在2010年8月26日辭任此職務。

Mr. Wu Jiang, aged 50, researcher, Council Member of China Association of Chief Accountants and Deputy President of Institute of China Aerospace Industrial Accountancy. He graduated from National University of Defense Technology with Master degree in System Engineering. He worked for a destroyer contingent of the North Sea Battleship Fleet during August 1983 to July 1989. From August 1989 to August 2000, he was the Chief of Integrated Planning Division of CALT, the controlling shareholder of the Company. From September 2000 to January 2002, he acted as the General Deputy Director of the First Division, CALT. He then became the Chief of Finance Department of CALT for 5 years. He has been the Chief Financial Officer of CALT since February 2007. He had been a Director of Astrotech during the period from July 2005 to August 2010. He is an expert on scientific and technological management and financial management with rich experience in finance, investment and risk management. He was appointed as a Non-executive Director of the Company on 20 May 2008. He resigned therefrom on 26 August 2010.

**Mr. Tang Guohong**, aged 50, professor, graduated from Beijing University of Aeronautics & Astronautics ("Beihang University") with Master's degree in Engineering. He went to Germany in 1987 and obtained PhD from Max-Planck Institute for Metals Research. He has served as Director of Staff Office, Deputy Dean and Professor in the Material Science and Engineering Department of Beihang University, Deputy General Manager and Administrative Deputy General Manager with China Aerospace Industry Supply & Marketing Corporation. After acting as the Chief of Business and Investment Department of CALT, he now is the President Assistant of CALT with rich experiences in scientific research, business administration and capital operation. He had been a Director of Astrotech during the period from July 2005 to August 2010. He was appointed as a Non-executive Director of the Company on 14 February 2006. He resigned therefrom on 26 August 2010.

### 獨立非執行董事

王德臣先生,71歲,於哈爾濱軍事工程學院 (前名中國人民解放軍軍事工程學院)取得學 士學位,全國第十屆政協委員。由1966年至 1985年,先後於南京華東工程學院擔任教研 室副主任、教研室主任、系副主任、副院長 及院黨委副書記;1985年擔任中國兵器工業 部國家機械委教育司司長;1988年至1990年 及1990年至1996年分別擔任中國北方工業集 團總公司和中國兵器工業總公司之副總經 理;1999年7月擔任中國南方工業集團公司總 經理和黨組書記。自2003年12月始至今擔任 中國南方工業集團公司高級顧問。在2004年 7月至2009年12月,王先生出任航天信息(上 海證券交易所上市公司)獨立董事。王先生是 中國先進裝備製造業和中國汽車工業的資深 專家,對戰略管理及企業重組等具豐富經 驗。同時,彼也是中國環保和清潔能源領域 的積極倡導者和資深推進專家。彼於2008年 1月23日起出任本公司獨立非執行董事,任期 3年, 並自2011年1月23日起再延續3年任 期。

# INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Wang Dechen, aged 71, was graduated with Bachelor degree from Harbin Institute of Military Technology (formerly Chinese People's Liberation Army Military Engineering Institute), committee member of the 10th Chinese People's Political Consultative Congress. He served as the Assistant Director, Director, Deputy Dean, Vice President, Deputy Secretary to the Party Committee of Nanjing Eastern China Engineering College between 1966 and 1985. He acted as Secretary of Education of the Ministry of China Weapon Industry Ministry's National Mechanical Committee in 1985. He served as Deputy General Manager of China North Industries Group in 1988 to 1990 and of China Weapon Industry Corp. in 1990 to 1996. He served as General Manager and Secretary to the Party Secretary of China South Industries Group Corp. from July 1999. From December 2003 onwards, he acted as the Senior Consultant thereof. From July 2004 to December 2009, he was an Independent Director of Aisino, a company listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange. With rich experience in strategic management and corporate restructuring, Mr. Wang is the senior expert in Chinese advanced equipment manufacturing industry and automotive industry. Also, Mr. Wang is an active advocate and experienced expert in China environmental protection and clean energy field. He was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director on 23 January 2008 for a 3 year tenure which was extended for a further 3 years from 23 January 2011.

**簡麗娟女士**,56歲,為英國特許公認會計師 公會資深會員、澳洲會計師公會資深會員及 香港會計師公會會員,彼亦為香港董事學會 資深會員,擁有積逾十五年企業融資經驗, 並在股本及債券市場擁有豐富經驗。彼曾於 國際及本地銀行及金融機構擔任多個高級職 位,現為亞洲資產管理有限公司及亞洲投資 研究有限公司之控股股東及董事總經理,該 兩間公司均為按照證券及期貨條例之持牌公 司。簡女士為按照證券及期貨條例之持牌投 資顧問及蓮花資產管理有限公司之註冊主 任。簡女士亦為香港上市公司富豪酒店國際 控股有限公司、環科國際集團有限公司、新 威國際控股有限公司、世茂房地產控股有限 公司、首長國際企業有限公司、首長科技集 團有限公司及融創中國控股有限公司(自其上 市日2010年10月7日起)之獨立非執行董事, 並於2010年6月8日退任首長科技集團有限公 司獨立非執行董事之職務。彼於2008年1月 23日起出任本公司獨立非執行董事,任期3 年, 並自2011年1月23日起再延續3年任期。

吳君棟先生,46歲,持有倫敦大學微生物學 及生物化學學士學位和知識產權碩士學位。 彼於1993年和1994年分別在英格蘭及威爾斯 和香港成為合資格律師。自2010年5月為一家 國際律師事務所合夥人,提供企業法及企業 融資法的法律意見。在此之前,彼曾先後擔 任香港盛德律師事務所、香港CMS Cameron McKenna和霍金豪森律師事務所之合夥人。 彼於2008年1月23日起出任本公司獨立非執 行董事,任期3年,並自2011年1月23日起再 延續3年任期。 Ms. Kan Lai Kuen, Alice, aged 56, is a fellow member of The Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, a fellow member of the CPA Australia and an associate member of The Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. She is also a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Directors. She has over 15 years of experience in corporate finance and is well experienced in both the equity and debt markets. She held various senior positions in international and local banks and financial institutions and is currently a controlling shareholder and the Managing Director of each of Asia Investment Management Limited and Asia Investment Research Limited, both companies are licensed corporations under the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO"). Ms. Kan is a licensed investment adviser under the SFO and a registered officer of Lotus Asset Management Ltd. Ms. Kan is and was also an Independent Non-executive Director of each of Regal Hotels International Holdings Limited, G-Vision International (Holdings) Limited, Sunway International Holdings Limited, Shimao Property Holdings Limited, Shougang Concord International Enterprises Company Limited, Shougang Concord Technology Holdings Limited and Sunac China Holdings Limited (from its listing on 7 October 2010), all of which are companies listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange. She retired from that office of Shougang Concord Technology Holdings Limited on 8 June 2010. She was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director on 23 January 2008 for a 3 year tenure which was extended for a further 3 years from 23 January 2011.

**Mr. Gordon Ng**, aged 46, obtained his Bachelor's degree in Microbiology and Biochemistry and Master's degree in Intellectual Property from University of London. He was qualified as a solicitor in England and Wales in 1993 and Hong Kong in 1994. He has been a partner of an international law firm advising clients on corporate law and corporate finance law since May 2010. Prior to that, he had been a partner of Sidley Austin Brown & Wood, Hong Kong and CMS Cameron Mckenna, Hong Kong and Hogan & Hartson. He was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director on 23 January 2008 for a 3 year tenure which was extended for a further 3 years from 23 January 2011.

### 高級管理人員

李鈾先生,46歲,高級工程師。畢業於華中 工學院,取得電子材料與器件專業工學學士 學位,並在北京理工大學管理工程研究生班 系統學習了經濟、銀行、金融和企業管理課 程,自1986年起至今先後擔任於北京遙測技 術研究所、火箭院政治部、院辦公室、民品 開發部副處長,歷任綜合管理處處長,從事 過專案開發、科技幹部管理、公共關係管 理、研究院民用產業綜合經營管理工作。 2003年起就任火箭院經營投資部副部長,負 責研究院民用產業經營計劃管理、公司管 理、資產重組、經營考核工作,擁有較豐富 的航天民用產業管理經驗。彼於2007年3月 16日獲委任為本公司副總裁(前稱副總經 理),於2010年8月26日獲委任為本公司常務 副總裁。彼亦為本集團若干附屬公司之董 事。

陳偉農先生,54歲,高級工程師。浙江大學 機械製造工藝及設備專業本科畢業。自1980 年起於火箭院北京建華電子儀器廠歷任車間 工藝員、設計員、技術處副處長、測控所副 所長、副廠長:1999年至2003年,彼出任遠 望(集團)總公司副總工程師:自2003年至 2010年先後出任北京萬源工業公司總經理項 目助理及副總經理;彼自2008年6月出任本公 司總工程師;於2010年8月26日獲委任為本 公司副總裁。彼亦為本集團若干附屬公司之 董事。

### SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. Li You, aged 46, senior engineer. Graduated from Huazhong University of Science and Technology with the Bachelor's degree in Electronic Material and Component Specialized Technology, he has studied courses in economics, banking, finance and business management of engineering management research class in Beijing Institute of Technology. Since 1986, he successively served in Beijing Telemetering Technical Research Institute, CALT's Political Division, Administrative Office, Civilian Use Development Department as Deputy Director, Comprehensive Management Director in which he was engaged in the special case development, technical division management, public relation management, and civil assets integrative management work. In 2003, he served as Deputy Chief of Investment Management Department in CALT, responsible for CALT's civil assets planning management, corporate management, capital restructuring, and management appraisal work. Having possessed extensive experience in aerospace civil industry management, he was appointed as a Vice President (formerly known as Deputy General Manager) of the Company on 16 March 2007. He was appointed as Executive Vice President of the Company on 26 August 2010. He is also a Director of a number of subsidiaries of the Group.

**Mr. Chen Wei Nong**, aged 54, senior engineer, graduated from Zhejiang University with a Bachelor's degree in Mechanical Manufacturing Processes and Equipment. Since 1980, he successively served in Beijing Jian Hua Electronic Instrument Factory of CALT as workshop craftsman, designer, Deputy Director of Technology Division, Deputy Chief of Testing and Control Studio and Deputy Factory Manager of the Factory. He served as Deputy Chief Engineer of Yuan Wang Group from 1999 to 2003. From 2003 to 2010, he successively served as General Manager Project Assistant, and Deputy General Manager of Beijing Energine Co. Ltd. He has served as Chief Engineer of the Company since June 2008. He was appointed as a Vice President of the Company on 26 August 2010. He is also a Director of a number of subsidiaries of the Group.

胡緯林先生,46歲,研究員。上海交通大學 動力機械工程系本科學習,並於中國空間技 術研究院飛行器設計碩研學習。1991年起於 北京長征高科技公司歷任設計員、副總工程 師、總工程師及副總經理;2007年出任北京 萬源工業有限公司副總經理兼風電研發中心 主任;2010年2月出任本公司總經理項目助 理、900KW風機研製總指揮;於2010年8月 26日獲委任為本公司副總裁。彼亦為本集團 若干附屬公司之董事。

張為民先生,44歲,研究員。清華大學精密 儀器與機械學專業學習取得學士學位。彼於 1988年7月至2001年10月,於首都航天機械 公司歷任民品設計所設計員、民品設計所副 所長、包裝機械廠副廠長、民品集團總工程 師:於2001年11月至2003年7月在加拿大麥 吉爾大學智能機械研究中心進修取得工程碩 士學位。自2003年7月,彼於北京萬源工業公 司歷任副總師、風電開發部經理;2010年2 月,彼出任本公司總經理項目助理。於2010 年8月26日獲委任為本公司副總裁。彼亦為本 集團若干附屬公司之董事。

**歐陽強先生**,歐陽先生於香港大學取得電子 商貿及互聯網工程理碩士學位、香港城市大 學取得中國法及比較法法律碩士學位及倫敦 大學取得法律榮譽學士學位。彼為香港會計 師公會及英國特許管理會計師學會資深會 員,於香港及中國擁有公司秘書事務、會 計、審計及財務管理廣泛經驗。歐陽先生於 2006年6月1日被委任為本公司之公司秘書及 授權代表。彼亦為本集團內部審計主管。 **Mr. Hu Wei Lin**, aged 46, researcher, graduated from the School of Mechanical Engineering of Shanghai Jiao Tong University with a bachelor degree and from China Academy of Space Technology with a Master degree in Spacecraft Design. Since 1991, he successively served in Beijing LM Hi-Tech Development Corporation as Designer, Deputy Chief Engineer, Chief Engineer and Deputy General Manager. In 2007, he was appointed as Deputy General Manager cum Director of Wind Power Research and Development Centre of Beijing Energine Industry Co. Ltd. He has been appointed as General Manager Project Assistant and the Director of Research on 900KW wind turbine of the Company since February 2010. He was appointed as a Vice President of the Company on 26 August 2010. He is also a Director of a number of subsidiaries of the Group.

**Mr. Zhang Wei Min**, aged 44, researcher, graduated from Department of Precision Instruments and Mechanology, Tsinghua University with a Bachelor's degree. He successively served as Designer, and Deputy Manager in Civilian Product Design House, as Deputy Factory Manager of Packaging Machinery Factory, as Chief Engineer in Civilian Product Group of Capital Aerospace Machinery Company from July 1988 to October 2001. During November 2001 to July 2003, he studied at the Research Centre for Intelligent Machines, McGill University in Canada in obtaining a Master's degree of engineering. From July 2003, he successively served as Deputy General Manager, and the Manager of Wind Power Research and Development Department of Beijing Energine Industry Co. Ltd. He served as General Manager Project Assistant of the Company from February 2010. He was appointed as a Vice President of the Company on 26 August 2010. He is also a Director of a number of subsidiaries of the Group.

**Mr. Au-Yeung Keung, Steve**. Mr. Au-Yeung graduated from The University of Hong Kong with a Master of Science degree in Electronic Commerce and Internet Computing, the City University of Hong Kong with a LLM degree in Chinese and Comparative Law and the University of London with a LLB degree with honours. He is a fellow member of both the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Chartered Institute of Management Accountants. He has extensive experience in company secretarial practice, accounting, auditing and financial management in Hong Kong and PRC. Mr. Au-Yeung was appointed as the Company Secretary and authorized representative of the Group.

### 序言

本公司董事會(「董事會」)欣然提呈本集團截 至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度之企業 管治報告書。

### 企業管治承擔

本公司深明良好企業管治常規及程序之重要 性,確信傑出的董事會、穩健之內部監控、 向全體股東負責乃企業管治原則之核心要 素。本集團竭力確保遵照規則及規例及適用 守則及標準經營業務。

### 企業管治常規

本集團於截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止 年度,遵守於回顧年度內適用本集團之香港 聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則(「上市規 則」)附錄十四所載企業管治常規守則(「守 則」)所列全部原則,除偏離守則第A.4.1條守 則條文外,已遵守守則內有關條文,該條文 規定,非執行董事須獲委任特定任期並可膺 選連任。

本公司全體非執行董事,除獨立非執行董事 之固定服務年期為三年外,均未獲委任特定 任期,但須遵照本公司組織章程退任條文於 本公司之股東周年大會輪值退任及膺選連 任。因此,本公司認為,已採取充分措施確 保本集團的企業管治常規不較守則中所規定 者寬鬆。

### **INTRODUCTION**

The Board of Directors of the Company (the "Board") is pleased to present the Corporate Governance Report of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2010.

### COMMITMENT TO CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company acknowledges the importance of good corporate governance practices and procedures and regards preeminent board of directors, sound internal controls and accountability to all shareholders as the core elements of its corporate governance principles. The Group endeavours to ensure that its businesses are conducted in accordance with rules and regulations, and applicable codes and standards.

### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES**

The Group has complied with all principles as set out in the Code on Corporate Governance Practices in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Code"), which became applicable to the Group in respect of the year under review, and complied with the relevant code provisions in the Code throughout the year ended 31 December 2010, with the exception of one deviation from the Code Provision A.4.1 of the Code which stipulates that Non-executive Directors should be appointed for a specific term subject to re-election.

All of the Non-executive Directors of the Company are not appointed for a specific term, except that Independent Non-executive Directors are of a fixed term of 3 years, but are subject to retirement and rotation and re-election at the Company's Annual General Meeting ("AGM") in accordance with the retirement provisions under the Articles of Association of the Company. The Company considers that sufficient measures have been taken in this regard to ensure that the Group's corporate governance practices are no less exacting than those in the Code.

### 董事會

#### 董事會之職責及董事會與管理層之間的關係

董事會負責管理本集團,其中包括制訂業務 策略、指導及監管本集團事務,審批中期報 告及年報、中期與全年業績之公佈及新聞 稿:商討股息政策,及審批發行、配發或出 售或授出本集團未發行新股之購股權或債 券。

董事會負責對本集團業務的整體管理。

董事會承擔監控本集團所有重要事項的責 任,包括批准及制定所有政策事宜、整體策 略、內部監控及風險管理系統,以及監察高 級管理層的表現。

董事會的角色並非經營業務,經營業務乃管 理層之責任。董事會及管理層充分理解其各 自之職責,均支持建立健全之企業管治文 化。

本集團的日常管理、行政及營運已授權本公 司管理層負責。董事會就管理層的管理權力 以及何種情況下須匯報董事會給予清晰指 引。所有董事均可及時全面查閲所有相關資 料以及獲本公司秘書提供意見及服務,以確 保遵守董事會程序及所有相關規則及規例。 各董事有權在適當的情況下,經向董事會作 出請求後,尋求獨立專業意見以履行其功能 及職責,費用由本集團支付。

各董事均獲提供高級管理層之聯繫資料,以 於需要時可接觸彼等以獲取資料及作出查 詢:及確保董事及時收到充份、完備可靠的 資訊。

### THE BOARD

## Board responsibilities and the relationship between board and management

The Board has the responsibility for management of the Group, which includes formulating business strategies, and directing and supervising the Group's affairs, approving interim reports and annual reports, announcements and press releases of interim and final results, considering dividend policy, and approving the issue, allotment or disposal or grant of options in respect of unissued new shares or debentures of the Group.

The overall management of the Group's business is vested in the Board.

The Board takes responsibility to oversee all major matters of the Group, including the approval and formulation of all policy matters, overall strategies, internal control and risk management systems, and monitoring the performance of the senior management.

The Board's role is not to manage the business whose responsibility remains vested with management. The Board and management fully appreciate their respective roles and are supportive of the development of a healthy corporate governance culture.

The day-to-day management, administration and operation of the Group are delegated to the management. The Board gives clear directions to the management as to their powers of management, and circumstances under which the management should report back. All Directors have full and timely access to all relevant information as well as the advice and services of the Company Secretary, with a view to ensuring that the Board procedures and all applicable rules and regulations are followed. Each Director is entitled to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances in carrying out their functions and duties after making a request to the Board at the Group's expenses.

Each Director is given contact details of the senior management and is accessible to them for obtaining information and making enquiries when required, and to receive adequate information, which must be complete and reliable, in a timely manner.

### 董事會組成

於二零一零年八月二十六日,隨著兩位執行 董事及一位非執行董事獲委任,及兩位非執 行董事辭任,董事會由九位董事組成,成員 包括四位執行董事、兩位非執行董事及三位 獨立非執行董事。非執行董事佔大多數,彼 等擁有豐富之經驗及才能,能夠對策略、表 現及資源等問題作出具價值之判斷。董事之 個人資料載列於本年報第23頁至28頁,當中 載列了各董事之多樣化技能、專業知識、經 驗及資格。

於二零一零年度,董事會一直符合上市規則 第3.10(1)條及3.10(2)條就任命足夠獨立非執 行董事之數目(三位)之規定,其中一位擁有 合適之專業資格、會計及財務管理專業知 識。

任命獨立非執行董事乃遵守載列於上市規則 第3.13條評估獨立性之指引。本集團已收到 各位獨立非執行董事獨立性之書面確認書及 認為彼等均為與管理層並無關係的獨立人 士,其獨立判斷不會受到太大影響。董事會 認為每位非執行董事及獨立非執行董事均向 董事會貢獻其自身之相關專業技能。

董事知悉須付出足夠時間及精神以處理本集 團事務。

各董事之間並不存在任何財務、業務或家屬 關係。

#### **Board composition**

The Board comprised nine directors including four Executive Directors, two Non-executive Directors and three Independent Non-executive Directors in wake of two Executive Directors and one Non-executive Director appointed and two Non-executive directors resigned on 26 August 2010. There was a majority of Non-executive Directors on the Board, with a wide range of experience and calibre bringing valuable judgment on issues of strategy, performance and resources. The biographical details of the Directors are set out on pages 23 to 28 of this Annual Report, which demonstrate a diversity of skills, expertise, experience and qualification.

During the year 2010, the Board at all times met the requirements of the Rules 3.10(1) and 3.10(2) of the Listing Rules in appointment of a sufficient number of three Independent Non-executive Directors, one of whom has appropriate professional qualifications, accounting and financial management expertise.

The appointment of Independent Non-executive Directors adheres to the guidelines for assessing independence set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Group has received in writing confirmation of their independence from each of the Independent Non-executive Director and considers them to be independent of the management and free of any relationship that could materially interfere with the exercise of their independent judgment. The Board considers that each of the Nonexecutive Directors and Independent Non-executive Directors brings his own relevant expertise to the Board.

The Directors are aware that they shall give sufficient time and attention to the affairs of the Group.

The Directors of the Company are unrelated to each other in every aspect, including financial, business or family.

### 董事長及總裁

韓樹旺先生擔任本集團董事長,直至二零一 零年八月二十六日期間,王曉東先生擔任本 集團總裁;期後由臧偉先生擔任本集團總 裁。董事長及總裁之職位互相分開,由不同 個人擔任,以達致權力與授權之均衡,以便 工作責任不集中於任何一個人。董事會董事 長負責領導事宜、本集團之策略方向及董事 會事務,總裁則對本集團之經營及發展負有 整體全面管理之責任。

### 委任、重選及罷免董事

本集團並無設立提名委員會。本公司就董事 之委任及罷免訂有正式、經審慎考慮及具透 明度之程序。董事會全員負責核准委任新董 事及在股東周年大會上提名合適人選應選, 以填補董事空缺或增添董事名額。提名過程 中,董事會的參考準則包括有關行業的成就 及經驗、專業及敎育背景以及其投入的程 度,包括能夠付出的時間及對相關事務的關 注等。

重選董事乃按照本集團組織章程的規定辦 理,除在年度內獲委任的董事外,三分之一 之現任董事須於每年股東周年大會上輪值告 退,且有資格膺選連任。年內獲董事會委任 之董事須留任至隨後之股東周年大會結束, 並有資格於屆時膺選連任。年報及股東周年 大會的通函上載有擬膺選連任之董事的詳細 資料及個人履歷,以便股東對其選舉作出知 情決定。

#### **Chairman and Chief Executive Officer**

Mr. Han Shuwang is the Chairman and Mr. Wang Xiaodong and Mr. Zang Wei was and is the Chief Executive Officer of the Group for the period to 26 August 2010 and the period thereafter respectively. The roles of the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer are segregated and assumed by two separate individuals to strike a balance of power and authority so that the job responsibilities are not concentrated on any one individual. The Chairman of the Board is responsible for the leadership, Group strategic and Board issues, while the Chief Executive Officer has the overall general management responsibilities for Group operations and development in general.

#### Appointment, re-election and removal of Directors

The Group does not have a Nomination Committee. There are formal, considered and transparent procedures for the appointment and removal of Directors. The Board as a whole is responsible for the procedure of agreeing to the appointment of its members and for nominating appropriate person for election by shareholders at the AGM, either to fill a causal vacancy or as an addition to the existing Directors. In the nomination process, the Board of Directors makes reference to criteria including accomplishment and experience in the industry, professional and educational background and commitment in respect of available time and relevant interest.

The process for re-election of a director is in accordance with the Group's Articles of Association, which require that, other than those Directors appointed during the year, one-third of the Directors for the time being are required to retire by rotation at each AGM and are eligible to stand for re-election. For those Directors appointed by the Board during the year, they shall hold office until the next following AGM and shall then be eligible for re-election. The annual report and the circular for AGM contain detailed information on election of Directors including detailed biographies of all Directors standing for re-election.

### 董事會會議

董事會按業務需要,舉行定期及臨時會議。 年內,董事會共舉行九次會議,至少每季度 一次。董事會之組成及董事出席率載列如 下:

#### **Board meetings**

The Board conducts meetings on a regular basis and on ad-hoc basis, as required by business needs. During the year, the Board held a total of nine meetings and at least once quarterly. The composition of the Board and attendance of the Directors are set out below:

		出席次數/
		有權出席次數
		Number of attendance/
		Number of meetings
		entitled to attend
	Executive Directors	
事長)	Mr. Han Shuwang <i>(Chairman)</i>	9/9
董事長)	Mr. Wang Xiaodong (Vice-Chairman)	8/9
)	Mr. Zang Wei (Chief Executive Officer)	
年八月二十六日獲委任)	(appointed on 26 August 2010)	2/2
	Mr. Wang Lijun	
年八月二十六日獲委任)	(appointed on 26 August 2010)	2/2
	Non-executive Directors	
	Mr. Li Guang	9/9
	Mr. Fang Shili	
年八月二十六日獲委任)	(appointed on 26 August 2010)	2/2
	Mr. Wu Jiang	
年八月二十六日辭任)	(resigned on 26 August 2010)	7/7
	Mr. Tang Guohong	
年八月二十六日辭任)	(resigned on 26 August 2010)	5/7
:	Independent Non-executive Directors	
	Mr. Wang Dechen	9/9
	Ms. Kan Lai Kuen, Alice	9/9
	Mr. Gordon Ng	7/9

For a regular Board meeting, notice of at least fourteen days is given to all Directors of the Group, who are given an opportunity to include matters in the agenda for discussion and are properly briefed on issues arising at board meeting. An agenda and accompanying document for discussion are sent to all Directors of the Group at least three days before the intended date of a regular Board meeting. For all other Board meetings, reasonable notices are given.

## 韓樹旺先生(董事 王曉東先生(副章 臧偉先生(總裁) (於二零一零年 王利軍先生 (於二零一零年

#### 非執行董事

執行董事

李光先生 方世力先生 (於二零一零年 吳江先生 (於二零一零年 唐國宏先生 (於二零一零年

### 獨立非執行董事

王德臣先生 簡麗娟女士 吳君棟先生

召開定期董事會會議須向本集團全體董事發 出至少十四日通知,以便彼等有機會將彼等 認為適合之討論事項納入會議議程及於會議 前適當知悉會議所討論的事。會議議程連同 董事會文件會於每次董事會定期會議舉行當 日前至少三天送交本集團全體董事。召開其 他董事會會議亦給予合理通知。

本集團之秘書負責保存董事會及董事委員會 會議記錄,並於本集團董事合理通知情況下 供查閲。另外,董事會及董事委員會會議記 錄須足夠詳細記載董事會及董事委員會所考 慮之事項及所達成之決議,包括董事所提出 之任何疑問或所表達之反對意見。每次董事 會議後之會議記錄草稿及終稿會於董事會 會議召開後合理時間內分發予本集團全體董 事,以供彼等提供意見或存檔。

倘董事會認為一名主要股東或董事於某一事 項中存在利益衝突,而董事會決定該事項為 重大事項,則該事項不會以委員會方式處理 (根據董事會會議通過之決議案就該事項成立 之適當董事委員會除外),而會舉行一次董事 會會議商討有關事項,該董事屆時於會議上 必須放棄投票。本身及其聯繫人於有關交易 中均無重大利益的獨立非執行董事將可出席 該董事會會議。

### 董事委員會

董事會已成立三個委員會,即薪酬委員會、 審核委員會、發展及投資委員會,以監察本 集團事務之特定領域。本集團各董事委員會 均以書面界定職權範圍。董事委員會之職權 範圍刊載於本集團網站及可於股東要求時提 供查閱。

董事委員會獲提供足夠資源,以履行其職 務,並於提出合理要求後在適當情況下,尋 求獨立專業意見,費用由本集團支付。 Minutes of Board meetings and meetings of Board Committees are kept by the secretary of the Group and are open for inspection at any reasonable notice by any Director of the Group. Further, minutes of the Board meetings and meetings of Board Committees recorded in sufficient detail the matters considered by the Board and the Board Committees and decisions reached, including any concerns raised by Directors or dissenting views expressed. Draft and final versions of minutes of Board meetings are sent to all Directors of the Group for their comment and records respectively, in both cases within a reasonable time after the Board meeting is held.

If a substantial shareholder or a Director has a conflict of interest in a matter to be considered by the Board which the Board has determined to be material, the matter shall not be dealt with by a Committee (except an appropriate Board Committee set up of that purpose pursuant to a resolution passed in a Board meeting) but a Board meeting shall be held, during which such Director must abstain from voting. Independent Non-executive Directors who, and whose associates, have no material interest in the transaction shall be present at such Board meeting.

### **Board Committees**

The Board has established three committees, namely, the Remuneration Committee, the Audit Committee and the Development and Investment Committee, for overseeing particular aspects of the Group's affairs. All Board Committees of the Group are established with defined written terms of reference. The terms of reference of the Board Committees are posted on the Group's website and are available to shareholders upon request.

The Board Committees are provided with sufficient resources to discharge their duties, and upon reasonable request, are able to seek independent professional advice under appropriate circumstances at the Group's expenses.

#### (A) 薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會由一位非執行董事及兩位獨 立非執行董事組成。薪酬委員會主要負 責就本集團董事及高級管理人員之薪酬 政策及架構,及就制訂有關薪酬政策及 架構建立正式及具透明度之程序,向董 事會提供推薦建議。

本集團薪酬政策之主要原則為:

- 概無董事或其聯繫人士參與釐定其 本身之薪酬;
- 每年應至少一次就董事及高級管理 人員之具體薪酬福利,包括實物福 利、退休金權利及賠償金額(包括離 職或終止委任之應付賠償)及非執行 董事之薪酬向董事會提供建議。薪 酬委員會應考慮多項因素,例如同 類公司所支付之薪酬、董事付出之 時間及職責、本集團其他部門之僱 用條件,以及應否推行以表現為本 而釐定之薪酬;及
- 根據董事會不時通過之公司目標, 檢討及推薦以表現為本之薪酬。

年內,薪酬委員會已檢討及商討董事及 高級管理人員之薪酬。委員會亦已根據 彼等各自職責水平及表現、行業標準、 現行市況及本集團之財務表現,批准董 事及高級管理人員之薪酬及酌情花紅。 董事之袍金及任何其他於本年度應付董 事之薪酬於本集團之財務報表內披露。

#### (A) Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee consists of one Non-executive Director and two Independent Non-executive Directors. The Remuneration Committee is responsible for making recommendations to the Board on the Group's policy and structure for all remuneration of Directors and senior management and on the establishment of formal and transparent procedures for developing policies on such remuneration.

The main principles of the Group's remuneration policies are:

- No Directors or any of his associates is involved in deciding his own remuneration;
- 2. Recommendations will be made to the Board at least one time per year of the specific remuneration packages of all Executive Directors and senior management, including benefits in kind, pension rights and compensation payments which include any compensation payable for loss or termination of their office or appointment, and the remuneration of Non-executive Directors. The Remuneration Committee should consider factors such as salaries paid by comparable companies, time commitment and responsibilities of the Directors, employment conditions elsewhere in the Group and desirability of performance-based remuneration; and
- 3. Review and recommend performance-based remuneration by reference to corporate goals and objectives resolved by the Board from time to time.

During the year, the Remuneration Committee has reviewed and discussed the remuneration of the Directors and senior management. The Committee has also approved the remuneration and the discretionary bonuses of the Executive Directors by reference to their respective levels of responsibilities and performance, industry benchmarks, prevailing marketing conditions and the Group's financial performance. The Director's fees and any other reimbursement or emolument payable to the Directors during the year are disclosed in the Group's financial statements.

於二零一零年,就商討薪酬政策已召開 了一次委員會會議及每位委員會成員之 出席情況載列如下: One committee meeting was convened for discussing the remuneration policy in the year 2010 and the attendances of each committee member at the meeting are set out as follows:

出席次數/ 有權出席次數 Number of attendance/ Number of meetings entitled to attend

### 非執行董事

李光先生(主席)
 (於二零一零年八月二十六日獲委任)
 唐國宏先生(主席)
 (於二零一零年八月二十六日辭任)

### 獨立非執行董事

簡麗娟女士 吳君棟先生

\* 通過其授權代表李光先生

#### (B) 審核委員會

二零一零年,本公司審核委員會由三名 獨立非執行董事加一名非執行董事組 成。審核委員會之權力與職責之書面職 權範圍乃參照香港會計師公會頒布之「審 核委員會有效運作指引」及守則而編製及 採納。審核委員會乃負責任命外聘核數 師、檢討本集團之財務資料及監察本集 團之財務及會計行為、內部監控及風險 管理。其亦負責審閱本集團之中期及末 期業績。

審核委員會已審閱截至二零一零年十二 月三十一日止年度之經審核財務報表。

### **Non-executive Director**

Mr. Li Guang (Chairman)	
(appointed on 26 August 2010)	0/0
Mr. Tang Guohong (Chairman)	
(resigned on 26 August 2010)	*/
Independent Non-executive Directors	

## Ms. Kan Lai Kuen, Alice 1/1 Mr. Gordon Ng 1/1

through his authorized representative, Mr. Li Guang

#### (B) Audit Committee

During the year 2010, the Audit Committee consisted of three Independent Non-executive Directors plus a Non-executive Director. The written terms of reference which describe the authority and duties of the Audit Committee were prepared and adopted with reference to "A Guide for Effective Audit Committee" published by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and in accordance with the Code. The Audit Committee is responsible for the appointment of external auditor, review of the Group's financial information and oversight of the Group's financial and accounting practices, internal control and risk management. It is also responsible for reviewing the interim and final results of the Group.

The audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010 have been reviewed by the Audit Committee.

於截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年 度內已召開兩次委員會會議及每位委員 會成員之出席情況載列如下: Two committee meetings were convened during the year ended 31 December 2010 and the attendances of each committee member at these meetings are set out as follows:

出席次數/ 有權出席次數 Number of attendance/ Number of meetings entitled to attend

1/2

#### 非執行董事

方世力先生 (於二零一零年八月二十六日獲委任) 吳江先生 (於二零一零年八月二十六日辭任)

### 獨立非執行董事

簡麗娟(主席) 王德臣先生 吳君棟先生

審核委員會已審閲外聘核數師合同之條 款、經修訂會計準則、二零一零年中期 財政報告及二零一零年年度財務報表。 審核委員會亦已審閲內部監控系統、及 於審核開始之前會見外聘核數師並與彼 等談論審核及申報義務之本質及範圍。

### (C) 發展及投資委員會

於二零一零年八月二十六日,隨著兩位 執行董事獲委任及一位非執行董事辭 任,發展及投資委員會委員包括四位執 行董事及一位獨立非執行董事。發展及 投資委員會負責審閲內部監控系統之效 益,涵蓋所有主要監控,包括財政及運 營監控與風險管理職能。

#### **Non-executive Director**

Mr. Gordon Ng

Mr. Fang Shili	
(appointed on 26 August 2010)	0/0
Mr.Wu Jiang	
(resigned on 26 August 2010)	2/2
Independent Non-executive Directors	
Ms. Kan Lai Kuen, Alice <i>(Chairman)</i>	2/2
Mr. Wang Dechen	2/2

The Audit Committee has reviewed the terms of engagement of the external auditor, the revised accounting standards, the 2010 interim financial report and the 2010 annual financial statements. The Audit Committee also reviewed the internal control systems, and met with the external auditor to discuss with them the nature and scope of the audit and reporting obligation prior to the commencement of the audit.

#### (C) Development and Investment Committee

The Development and Investment Committee consists of four Executive Directors and one Independent Non-executive Director during the year in wake of the appointments of two Executive Directors and the resignation of one Non-executive Director and the appointments of two Executive Directors on 26 August 2010. The Development and Investment Committee is responsible for the review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control covering all material controls, including financial and operational controls and risk management functions.

董事會已考慮更佳資源分配,並指示審 核委員會討論本公司內部監控系統之效 益。因此,本集團認為已作充份審閲, 確保本集團內部監控有條不紊,故此, 二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度內並 無召開發展及投資委員會會議。

發展及投資委員會之組成載列於本年報 第2頁之公司資料。

### 內部監控

董事會整體負責內部監控及制定合適之政 策。董事會通過審核委員會,已審閱本集團 內部監控系統之效益。

本集團內部監控系統包括界定清晰且限定權 力之管理結構,設計宗旨為完成商業目標, 保障資產免受擅用或擅自處置,確保適當紀 錄及存檔,為內部用途或公開發佈提供可靠 之財務資料,並確保遵照相關法例法規。

本集團設有內部審計團隊直接向審核委員會 匯報。年度之審計計劃已於審核委員會會議 上批准。該團隊負責就各業務進行獨立審 核、匯報所有重大監控及風險管理事宜,以 及監察解決方案的進度。

內部審計團隊採納以風險為本之審計方法, 以檢討及評估本集團之內部監控系統之完整 性及有效程度。該審計方法乃依據經香港會 計師公會推薦之Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission 所刊發之《內部監控 - 綜合架構》(Internal Control - Integrated Framework)而制定。

內部審計團隊採納下列之五個綜合架構元 素,以進行審閱及評估集團的內部監控: The Board has considered the better allocation of resources and has instructed the Audit Committee to discuss the effectiveness of the system of internal control of the Company. As such, the Group considers that sufficient review to ensure that the Group's internal control is in order has been taken and no Development and Investment Committee meeting was convened during the year ended 31 December 2010.

The composition of the Development and Investment Committee is set out in the corporate information on page 2 of this annual report.

### **Internal Control**

The Directors have the overall responsibility for internal control and setting appropriate policies. The Board, through the Audit Committee, has reviewed the effectiveness of the Group's system of internal control.

The Group's internal control system includes a well defined management structure with limits of authority which is designed for the achievement of business objectives, so as to safeguard assets against unauthorized use or disposition, to ensure proper maintenances of books and records for the provision of reliable financial information for internal use or publication, and to ensure compliance with relevant legislation and regulations.

The Group has an Internal Audit Team which reports directly to the Audit Committee. The annual audit plan is approved in the Audit Committee meeting. The Team conducts independent reviews of the group business operations; reports significant internal control and risk management issues; and monitors the resolution status.

The Internal Audit Team reviews and assesses the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's system of internal control by adopting a riskbased audit approach developed based on the Internal Control – Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission as recommended by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

The Internal Audit Team adopts the following five components of the integrated framework to conduct the review assessment:

#### (1) 監控環境

監控環境元素訂出本集團的監控基調, 影響本集團員工對內部監控的意識。監 控環境是綜合架構內其他元素的根基, 其提供了監控紀律及組織架構。監控環 境之元素包括人員的誠信價值、其勝任 能力及董事會提供的監控指示。

#### (2) 風險評估

風險評估元素包括識辨及分析影響營運 流程的風險(包括與經濟、行業、監管及 營運環境有關的風險),該評估乃釐定應 如何降低及管理這些風險的依據。

#### (3) 監控活動

監控活動元素包括一些政策及程序,以 確保管理層的指示得以執行,及處理營 運流程的風險。

#### (4) 資訊及溝通

資訊及溝通元素包括用有效程序及系統 以識別、蒐集及匯報營運、財務及法規 遵守的相關資訊,並以適當的方式及恰 當的時間範圍內溝通,確保員工能履行 職責。

### (5) 監察

監察元素為持續評估內部監控系統是否 完備及有效的程序。監察活動可透過持 續監控、個別評估或結合兩者而進行。 內部監控不善之處應向高級管理層、審 核委員會或董事會匯報。

董事會已通過審核委員會進行本年度檢討涵 蓋所有重要的監控方面,包括財務監控、運 作監控及合規監控以及風險管理功能。

#### (1) Control Environment

Control environment sets the tone of organization, influencing control consciousness of its people. Control environment is the foundation for other components of the internal control, providing discipline and structure. Factors of control environment include ethical values, competence of personnel and direction provided by the Board.

#### (2) Risk Assessment

Risk assessment involves the identification and analysis of relevant risks to the achievement of the objectives, including risks relating to the changing economic, industry, regulatory and operating conditions, as a basis for determining how such risks should be mitigated and managed.

#### (3) Control Activities

Control activities are the policies and procedures that help ensure management directives are carried out and actions are taken to address risks affecting achievement of objectives.

#### (4) Information and Communication

Information and communication comprises effective processes and systems to identify, capture and communicate operational, financial and compliance-related information in a form and timeframe that enable the staff to carry out their responsibilities.

#### (5) Monitoring

Monitoring is a process that assesses the adequacy and quality of the internal control system's performance over time. This is accomplished through ongoing monitoring activities, separate evaluation or a combination of two. Deficiencies in internal controls should be reported to senior management, the Audit Committee, or the Board.

The Board, through the Audit Committee, have conducted an annual review covering all material controls, including financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management functions.

董事會亦認為本集團具備充裕資源、具學歷 及經驗之員工以監察本集團會計及財務匯報 之職能。本公司確保董事會將定期檢討該等 事宜,且於必要時為員工提供培訓,以確保 彼等擁有足夠的知識及經驗履行職務。

### 董事進行證券交易之標準守則

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度內, 本集團已採納上市規則附錄十所載上市發行 人董事進行證券交易之標準守則(「標準守 則」),作為董事買賣本集團證券之守則。全 體董事於本公司作出具體查詢後,確認彼等 年內一直遵守標準守則。

## 董事就財務申報之責任

董事確認彼等負責編製本集團之財務報表, 及確保本集團截至二零一零年十二月三十一 日止年度之財務報表已遵照香港會計師公會 發出之香港財務報告準則和香港會計標準及 詮釋、香港公認會計原則及香港公司條例之 披露規定編製。

本集團之外聘核數師德勤•關黃陳方會計師 行有關其對本集團之綜合財務報表之申報責 任聲明載於本年報第56頁至第58頁之獨立核 數師報告內。 The Board also considered that there are adequate resources, qualifications and experience of staff in the Group to monitor the Group's accounting and financial reporting functions. The Company will ensure such matters are under review by the Board periodically and training programmes will be provided to the staff whenever necessary to ensure their knowledge and experience are adequate to discharge their duties.

## MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

During the year ended 31 December 2010, the Group has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as the code for dealing in securities of the Group by the Directors. Having made specific enquiry, all the Directors confirmed that they have complied with the Model Code throughout the year.

## DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING

The Directors acknowledge their responsibilities for the preparation of the financial statements of the Group and ensure that the financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2010 have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and Hong Kong Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

The statement of external auditor of the Group, Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu, about their reporting responsibilities on the consolidated financial statements of the Group is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on pages 56 to 58 of this annual report.

## 核數師酬金

德勤•關黃陳方會計師行(「德勤」)於本集團 上屆股東周年大會獲委聘為本集團之外聘核 數師。截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年 度確認德勤之酬金載列如下:

### AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu ("DTT") was appointed as the external auditor of the Group by the shareholders at the last AGM of the Group. The remuneration to DTT recognised for the year ended 31 December 2010 was set out as follows:

有關所提供服務之費用

Fees relating to services rendered

		千港元
		НК\$'000
審計服務	Audit services	2,900
非審計服務	Non-audit services	830
		3,730

## 與股東之溝通

與股東溝通之目的在於為本集團之股東提供 有關本集團之詳細資料,以便彼等能夠以知 情方式行使作為股東之權利。

本集團透過多個正式途徑,確保對其表現及 業務作出公平的披露和全面而具透明度的報 告。該等途徑包括中期報告、年報、公布及 通函。

本集團鼓勵其股東出席股東周年大會,以確 保有高度的問責性,及讓股東瞭解本集團的 策略及目標。董事會董事長及所有董事委員 會之主席(或如彼等未能出席,則各委員會之 其他成員)將於股東周年大會上回答任何提 問。董事長會就每項在股東周年大會上審議 之嚴東周年大會不少於二十個營業日(而就其 他股東大會而言,則不少於十個營業日)前, 向全體股東發出股東周年大會通函,詳列各 項擬提呈決議案、投票表決程序及其他相關 資料。

### **COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS**

The objective of shareholder communication is to provide the Group's shareholders with detailed information on the Group so that they can exercise their rights as shareholders in an informed manner.

The Group uses several formal channels to ensure fair disclosure and comprehensive and transparent reporting of its performance and activities. These include interim and annual reports, announcements and circulars.

The Group encourages its shareholders to attend AGM to ensure a high level of accountability and to keep informed of the Group's strategy and goals. The Chairman of the Board and the chairman of all the Board Committees, or in their absence, other members of the respective committees, are available to answer any questions from the shareholders. A separate resolution is proposed by the Chairman in respect of each issue to be considered at the AGM, including the re-election of Directors. An AGM circular was distributed to all shareholders at least 20 clear business days prior to the AGM (at least 10 clear business days in the case of all other general meetings), setting out details of each proposing resolution, poll voting procedures and other relevant information.

根據上市規則,本公司舉行任何股東大會 時,會以點票方式進行表決,董事長在股東 大會開始前解釋以投票方式進表決的詳細程 序,然後回答股東有關以投票方式表決的任 何提問。投票表決之結果則會於股東大會後 之營業日在本集團網站及聯交所網站內刊 登。

本集團已設立網站(網址為http: // www.energine.hk),以作為增進有效溝通之 渠道,而本集團之公布、業務發展及營運、 財務資料、企業管治及其他資料均於該網站 內刊登。 Pursuant to the Listing Rules, all general meetings of the Company are to be conducted by poll: the Chairman will at the commencement of the meeting ensure that an explanation of the detailed procedures for conducting a poll is provided and then answer any questions from shareholders regarding voting by way of a poll. The poll results will be posted on the websites of the Group and the Stock Exchange on the business day of the shareholders' meeting thereafter.

As a channel to further effective communication, the Group maintains a website at http://www.energine.hk where the Group's announcements, business developments and operations, financial information, corporate governance practices and other information are posted.

董事會同寅現謹將截至二零一零年十二月三 十一日止年度之年報及經審核財務報表呈 覽。

### 主要業務

本公司之主要業務為投資控股,而主要附屬 及聯營公司之業務刊載於綜合財務報告附註 40。

### 業績

本集團截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止之 年度之業績刊載於第59頁至60頁之綜合全面 收益表內。

董事並不建議派發任何股息。

### 物業、廠房及設備

本年內本集團及本公司物業、廠房及設備之 變動情況刊載於綜合財務報告附註16。

### 股本

本公司之股本於年內之變動刊載於綜合財務 報表附註31。

### 購買、出售或贖回股份

本年度本公司及其任何附屬公司概無購買、 出售或購回任何本公司已發行股份。

## 優先購買權

按本公司公司組織章程或開曼群島法例之規 定(此規定本公司須按比例向現股東要約新 股),並無任何優先購買權。 The Directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010.

### **PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES**

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding and the activities of its principal subsidiaries and associates are set out in note 40 to the consolidated financial statements.

### RESULTS

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2010 are set out in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income on pages 59 and 60.

The Directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend.

### **PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT**

Movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year are set out in note 16 to the consolidated financial statements.

### **SHARE CAPITAL**

Movements in the share capital of the Company during the year are set out in note 31 to the consolidated financial statements.

### PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF SHARES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the year.

### **PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS**

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Articles of Association or the laws in the Cayman Islands, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

### 購股權計劃

於二零一零年本公司並無採納購股權計劃。

## 本公司之可供分派儲備

於二零一零年十二月三十一日,本公司可供 分派予股東之儲備為1,934,082,000港元(二 零零九年:1,903,472,000港元)。

## 董事會

本年內及截至本報告日期止之董事如下:

### 執行董事

韓樹旺先生(董事長) 王曉東先生(副董事長) 臧偉先生(總裁) (於二零一零年八月二十六日獲委任) 王利軍先生 (於二零一零年八月二十六日獲委任)

### 非執行董事

李光先生
 方世力先生

 (於二零一零年八月二十六日獲委任)

 吴江先生
 (於二零一零年八月二十六日辭任)

 唐國宏先生

 (於二零一零年八月二十六日辭任)

### 獨立非執行董事

王德臣先生 簡麗娟女士 吳君棟先生

### **SHARE OPTION SCHEME**

During 2010, the Company has no share option scheme adopted in place.

## DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES OF THE COMPANY

The Company's reserves available for distribution to shareholders as at 31 December 2010 were HK\$1,934,082,000 (2009: HK\$1,903,472,000).

## DIRECTORS

The Directors during the year and up to the date of this report are:

### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Han Shuwang (Chairman)
Mr. Wang Xiaodong (Vice-Chairman)
Mr. Zang Wei (Chief Executive Officer) (appointed on 26 August 2010)
Mr. Wang Lijun (appointed on 26 August 2010)

### **Non-executive Directors**

Mr. Li Guang Mr. Fang Shili (appointed on 26 August 2010) Mr. Wu Jiang (resigned on 26 August 2010) Mr. Tang Guohong (resigned on 26 August 2010)

### Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Wang Dechen Ms. Kan Lai Kuen, Alice Mr. Gordon Ng

每位非執行董事之任期為自其獲選任日期至 其依照本公司組織章程輪席告退止;各位獨 立非執行董事之固定服務年期為三年,惟須 按公司組織章程告退,並膺選連任。

根據本公司組織章程第99及116條款規定,臧 偉先生、王利軍先生、方世力先生(因期 滿)、李光先生及王德臣先生(因輪值告退), 須於即將舉行之股東周年大會後告退,惟符 合資格並願膺選連任。

## 董事服務合約

擬於即將舉行之股東周年大會上膺選連任之 董事概無與本公司或任何附屬公司簽訂任何 不可由聘任公司於一年內終止而免付補償(法 定補償除外)之服務合約。

## 董事於合約中之利益

於年終時或本年度內任何時間,本公司、其 任何附屬公司、控股公司或同系附屬公司均 無參與任何與本公司董事直接或間接有重大 利益關係之重要合約。 The tenures of offices of the Non-executive Directors are from the date they were last elected to the date of their retirement by rotation in accordance with the Company's Articles of Association; those of the Independent Non-executive Directors are of a fixed term of 3 years but subject to retirement and re-election under the Company's Articles of Association.

Mr. Zang Wei, Mr. Wang Lijun and Mr. Fang Shili by virtue of expiry, Mr. Li Guang and Mr. Wang Dechen by rotation, shall retire at the close of the forthcoming annual general meeting in accordance with the respective Article 99 and 116 of the Company's Articles of Association and, being eligible, offers themselves for re-election.

### DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

None of the Directors proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract with the Company or any of its subsidiaries, which is not determinable by the employing company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

### **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS**

No contracts of significance to which the Company, or any of its subsidiaries, its holding companies or its fellow subsidiaries was party and in which a Director of the Company had a material interest, either directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

## 董事及最高行政人員於股份相 關股份及債權證之權益及淡倉

於二零一零年十二月三十一日,本公司董事 及最高行政人員或彼等各自之聯繫人概無於 本公司及其相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例 (「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部)之股份、相關股 份及債權證中擁有依據證券及期貨條例第XV 部第7及8分部須知會本公司及香港聯合交易 所有限公司(「聯交所」)(包括根據證券及期貨 條例有關條文其被當作或視為擁有之權益及 淡倉);或記錄於依據證券及期貨條例第352 條須設存的登記冊之權益或淡倉;或依據聯 交所證券上市規則(「上市規則」)上市公司董 事進行證券交易的標準守則須知會本公司或 聯交所之權益或淡倉。

## 董事購買股份或債權證之權利

期間,本公司、其附屬公司或其任何相聯法 團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)概無訂立 任何安排,以使本公司董事或其聯繫人(定義 見「上市規則」)可透過收購本公司或任何其他 法人團體之股份或債權證而獲取利益。

## DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at 31 December 2010, none of the Directors and chief executives of the Company or their respective associates had any interest or short positions in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Future Ordinance (the "SFO")) which are required to be notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which they are taken or deemed to have under such provisions of SFO), or to be recorded in the register required to be notified to the Company or the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transaction by Directors of Listed Companies in the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules").

## DIRECTOR'S RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

At no time during the period was the Company, its subsidiaries or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors of the Company or their associates (as defined in the "Listing Rules") to acquire benefits by means of acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

## 主要股東

於二零一零年十二月三十一日, 據董事所 知,以下人士/實體於本公司股份及相關股 份中擁有權益或淡倉,而根據證券及期貨條 例第XV部第2及3分部之條文規定須向本公司 及聯交所披露,或直接或間接擁有附帶權利 可在任何情況下於本集團任何其他成員公司 股東大會上投票之任何類別股本面值10%或 以上之權益,而該等人士各自於該等證券之 權益或有關該等股本之任何期權數額如下:

### SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

As at 31 December 2010, so far as is known to the Directors, the persons/entities had an interest or short position in the shares and underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company and the Stock Exchange under provisions of Division 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or, who was, directly or indirectly, interested in 10% or more of the nominal value of any class of share capital carrying rights to vote in all circumstances at general meetings of any other member of the Group and the amount of each of such person's interest in such securities or in any options in respect of such capital were as follows:

名稱 Name	身份 Capacity	股份數目 Number of shares (附註1) (Note I)	股權百分比 Percentage of shareholding
中國航天科技集團公司(「中航總」) CASC	擁有受控制公司權益 (附註2) Interest of a controlled corporation (Note 2)	2,649,244,000 (L)	66.75%
中國運載火箭技術研究院(「火箭院」) CALT	擁有受控制公司權益 (附註3) Interest of a controlled corporation <i>(Note 3)</i>	2,649,244,000 (L)	66.75%
Astrotech Group Limited([Astrotech])	賓益擁有人 Beneficial owner	2,649,244,000 (L)	66.75%
附註:	Note:		
1. 「L」指股東於股份之長倉。	I. The letter "L" denotes the sł	nareholder's long position ir	n the shares.
<ol> <li>中航總被視為擁有2,649,244,000股股份之有 益,因其持有火箭院100%權益。</li> </ol>	權 2. CASC is deemed to be inte of the equity of CALT.	rested in 2,649,244,000 sha	ares as it holds 100%
<ol> <li>Astrotech乃火箭院之全資附屬公司。因此 火箭院被視為擁有Astrotech所持全部股份; 權益。</li> </ol>		,	0,

除本文所披露者外,按本公司根據證券及期 貨條例第336條而設存之權益登記冊所示及據 董事所知,於二零一零年十二月三十一日, 概無人士/實體於本公司股份及相關股份中 擁有權益或淡倉,而根據證券及期貨條例第 XV部第2及3分部之條文規定須向本公司及聯 交所披露,或直接或間接擁有附帶權利可在 任何情況下於本集團任何其他成員公司股東 大會上投票之任何類別股本面值10%或以上 之權益,而於有關該等股本之任何期權。

## 關連交易及持續關連交易

於本年度,本集團訂立下列關連交易及持續 關連交易,須根據上市規則第14A章作出披 露:

#### (I) 持續關連交易

#### (A) 購買風機葉片作風機總裝

於二零零九年十二月二十九日,本 公司兩家附屬公司內蒙古航天萬源 風電設備製造有限公司(「內蒙風 製」)與內蒙古航天萬源複合材料有 限公司(「內蒙複材」)訂立框架協 議,據此,內蒙複材須於截至二零 一一年十二月三十一日止三個財政 年度按照框架協議之條款不時向內 蒙風製供應900KW及2MW風機之風 機葉片(「框架協議」)。 Save as disclosed herein, according to the register of interests kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO and so far as was known to the Directors, there is no other person/entity who, as at 31 December 2010, had any interest or short position in the shares of underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO or who was, directly or indirectly, interested in 10% or more of the nominal value of any class of share capital carrying rights to vote in all circumstances at general meetings of any member of the Group in any options in respect of such capital.

## CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS AND CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

During the year, the Group has entered into the following connected transactions and continuing connected transactions which are required to be disclosed in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules:

#### (I) Continuing Connected Transactions

### (A) Purchase of Wind Turbine Blades for Turbine Assembling

It was announced on 29 December 2009 that two subsidiaries of the Company, Inner Mongolia CASC Energine Wind Turbine Manufacture Co. Ltd. ("IM Turbine Manufacture") and Inner Mongolia CASC Energine Composite Material Co. Ltd. ("IM Composite Material") entered into a Framework Agreement whereby IM Composite Material is to supply wind turbine blades as to 900KW and 2MW to IM Turbine Manufacture from time to time in accordance with the terms of the Framework Agreement for the three financial years ending 31 December 2011 ("Framework Agreement").

由於內蒙複材其中一名股東航天材 料及工藝研究所(持股41.03%)為本 公司主要控股股東火箭院之附屬公 司,內蒙複材因是火箭院附屬公司 持有上述超過10%股權的非全資附 屬公司,而為本公司之關連人士。 根據上市規則第14A章,框架協議項 下內蒙複材供應風機葉片構成持續 關連交易。

根據框架協議,截至二零一一年十 二月三十一日止三年內,內蒙風製 按照框架協議應付之採購費上限金 額分別為人民幣41,160,000元、人 民幣86,420,000元及人民幣 176,780,000元。於二零一零年內蒙 風製已確認及應付之採購金額為人 民幣44,677,000元。該金額並無超 出年度上限人民幣86,420,000元。

### (B) 租賃物業

此外,於二零零九年十二月二十九 日宣布,本公司之全資附屬公司內 蒙古航天萬源新能源開發有限公司 (「內蒙新能源」))與內蒙複材訂立前 文物業租賃協議,據此,內蒙新能 源向內戰相賃協議,亦內蒙古範 和縣與作生產風就大路1號之物 業設施,租期自二零一月 一日至二零一一年十二月三十一日 為期兩年,每年租金及管理費合共 人民幣8,761,000元。

如上文所述,由於內蒙複材為關連 人士,故向其租賃物業根據上市規 則第14A章構成持續關連交易。

內蒙新能源根據協議收取之租金總額於二零一零年合共為人民幣 6,379,000元,較最高金額人民幣 8,761,000元為少。 Since one of the shareholders of IM Composite Material as to 41.03% shareholding is Aerospace Research Institute of Materials & Processing Technology, which is a subsidiary of the Company major controlling shareholder of CALT, IM Composite Material is a connected person of the Company by virtue of being a non wholly-owned subsidiary with the said more than 10% shareholding. The supplies of wind turbine blades by IM Composite Material under the Framework Agreement constituted continuing connected transactions under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

Pursuant to the Framework Agreement, the maximum purchase costs payable by IM Turbine Manufacture under the Framework Agreement for the three years ending 31 December 2011 amount to RMB41,160,000, RMB86,420,000 and RMB176,780,000 respectively. The total purchase costs recognized and payable by IM Turbine Manufacture pursuant to purchase agreements under the Framework Agreement amounted to RMB44,677,000 for the year 2010 which was within the annual cap of RMB86,420,000.

### (B) Leasing of Property

It was also announced on 29 December 2009 that Inner Mongolia Energine New Energy Development Co. Ltd. ("IM New Energy"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a property leasing agreement with IM Composite Material whereby IM New Energy was to lease its premises of No.I Aerospace Road, Xing Wang Jiao Industrial Park, Xinghe County, Inner Mongolia to IM Turbine Manufacture as industrial plant, office, warehouse and associated facilities for manufacture of turbine blades and other composite materials for a 2 year term from I January 2010 to 31 December 2011 at an annual rental and management fee of RMB8,761,000 in total.

Since IM Composite Material is a connected person as aforesaid, the leasing of property to them constituted continuing connected transactions under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

The total lease amount received by IM New Energy pursuant thereto for the year 2010 amounted to RMB 6,379,000 in total which was less than the maximum amount of RMB8,761,000.

#### (C) 供應風機、風機葉片及相關服務

於二零一零年十一月十一日宣布, 本公司四間附屬公司內蒙風製、內 蒙複材、無錫航天萬源新大力電機 有限公司與北京萬源工業有限公司 與上海翰力機床有限公司(「上海翰 力」)訂立框架協議,據此,內蒙 氣源將於截至二零一一年十二月三 十一日止兩個財政年度按照框架協 議之條款向上海翰力供應應1.5MW 及2MW風機、風機葉片及附帶之相 關服務。

由於上海翰力為本公司主要控股股 東火箭院之全資附屬公司,故上海 翰力為本公司之關連人士,而如上 文所述,由於內蒙複材為關連人 士,故根據上市規則第14A章,框架 協議項下向上海翰力供應風機、風 機葉片及相關服務構成持續關連交 易。

根據框架協議,於截至二零一一年 十二月三十一日止兩個年度,上海 翰力根據框架協議應付之最高購買 及費用總額分別為人民幣 28,500,000元及人民幣20,000,000 元。附屬公司根據框架協議項下之 供應協議及服務協議確認及應收的 銷售及費用總額於二零一零年年度 為人民幣18,260,000元,在年度上 限人民幣28,500,000元之範圍內。

#### (D) 持續關連交易年度審閲

於截至二零一零年十二月三十一日 止年度,本公司已委聘本公司核數 師就上述三項交易(a)至(c)(「披露之 持續關連交易」)進行審閱。核數師 已事實查明結果向本公司董事會 (「董事會」)匯報。

### (C) Supply of Wind Turbines, Wind Turbine Blades and Associated Services

It was announced on 11 November 2010 that IM Turbine Manufacture, IM Composite Material, Wuxi CASC Energine Xindali Electricity Co. Ltd. and Beijing Energine Industry Co. Ltd., 4 subsidiaries of the Company entered into a Framework Agreement with Shanghai Hanli Machine Tool Co. Ltd. ("Shanghai Hanli") whereby the 4 subsidiaries were to supply wind turbines as to 1.5MW and 2MW, wind turbine blades and the associated services incidental thereto to Shanghai Hanli in accordance with the terms of the Framework Agreement for the 2 financial years ending 31 December 2011.

Since Shanghai Hanli is a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company's major controlling shareholder of CALT, Shanghai Hanli is a connected person of the Company and IM Composite Material is a connected person as aforesaid, the supplies of wind turbines, wind turbine blades and associated services to Shanghai Hanli under the Framework Agreement constituted continuing connected transactions under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

Pursuant to the Framework Agreement, the maximum purchase costs and fees payable by Shanghai Hanli under the Framework Agreement for the two years ending 31 December 2011 amount to RMB28,500,000 and RMB20,000,000 respectively. The total sales and fees for associated services recognized and receivable by the subsidiaries pursuant to supply agreements and service agreement under the Framework Agreement amounted to RMB18,260,000 for the year 2010 which was within the annual cap of RMB28,500,000.

### (D) Annual Review of the Continuing Connected Transactions

The Company has engaged the auditor of the Company to conduct a review of the above 3 transactions (a) to (c) ("Disclosed Continuing Connected Transactions") for the year ended 31 December 2010. The auditor has reported their factual findings to the board of directors (the "Board") of the Company.

於截至二零一零年十二月三十一日 止年度,本公司獨立非執行董事已 審閲該披露之持續關連交易,並確 認披露之持續關連交易:

- (1) 在本公司一般及日常業務過程中進行;
- (2) 按一般商業條款進行,或按條款不遜於本公司向獨立第三方提供或自獨立第三方獲得之條款進行;及
- (3) 按照規管交易之相關協議進 行,而該等條款屬公平合理且 符合本公司股東之整體利益。

此外,本集團核數師已向董事會書 面確認,截至二零一零年十二月三 十一日止年度之披露之持續關連交 易:

- (1) 吾等並無注意到任何事項令吾 等相信該等已披露之持續關連 交易未獲本公司董事會批准。
- (2) 就本集團提供貨品或服務所涉及的交易,吾等並無注意到任何事項令吾等相信該等交易在所有重大方面未有按照本公司之定價政策進行。
- (3) 吾等並無注意到任何事項令吾 等相信該等交易在所有重大方 面未有按照規管該等交易之相 關協議進行。
- (4) 就上述所載各項持續關連交易的總金額而言,吾等並無注意 到任何事項令吾等相信該等持 續關連交易之金額超出載於本 公司日期為二零零九年十二月 二十九日及二零一零年十一月 十一日的公佈中就各項已披露 之持續關連交易的年度上限總 額。

The Independent Non-executive Directors of the Company have reviewed the Disclosed Continuing Connected Transactions for the year ended 31 December 2010 and confirmed that the Disclosed Continuing Connected Transactions have been entered into:

- (1) in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group;
- (2) either on normal commercial terms or on terms no less favourable to the Group than terms available to or from independent third parties; and
- (3) in accordance with the relevant agreements governing the transactions on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Company as a whole.

In addition, the auditor of the Company has confirmed to the Board of Directors in writing that the Disclosed Continuing Connected Transactions for the year ended 31 December 2010:

- nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the Disclosed Continuing Connected Transactions have not been approved by the Company's board of directors.
- (2) for transactions involving the provision of goods or services by the Group, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the transactions were not, in all material respects, in accordance with the pricing policies of the Company.
- (3) nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the transactions were not entered into, in all material respects, in accordance with the relevant agreements governing such transactions.
- (4) with respect to the aggregate amount of each of the continuing connected transactions set out above, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the Disclosed Continuing Connected Transactions have exceeded the maximum aggregate annual value disclosed in the previous announcements dated 29 December 2009 and II November 2010 made by the Company in respect of each of the Disclosed Continuing Connected Transactions.

### (II) 關連交易

### 出售附屬公司

於二零一零年十一月八日宣布,本公司 全資附屬公司航天科技通信控股有限公 司(「航通」)於二零一零年六月十五日及 二零一零年十一月八日訂立股權轉讓協 議,據此,航通同意出售,而華富(香 港)投資有限公司(「華富」)同意分別購買 本公司附屬公司航通奇華有限公司(「航 通奇華」) 之 15%及 7.5%權 益(合共 22.5%權益),代價分別為8,010,000港 元及4,005,000港元(合共12,015,000港 元)。於二零一零年十二月十五日第二次 出售完成後,華富將取得航通奇華的控 制權,因而有權對航通奇華行使52.5% 權益;本集團所佔航通奇華之權益減至 47.5%。航通奇華及其三間附屬公司北 京奇華通訊有限公司(「北京奇華」)、唐 山奇華衛星定位有限公司(「唐山奇華」) 及北京奇華匯通科技有限公司不再為本 公司之附屬公司,而成為本公司之聯營 公司。

華富為香港註冊成立之投資控股公司, 航通奇華之主要股東,原持有其30%權 益,華富本身為本集團之關連人士。此 外,由於華富之股東為周超宣先生及其 配偶郭惠華女士,而周先生為航通奇華 及其三家附屬公司之董事,故根據上市 規則第14A章,華富亦為本公司關連人士 之聯繫人。此外,周先生及其配偶郭女 士亦為北京奇華主要股東匯利集團(香 港)有限公司以及唐山奇華主要股東汕頭 市匯祥裝飾織物有限公司之權益擁有 人,彼等及彼等之華富亦為上述附屬公 司主要股東(即關連人士)之聯繫人。根 據上市規則第14A章,按照股權轉讓協議 向華富出售航通奇華之權益構成關連交 易。

#### (II) Connected Transaction

#### **Disposal of Subsidiaries**

It was announced on 8 November 2010 that China Aerospace Telecommunications Ltd. ("CAT"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into Equity Transfer Agreements on 15 June 2010 and 8 November 2010 whereby CAT agreed to sell and China Rich (Hong Kong) Investments Ltd. ("China Rich") agreed to purchase respective 15% and 7.5% equity (22.5% equity in aggregate) in a subsidiary of the Company, Castel Qihua Ltd. ("Castel Qihua") for considerations of HK\$8,010,000 and HK\$4,005,000 respectively (HK\$12,015,000 in aggregate). Upon completion of the second sale on 15 December 2010, China Rich was entitled to exercise 52.5% interest over Castel Qihua in assuming the control over Castel Qihua; the Group's interest in Castel Qihua decreased to 47.5%. Castel Qihua and its three subsidiaries (Beijing Qihua Communications Co. Ltd. ("Beijing Qihua"), Tangshan Qihua GPS Co. Ltd. ("Tangshan Qihua") and Beijing Qihua Huitong Technology Co. Ltd.) therefore ceased to be subsidiaries of the Company and became associates of the Company.

China Rich, an investment holding company incorporated in Hong Kong, is a substantial shareholder of Castel Qihua, holding 30% equity thereof originally. China Rich in itself is a connected person of the Company. In addition, since the shareholders of China Rich are Mr. Chau Chiu Suen and his spouse, Ms. Kwok Wai Wa, and Mr. Chau is a director of Castel Qihua and of its three subsidiaries, China Rich is also an associate of a connected person of the Company pursuant to Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. Further, Mr. Chau and his spouse, Ms. Kwok are also the equity owners of Beijing Qihua's substantial shareholder of Winfull Group (H.K.) Ltd. and Tangshan Qihua's substantial shareholder of Shantou Expensive Workmanship & Textile Co. Ltd., they and their China Rich are also the associates of the substantial shareholders (i.e. connected persons) of the said subsidiaries. The sales of equity in Castel Qihua to China Rich pursuant to the Equity Transfer Agreements constituted connected transactions under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

上述出售之財務收益列於綜合財務報表 附註35內。

## 主要客戶及供應商

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度,本 集團五大客戶共佔本集團營業額約82%。本 集團最大客戶佔本集團營業額約38%。

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度,本 集團五大供應商合共佔本集團採購額約 59%,本集團最大供應商佔本集團總採購額 約39%。

就董事會所知,各董事、彼等之聯繫人士或 擁有本公司已發行股本5%以上之股東並無於 任何五大客戶或供應商中擁有任何實益權 益。

### 公眾持股

本公司截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年 內一直維持充足之公眾持股量。

### 核數師

一項決議案將提呈股東周年大會,以續聘德
 勤・關黃陳方會計師行為本公司核數師。

香港,二零一一年三月二十九日

承董事會命

The financial gains on the above disposals are indicated on the note 35 to the consolidated financial statements.

### **MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS**

For the year ended 31 December 2010, turnover attributable to the five largest customers of the Group accounted for approximately 82% of the Group's turnover and turnover attributable to the Group's largest customer accounted for approximately 38% of the Group's turnover.

For the year ended 31 December 2010, purchases attributable to the five largest suppliers of the Group accounted for approximately 59% of the Group's purchases and purchases attributable to the Group's largest supplier accounted for approximately 39% of the Group's purchases.

None of the Directors, their associates or, to the best knowledge of the Directors, any shareholder who owns more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital had any interests in the above five largest customers or suppliers.

### **PUBLIC FLOAT**

The Company has maintained a sufficient public float throughout the year ended 31 December 2010.

### **AUDITOR**

A resolution will be submitted to the annual general meeting to reappoint Messrs. Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu as auditor of the Company.

On behalf of the Board

#### 韓樹旺

董事長

**Han Shuwang** Chairman

Hong Kong, 29 March 2011

# 獨立核數師報告書 INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

#### 致:

### 中國航天萬源國際(集團)有限公司各位股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

本核數師行已完成審核載於第59至172頁之中 國航天萬源國際(集團)有限公司(「貴公司」) 及其附屬公司(「貴集團」)之綜合財務報告, 包括於二零一零年十二月三十一日之綜合財 務狀況表及截至該日止年度之綜合全面收益 表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流量表,以 及主要會計政策及其他解釋性附註。

## 董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的 責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒布 之香港財務報告準則及按照香港《公司條例》 的披露規定真實而公平編制該等綜合財務報 表,以及釐定使編制財務報表不存在由於欺 詐或錯誤而導致重大差錯陳述所需之內部監 控。

### TO THE MEMBERS OF CHINA ENERGINE INTERNATIONAL (HOLDINGS) LIMITED

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of China Energine International (Holdings) Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 59 to 172, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2010, and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

### Directors' Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# 獨立核數師報告書 INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

## 核數師之責任

我們的責任是根據我們的審核對該等綜合財 務報表作出意見,並按照與我們協定的委聘 條款僅向整體股東報告,除此之外本報告別 無其他目的。我們不會就本報告的內容向任 何其他人士負責或承擔責任。我們已根據香 港會計師公會頒布的香港審計準則進行審 核。這些準則要求我們遵守道德規範,並規 劃及執行審核,以合理確定此等財務報表是 否不存有任何重大錯誤陳述。

審核涉及執行程序以獲取有關財務報表所載 金額及披露資料的審核憑證。所選定的程序 取決於核數師的判斷,包括評估由於欺詐或 錯誤而導致財務報表存有重大錯誤陳述的風 險。在評估該等風險時,核數師考慮與該公 司編製及真實而公平地反映財務報表相關的 內部監控,以設計適當的審核程序,但並非 為對公司的內部監控的效能發表意見。審核 亦包括評價董事所採用的會計政策的合適性 及所作出的會計估計的合理性,以及評價綜 合財務報表的整體列報方式。

我們相信,我們所獲得的審核憑證是充足和 適當地為我們的審核意見提供基礎。

### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

# 獨立核數師報告書 INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

## 意見

本行認為上述綜合財務報表已根據香港財報 告準則真實及公平地反映 貴集團於二零一 零年十二月三十一日之財務狀況及 貴集團 截至該日止年度之溢利及現金流量,且已按 香港《公司條例》之披露要求而妥善編製。

### Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group as at 31 December 2010, and of the Group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

### 德勤 • 關黃陳方會計師行

*執業會計師* 香港 二零一一年三月二十九日

### **Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu**

Certified Public Accountants Hong Kong 29 March 2011

# 綜合全面收益表 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

		附註 NOTE	2010 千港元 HK\$'000	2009 千港元 HK\$'000
營業額	Turnover	5	698,083	663,373
銷售成本	Cost of sales		(677,882)	(584,259)
毛利	Gross profit		20,201	79,114
其他收入	Other income	7	60,323	19,067
其他收益及虧損	Other gains and losses	8	(12,258)	(5,340)
銷售及分銷成本	Selling and distribution expenses		(20,777)	(20,437)
行政費用	Administrative expenses		(148,142)	(  2,03 )
投資物業公平值增加	Increase in fair value of investment property		6,612	3,420
收回應收聯營公司全數減值應收款	Recovery of fully impaired receivable from an associate		_	11,952
財務成本	Finance costs	9	(52,997)	(53,051)
應佔聯營公司業績	Share of results of associates		33,689	25,379
應佔共同控制實體業績	Share of results of			
	jointly controlled entities		140,213	74,630
於商譽確認之減值虧損	Impairment loss recognised			
	in respect of goodwill		(7,284)	_
撥回於共同控制實體確認之減值虧損	Reversal of impairment loss recognised in respect of interest			
	in a jointly controlled entity	19	102,632	55,189
除税前溢利	Profit before taxation		122,212	77,892
税項	Taxation	10	(20,128)	(7,091)
本年度溢利	Profit for the year		102,084	70,801

# 综合全面收益表 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

		附註 NOTE	2010 千港元 HK\$'000	2009 千港元 HK\$'000
其他全面收入:	Other comprehensive income:			
折算呈列貨幣產生 之 医 X 关 预	Exchange differences arising			
之匯兑差額 	on translation to presentation currency		25,176	
年內全面收入總額	Total comprehensive			
	income for the year		127,260	70,801
年內以下人士應佔溢利:	Profit for the year attributable to:			
本公司擁有人	Owners of the Company		96,065	68,033
非控制性權益	Non-controlling interests		6,019	2,768
			102,084	70,801
以下人士應佔全面收入總額:	Total comprehensive			
	income attributable to:			
本公司擁有人	Owners of the Company		119,618	68,033
非控制性權益	Non-controlling interests		7,642	2,768
			127,260	70,801
每股盈利-基本	Earnings per share - Basic	4	HK cent 2.42港仙	HK cent I.86港仙

# 綜合財務狀況表 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

於二零一零年十二月三十一日 At 31 December 2010

22 23 24 25 20 25 26 23 30 27 28	422,749 3,457 80,880 32,644 450,061 1,119,722 258,651 518 240 816 18,491 730,800 1,009,516 110,206	239,448 212,583  97,851 57,000 643,613 1,327,323 182,707 1,856  350 12,032 285,000 481,945 845,378
23 24 25 20 25 26 23 30 27	3,457 80,880 32,644 450,061 1,119,722 258,651 518 240 816 18,491 730,800	212,583  97,851 57,000 643,613 1,327,323 182,707 1,856  350 12,032 285,000
23 24 25 20 25 26 23 30 27	3,457 80,880 32,644 450,061 1,119,722 258,651 518 240 816 18,491	212,583  97,851 57,000 643,613 1,327,323 182,707 1,856  350 12,032
23 24 25 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	3,457 80,880 32,644 450,061 1,119,722 258,651 518 240 816	212,583  97,851 57,000 643,613 1,327,323 1,82,707 1,856  350
23 24 25 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	3,457 80,880 32,644 450,061 1,119,722 258,651 518 240 816	212,583  97,851 57,000 643,613 1,327,323 1,82,707 1,856  350
23 24 25 20 25 26 23	3,457 80,880 32,644 450,061 1,119,722 258,651 518 240	212,583  97,851 57,000 643,613 1,327,323 182,707 1,856 
23 24 25 20 25 26 23	3,457 80,880 32,644 450,061 1,119,722 258,651 518	212,583  97,851 57,000 643,613 1,327,323 182,707
23 24 25 20 25 26	3,457 80,880 32,644 450,061 1,119,722 258,651	212,583  97,851 57,000 643,613 1,327,323 182,707
23 24 25 20	3,457 80,880 32,644 	212,583  97,851 57,000 643,613
23 24 25 20	3,457 80,880 32,644 	212,583  97,851 57,000 643,613
23 24 25 20	3,457 80,880 32,644 —	212,583 — 97,851 57,000
23 24 25	3,457 80,880	212,583  97,851
23 24	3,457 80,880	212,583
23	3,457	
22	400 0 40	000 111
21	129,931	76,828
		7 / 00
	1,990,269	1,801,856
20	11,996	91,200
19	1,222,069	1,054,117
.0	- 20,700	227,200
		227,280
		7,202
17	17,688	7,377 9,252
10	373,037	500,070
		388,690
IE	20.072	23,940
NOTE	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元
	2010	2009
		附註千港元NOTEHK\$'0001530,97216373,6591717,6884,9035,02218323,960191,222,0692011,99619,90,269

# 综合財務狀況表 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

於二零一零年十二月三十一日 At 31 December 2010

			2010	2009
		附註	千港元	千港元
		NOTE	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
非流動負債	Non-current liabilities			
於一年後到期之貸款	Borrowings - amount			
	due after one year	28	315,520	992,410
遞延税項負債	Deferred tax liabilities	29	17,979	10,026
政府補助	Government grants	30	7,809	—
			341,308	1,002,436
			1,759,167	1,644,798
資本及儲備	Capital and reserves			
股本	• Share capital	31	396,900	396,900
儲備	Reserves		1,262,203	1,135,832
本公司擁有人應佔權益	Equity attributable to owners			
	of the Company		1,659,103	I,532,732
非控制性權益	Non-controlling interests		100,064	112,066
權益總額	Total equity		1,759,167	I,644,798

刊於第59至172頁之綜合財務報表,乃經董事 會於二零一一年三月二十九日批核及授權, 並由以下董事代表簽署: The consolidated financial statements on pages 59 to 172 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 29 March 2011 and are signed on their behalf by:

執行董事 Executive Director 執行董事 Executive Director 綜合權益變動表 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

		本公司擁有人應佔 Attributable to owners of the Company									
					物業 重估儲備 Property			<u>.</u>		非控	
		股本	特別儲備	股份溢價				累積虧損 Accu-		制性權益 Non-	
		Share	Special		revaluation	Exchange	General	mulated	總額	controlling	總額
		capital	reserve	premium	reserve	reserve	reserve	losses	Total	interests	Total
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000 (附註1) (Note I)	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000 (附註2) (Note 2)	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
於二零零九年一月一日	At I January 2009	362,400	117,554	2,251,771	1,399	146,219	19,834	(1,700,348)	1,198,829	77,083	1,275,912
本年度溢利及本年度	Profit for the year and										
全面收入總額	, total comprehensive										
	income for the year	_	_	_	_	_	_	68,033	68,033	2,768	70,801
發行新股份 (附註31)	ssue of new shares (note 31)	34,500	_	241,500	_	_	_	_	276,000	_	276,000
發行股份應佔交易成本	Transaction costs attributable										
	to issue of shares	_	_	(10,130)	_	_	_	_	(10,130)	_	(10,130
附屬公司非控制性權益出資	Capital contribution from non-controlling			× ,					× ,		X
	interests of a subsidiary	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	38,762	38,762
已付附屬公司非控制性權益股息	Dividend paid to non-controlling									50,702	50,702
	interests of a subsidiary	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(5,711)	(5,711
收購附屬公司額外權益	Acquisition of additional									(3,711)	(5,711
	interest in a subsidiary	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(836)	(836
轉撥	Transfer	_	_	_	_	_	3,190	(3,190)	-	-	-
於二零零九年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2009	396,900	117,554	2,483,141	1,399	146,219	23,024	(1,635,505)	1,532,732	2,066	1,644,798
本年度溢利	Profit for the year	_	_	_	_	_	_	96,065	96,065	6,019	102,084
折算呈列貨幣產生之匯兑差額	Exchange differences arising										
	on translation to										
	presentation currency	_	_	_	_	23,553	_	_	23,553	1,623	25,176

綜合權益變動表 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

		本公司擁有人應佔									
				At	tributable to	o owners of t	ne Company				
					物業					非控	
					重估儲備			累積虧損		制性權益	
		股本	特別儲備	股份溢價	Property	匯兑儲備	普通儲備	Accu-		Non-	
		Share	Special	Share	revaluation	Exchange	General	mulated	總額	controlling	總額
		capital	reserve	premium	reserve	reserve	reser ve	losses	Total	interests	Total
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			(附註)				(附註2)				
			(Note I)				(Note 2)				
本年度全面收入總額	Total comprehensive income										
	for the year	-	-	_	-	23,553	-	96,065	119,618	7,642	127,260
附屬公司非控制性權益出資	Capital contribution from										
	non-controlling interests										
	of a subsidiary	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	34,200	34,200
已付附屬公司非控制性權益股息	Dividend paid to non-controlling										
	interests of a subsidiary	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(4,176)	(4,176)
收購附屬公司權益產生之	Non-controlling interests arising										
非控制性權益	on the acquisition of										
	interest in a subsidiary	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	(579)	(579)
附屬公司擁有權權益變動	Changes in ownership interest										
	in a subsidiary	_	_	-	-	-	_	6,753	6,753	1,257	8,010
出售附屬公司時轉撥	Transfer upon disposal of subsidiaries	—	_	-	-	(1,705)	_	1,705	_	-	-
出售附屬公司之權益	Disposal of interests in subsidiaries	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(50,346)	(50,346)
轉撥	Transfer	_	_	_	-	_	6,39	(16,391)	_	-	-
於二零一零年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2010	396,900	17,554	2,483,141	1,399	168,067	39,415	(1,547,373)	1,659,103	100,064	1,759,167

附註:

#### Note:

- 本集團之特別儲備指本公司已發行股本面值與 本公司所購入附屬公司已發行股本面值之差額 及根據本集團於一九九七年八月十一日進行重 組而由其他儲備轉撥之總金額116,025,000港 元。
- 普通儲備中已包括於中華人民共和國(「中國」) 的附屬公司用作(i)補回往年虧損或(ii)擴充生產 業務的儲備基金。
- 1. The special reserve of the Group represents the difference between the nominal amount of the share capital issued by the Company and the nominal amount of the issued share capital of the subsidiaries acquired by the Company and the aggregate amount of HK\$116,025,000 transferred from other reserves pursuant to the Group's reorganisation on 11 August 1997.
- Included in general reserve is reserve fund of a subsidiary in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") which can be used only to (i) make up prior years' losses or (ii) expand production operations.

# 綜合現金流量表 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

		<b>2010</b> <i>千港元</i>	2009 <i>千港元</i>
		HK\$'000	HK\$'00( (
			(重列
經營活動	Operating activities		(restated
除税前溢利	Profit before taxation	122,212	77,89
就下列各項作出調整:	Adjustments for:	,	,
利息收入	Interest income	(5,419)	(3,28
利息開支	Interest expenses	52,997	53,05
應佔聯營公司業績	Share of results of associates	(33,689)	(25,37
應佔共同控制實體業績	Share of results of jointly controlled entities	(140,213)	(74,63
已確認之政府補助	Government grants recognised	(360)	
物業、廠房及設備之折舊	Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	30,536	28,12
出售附屬公司權益	Gain on disposal	,	
之收益	of interest in a subsidiary	(3,162)	-
視作出售附屬公司權益	Loss on deemed disposal		
之虧損	of interest in a subsidiary	191	-
出售聯營公司權益之	, Gain on disposal		
收益	of interest in an associate	(587)	-
撥回於共同控制實體權益確認	Reversal of impairment loss recognised in respect of	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
之減值虧損	interests in jointly controlled entities	(102,632)	(55,18
確認有關商譽	Impairment loss recognised in		× ×
之減值虧損	respect of goodwill	7,284	-
收回應收聯營公司	Recovery of fully impaired receivable from		
全數減值應收款	an associate	-	(11,95
投資物業之公平值	Gain arising on change in fair value of		
變動產生收益	investment property	(6,612)	(3,42
確認有關貿易應收款之減值	Impairment losses recognised in respect		
虧損	of trade receivables	7,332	5,53
陳舊存貨撥備	Allowance for obsolete inventories	8,050	6,34
出售物業、廠房	Loss on disposal of property,		
及設備之虧損	plant and equipment	6,198	6
營運資金變動前經營	Operating cash flows before movements in		
活動現金流量	working capital	(57,874)	(2,84
存貨之增加	Increase in inventories	(71,003)	(27,93
貿易及其他應收款之增加	Increase in trade and other receivables	(109,336)	(74,79
貿易及其他應付款之(減少)增加	(Decrease) increase in trade and other payables	(25,464)	64,83
保修撥備之增加	Increase in warranty provision	6,459	12,03
應付聯營公司款之(減少)增加	(Decrease) increase in amounts due to associates	(1,338)	40
應收聯營公司款之減少(增加)	Decrease (increase) in amounts due from associates	209,126	(83,64

# 綜合現金流量表 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

		附註 NOTE	2010 千港元 HK\$'000	<b>2009</b> 千港元 HK\$'000 (重列) (restated)
用於經營之現金	Cash used in operations		(49,430)	(   ,940)
已付所得税 	Income taxes paid		(11,716)	(4,104)
用於經營活動之現金淨額	Net cash used in operating activities		(61,146)	(116,044)
投資活動	Investing activities			
收購物業、廠房及	Deposits paid for acquisition of property,			
設備所支付之按金	plant and equipment		(71,686)	(7,377)
共同控制實體之墊款	Advance to a jointly controlled entity		(40,600)	_
預付租賃款項	Addition of prepaid lease payments		(58,064)	_
購置物業、廠房及設備	Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(25,092)	(74,053)
於聯營公司之投資	Investments in associates		(23,016)	(14,820)
視作出售附屬公司取得現金及	Deemed disposal of a subsidiary,			
現金等價物淨額	net of cash and cash equivalent disposed of	35	(8,925)	_
收購共同控制	Acquisition of additional interest in			
實體額外權益	a jointly controlled entity		(3,198)	_
定期銀行存款之減少(増加)	Decrease (increase) in fixed bank deposits		136,204	(148,200)
自共同控制實體收取之股息	Dividend received from a jointly controlled entity		93,543	2,453
解除已抵押銀行存款	Release of pledged bank deposits		65,207	41,599
自聯營公司收取之股息	Dividend received from associates		27,172	24,745
收購附屬公司支付現金及	Acquisition of a subsidiary, net of cash			
現金等價物淨額	and cash equivalents acquired	34	8,993	_
已收政府補助	Government grants received		8,409	—
出售附屬公司取得現金及	Disposal of a subsidiary, net of cash and			
現金等價物淨額	cash equivalent disposed of	35	(1,878)	—
已收利息	Interest received		5,419	3,288
出售物業、廠房	Proceeds from disposal of property,			
及設備所得款	plant and equipment		1,601	508
資本注入共同控制實體	Capital injection in a jointly controlled entity		_	(51,732)
抵押銀行存款之增加	Increase in pledged bank deposits		-	(97,851)
來自(用於)投資活動之現金淨額	Net cash from (used in) investing activities		114,089	(211,440)

# 綜合現金流量表 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	附言 NOT	-	2010 千港元 HK\$'000	2009 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000 (重列) (restated)
融資活動	Financing activities			
新借入貸款	New loans raised		178,060	901,780
附屬公司非控制性股東出資	Capital contribution from non-controlling			
	shareholders of a subsidiary		34,200	38,762
出售附屬公司部份權益	Partial disposal of interests in subsidiaries 35		8,010	_
償還貸款	Repayment of loans		(424,280)	(386,060)
已付利息	Interest paid		(52,997)	(54,469)
發行新股份之所得款項	Proceeds from issue of new shares		-	276,000
發行新股份所產生之開支	Expenses incurred in connection with			
	the issue of new shares		-	( 0, 30)
支付非控制性權益股息	Dividend paid to non-controlling interests		-	(5,711)
收購附屬公司額外權益 ————————————————————	Acquisition of additional interest in a subsidiary	-	(1,540)	
融資活動(所用)所產生之現金淨額	Net cash (used in) from financing activities	(257,007)	758,632	
現金及現金等價物(減少)增加淨額	Net (decrease) increase in cash			
	and cash equivalents		(204,064)	431,148
外幣匯率變動之影響	Effect of foreign exchange rate changes		10,512	_
年初之現金及現金等價物	Cash and cash equivalents at			
	beginning of the year		643,613	212,465
年終之現金及現金等價物	Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year,			
(銀行結餘及現金)	representing bank balances and cash		450,061	643,613

## 綜合財務報表附註 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

### 1. 一般資料

本公司為一家於開曼群島註冊成立之有 限公司,其股份於香港聯合交易所有限 公司(「聯交所」)上市。本公司之直接控 股公司為Astrotech Group Limited (「Astrotech」)(一間於英屬維爾京群島 註冊成立之公司),持有本公司66.75% 之權益。Astrotech由中國運載火箭技術 研究院(「火箭院」)全資擁有。中國航天 科技集團公司(「中航總」)透過直接控股 火箭院成為本公司之最終控股公司。中 航總及火箭院均為於中華人民共和國 (「中國」)成立之實體。

本公司註冊辦事處地址及香港主要營業 地點披露於本年報之公司資料一節。

本公司之功能貨幣為人民幣,而綜合財 務報表則以港元呈列。董事認為本公司 為公眾公司,股份於聯交所上市,其大 部分投資者居於香港,港元因而為合適 的呈列貨幣。

### I. GENERAL

The Company is incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability and its shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). Its immediate holding company is Astrotech Group Limited ("Astrotech"), a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands which holds 66.75% interest in the Company. Astrotech is wholly owned by China Academy of Launch Vehicle Technology ("CALT"). China Aerospace Science & Technology Corporation ("CASC") is the ultimate holding company of the Company via the immediate shareholding of CALT. Both CASC and CALT are entities established in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC").

The addresses of the registered office and principal place of business of the Company are disclosed in the corporate information to the annual report.

The functional currency of the Company is Renminbi ("RMB") while the consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"). The directors consider that HK\$ is the appropriate presentation currency since the Company is a public company with the shares listed on the Stock Exchange where most of its investors are located.

综合財務報表附註 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

> 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

## 2. 應用新頒及經修訂香港財 務報告準則(「香港財務報 告準則])

於本年度,本集團應用下列由香港會計 師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒布之多項 新及經修訂準則、修訂及詮釋。

## 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING **STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")**

In the current year, the Group has applied the following new and revised Standards, Amendments and Interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA").

香港財務報告 準則第3號 (二零零八年 經修訂)	業務合併	HKFRS 3 (as revised in 2008)	Business combinations
香港會計準則 第24號 (二零零九年 經修訂)	關連人士披露 (第25至27段提 及的有關與政府 相關實體的部份 豁免)	HKFRS 24 (as revised in 2009)	Related party disclosures in relation to the partial exemption in paragraphs 25 to 27 for government- related entities
香港會計準則 第27號 (二零零八年 經修訂)	綜合及個別 財務報表	HKAS 27 (as revised in 2008)	Consolidated and separate financial statements
香港會計準則 第39號(修訂本)	合資格對沖項目	HKAS 39 (Amendments)	Eligible hedged items
香港財務報告準則 (修訂本)	二零零九年香港財 務報告準則 之改進	HKFRSs (Amendments)	Improvements to HKFRSs issued in 2009
香港財務報告準則 (修訂本)	香港財務報告準則 第5號之修訂, 二零零八年香港 財務報告準則 改進之一部份	HKFRSs (Amendments)	Amendments to HKFRS 5 as part of Improvements to HKFRSs issued in 2008
香港(國際財務報告 詮釋委員會) - 詮釋第17號	向擁有人分發 非現金資產	HK(IFRIC) - INT 17	Distributions of non-cash assets to owners
香港-詮釋第5號	財務報表之列報 一借款人對載有 按要求償還條款 之定期貸款的分 類	HK - INT 5	Presentation of financial statements - Classification by the borrower of a term loan that contains a repayment on demand clause

# 綜合財務報表附註 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

## 應用新頒及經修訂香港財 務報告準則(「香港財務報 告準則」) (續)

除下文所述者外,於本年度採納新訂或 經修訂準則及詮釋準則對本集團之綜合 財務報表並無重大影響。

### 香港會計準則第7號(修訂本)現金流量表 (為二零零九年頒佈之香港財務報告準則 改進之一部分)

香港會計準則第7號的修訂指因不導致本 集團失去控制權的附屬公司權益改變(如 母公司購買或出售附屬公司的權益工具) 所產生的現金流,將分類為融資活動產 生的現金流。

就於附註35a披露之年內出售本集團於航 通奇華有限公司(「航通奇華」)的部分權 益(由70%減少至55%),並無失去控制 權,已收代價8,010,000港元已分類為融 資活動現金流。

該項變動已追溯應用。2009年支付收購 附屬公司額外權益之1,540,000港元已於 綜合現金流量表由投資活動重新分類至 融資活動從而令呈列一致。

## 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

Except as described below, the application of the new and revised Standards and Interpretations in the current year has had no material effect on the consolidated financial statements.

## Amendments to HKAS 7 Statement of cash flows

(as part of Improvements to HKFRSs issued in 2009)

The amendments to HKAS 7 specify that cash flows arising from changes ownership interests in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control, such as the subsequent purchase or sale by a parent of a subsidiary's equity instruments, shall be classified as cash flows from financing activities.

In respect of the partial disposal during the year of part of the Group's interest in Castel Qihua Ltd. ("Castel Qihua") from 70% to 55%, which did not result in loss of control as disclosed in note 35a, the consideration received of HK\$8,010,000 has been classified as cash flows from financing activities.

This change has been applied retrospectively. Acquisition of additional interests in a subsidiary of HK\$1,540,000 paid in 2009 has been reclassified from investing to financing activities in the consolidated statement of cash flows for consistent presentation.

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

## 應用新頒及經修訂香港財 務報告準則(「香港財務報 告準則」)(續)

#### 香港財務報告準則第3號(二零零八年經 修訂)業務合併

本集團已於本年度就收購日期為二零一 零年一月一日或之後之業務合併根據有 關過渡性條文如時應用香港財務報告準 則第3號(二零零八年經修訂)。

- 香港財務報告准則第3號(二零零八 年經修訂)容許選擇按逐項交易基礎 在收購日按公平值或非控制股東(前 稱「少數」股東)所佔被收購方可識別 資產淨值份額計量非控制性權益。
   本年度,就收購北京航天萬源風機
   有限責任公司之額外權益導致本集
   團於本期間獲得直驅風機銷售控制
   權之會計處理方式而言,本集團於
   收購日已按被收購方可識別資產淨
   值的比例計量非控股權益。因此,
   就該收購而確認之商譽並不反映非
   控制性權益之公平值與應佔被收購
   方可識別資產淨值之差額影響。
- 香港財務報告準則第3號(二零零八 年經修訂)要求重新計量過往所持被 收購方股本權益之公平值,產生之 任何收益或虧損則於損益內確認。 於本年度,就收購直驅風機銷售(過 往為本集團聯營公司)之會計處理方 式而言,其過往所持之股本權益(由 於累計虧損,故於收購前賬面值為 零)之公平值並不重大,故於損益內 並無確認收益或虧損。

## 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

#### HKFRS 3 (as revised in 2008) Business combinations

HKFRS 3 (as revised in 2008) has been applied in the current year prospectively to business combinations of which the acquisition date is on or after I January 2010 in accordance with the relevant transitional provisions.

- HKFRS 3 (as revised in 2008) allows a choice on a transactionby-transaction basis for the measurement of non-controlling interests at the date of acquisition (previously referred to as "minority" interests) either at fair value or at the non-controlling interests' share of recognised identifiable net assets of the acquire. In the current year, in accounting for the acquisition of additional interest in an associate Beijing CASC Energine Wind Turbine Co. Ltd. ("Directwind Sales") resulting in the Group obtaining control in Directwind Sales in the current year, the Group has measured the non-controlling interests at the proportionate share of the acquiree's net identifiable assets at the acquisition date. Accordingly, there is no impact on the goodwill recognised in respect of that acquisition, which does not reflect the impact of the difference between the fair value of the non-controlling interests and their share of the identifiable net assets of the acquiree.
- HKFRS 3 (as revised in 2008) requires an equity interest previously held in the acquiree to be remeasured to its fair value on the acquisition date and any resulting gain or loss to be recognised in profit or loss. In the current year, in accounting for the acquisition of Directwind Sales (previously an associate of the Group), the fair value of its previously-held equity interest which had a carrying amount of nil prior to acquisition due to accumulated losses, was insignificant and so no gain or loss has been recognised in profit or loss.

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

## 應用新頒及經修訂香港財 務報告準則(「香港財務報 告準則」) (續)

#### 香港財務報告準則第3號(二零零八年經 修訂)業務合併(續)

 香港財務報告準則第3號(二零零八 年經修訂)要求收購相關成本與業務 合併分開入賬。因此,本集團在損 益內確認712,000港元之相關成本為 開支,而過往則計入收購成本。因 此,導致本年利潤降低712,000港 元,且商譽降低相同金額。

### 香港會計準則第27號(二零零八年經修 訂)綜合及個別財務報表

應用香港會計準則第27號(二零零八年經 修訂)導致有關本集團附屬公司之擁有權 權益增減的本集團會計政策有所改變。

具體來說, 修訂後之準則對不導致失去 附屬公司控制權之股權變更之會計政策 構成影響。於過往年度,由於香港財務 報告準則並無特別規定,增加現有附屬 公司權益之會計處理方式與收購附屬公 司者相同,並在適當情況下確認商譽或 了者相同,並在適當情況下確認商譽或 調查」權益減少的影響(即已收取代價與 非控制性權益調整之差額)於損益內確 認。根據香港會計準則第27號(二零零八 年經修訂),所有該等權益增減均於權益 內處理,對商譽或損益並無影響。

## 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

HKFRS 3 (as revised in 2008) Business combinations (Continued)

HKFRS3 (as revised in 2008) requires acquisition-related costs to be accounted for separately from the business combination. The Group has recognised HK\$712,000 of such costs as an expense in profit or loss, whereas previously they would have been accounted for as part of the cost of the acquisition. Therefore, this has resulted in a decrease in the profit for the year of HK\$712,000, and a decrease in goodwill of the same account.

# HKAS 27 (as revised in 2008) Consolidated and separate financial statements

The application of HKAS 27 (as revised in 2008) has resulted in changes in the Group's accounting policies regarding increases or decreases in ownership interests in subsidiaries of the Group.

Specifically, the revised Standard has affected the Group's accounting policies regarding changes in the Group's ownership interests in its subsidiaries that do not result in loss of control. In prior years, in the absence of specific requirements in HKFRSs, increases in interests in existing subsidiaries were treated in the same manner as the acquisition of subsidiaries, with goodwill or a bargain purchase gain being recognised, when appropriate; for decreases in interests in existing subsidiaries that did not involve a loss of control, the difference between the consideration received and the adjustment to the non-controlling interests was recognised in profit or loss. Under HKAS 27 (as revised in 2008), all such increases or decreases are dealt with in equity, with no impact on goodwill or profit or loss.

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

## 應用新頒及經修訂香港財 務報告準則(「香港財務報 告準則」) (續)

### 香港會計準則第27號(二零零八年經修 訂)綜合及個別財務報表(續)

在因某項交易、事件或其他情況而失去 附屬公司控制權之情況下,該項經修訂 準則要求本集團按賬面值取消確認所有 資產、負債及非控制性權益,並確認已 收及應收代價之公平值。於前附屬公司 之任何保留權益按失去控制權當日之公 平值確認。由此產生之差額須確認為收 益或虧損並計入當期損益。

就於附註35a披露之期內出售本集團於航 通奇華之部分權益,政策變動導致已收 代價與非控制性權益帳面值增加之差額 6,753,000港元直接於權益內確認。如採 納過往之會計政策,該金額將於損益內 確認。因此,會計政策變更導致期內溢 利減少6,753,000港元。

附屬公司之全面收入及開支總額會分配 予公司擁有人及非控制性權益,即使這 將導致非控制性權益金額為負數。於二 零一零年一月一日之前,非控制性權益 應佔虧損如超出非控制性權益於附屬公 司股本中之權益,該虧損則分配至本集 團之權益內,惟具約束性責任及有能力 作出額外投資以彌補虧損之非控制性權 益除外。於本年度就收購直驅風機之會 計處理方式而言,虧絀結餘579,000港元 已分配於非控制性權益,從而導致商譽 減少相同金額。

## 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

# HKAS 27 (as revised in 2008) Consolidated and separate financial statements (Continued)

When control of a subsidiary is lost as a result of a transaction, event or other circumstance, the revised Standard requires the Group to derecognise all assets, liabilities and non-controlling interests at their carrying amounts and to recognise the fair value of the consideration received. Any retained interest in the former subsidiary is recognised at its fair value at the date control is lost. The resulting difference is recognised as a gain or loss in profit or loss.

In respect of the partial disposal during the year of part of the Group's interest in Castel Qihua as disclosed in note 35a, the impact of the change in policy has been that the difference of HK\$6,753,000 between the consideration received and the increase in the carrying amount of the non-controlling interests has been recognised directly in equity. Had the previous accounting policy been applied, this amount would have been recognised in profit or loss. Therefore, the change in accounting policy has resulted in a decrease in the profit for the year of HK\$6,753,000.

Total comprehensive income and expense of a subsidiary is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance. Prior to 1 January 2010, losses applicable to the non-controlling interests in excess of the non-controlling interests in the subsidiary's equity were allocated against the interests of the Group except to the extent that the non-controlling interests had a binding obligation and were able to make an additional investment to cover the losses. In the current year, in accounting for the acquisition of additional interest in Directwind Sales, HK\$579,000 of deficit balance has been allocated to the non-controlling interests. This resulted in a decrease in goodwill of the same amount.

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

## 應用新頒及經修訂香港財 務報告準則(「香港財務報 告準則」)(續)

### 香港會計準則第24號(二零零九年經修 訂)關連人士披露

香港會計準則第24號(二零零九年經修 訂)「關連人士披露」第25至27段豁免有關 政府相關實體之若干披露事項。本集團 已於綜合財務報告採納該披露豁免。

#### 上述會計政策變動影響之概要

上述會計政策變動對本年度及過往年度 業績之影響,按項目分類於綜合全面收 益表內呈列如下:

## 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

HKAS 24 (as revised in 2009) Related party disclosures

Paragraphs 25 to 27 of HKAS 24 (as revised in 2009) "Related party disclosures" exempt certain disclosures in relation to the government-related entities. The Group has applied this disclosure exemption in the consolidated financial statements.

# Summary of the effect of the above changes in accounting policies

The effect of changes in accounting policies described above on the results for the current and prior years by line items presented in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income is as follows:

		2010 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000	2009 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000
會計政策變動導致其他收益 及虧損減少 出售部份附屬公司股權而不 會導致失去控制權之收益 收購相關成本在產生時確認 導致行政成本增加	Decrease in other gains and losses as a result of the change in the accounting policy Gain on partial disposal of a subsidiary that does not result in loss of control Increase in administrative expenses arising on the recognition of	6,753	_
本年度溢利減少	acquisition-related costs when incurred Decrease in profit for the year	7,465	

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

## 應用新頒及經修訂香港財 務報告準則(「香港財務報 告準則」) (續)

上述會計政策變動對本年度及過往年度 本集團每股基本盈利之影響如下:

# The effect of changes in accounting policies described above on the Group's basic earnings per share for the current and prior year is as follows:

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED

**STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")** (Continued)

HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING

#### 每股基本盈利之影響

#### Impact on basic earnings per share

		2010 港仙 HK cent	2009 港仙 HK cent
調整前每股基本盈利 會計政策變動產生與 下列各項有關之調整 (見附註2):	Basic earnings per share before adjustments Adjustments arising from changes in accounting policies (see note 2) in relation to:	2.61	1.86
<ul> <li>一出售附屬公司</li> <li>(不會導致失去控制權)</li> <li>一於產生時確認收購</li> <li>相關成本</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>disposal of a subsidiary that does</li> <li>not result in loss of control</li> <li>recognition of acquisition-related</li> <li>costs when incurred</li> </ul>	(0.17) (0.02)	_
每股基本盈利(如報告)	Basic earnings per share, as reported	2.42	1.86

由於上述變動對綜合財務狀況表並無影響,故並無呈列二零零九年一月一日之 綜合財務狀況表。

本集團並無提早應用以下已頒布但尚未 生效之新頒及經修訂準則,修訂本及詮 釋,惟香港會計準則第24號(二零零九年 經修訂)「關連人士披露」有關政府相關實 體之披露要求的部分豁免除外。 The consolidated statement of financial position as at I January 2009 has not been presented as the above changes have no impact on that consolidated statement of financial position.

The Group has not early applied the following new and revised Standards, Amendments and Interpretations that have been issued but are not yet effective, except for partial exemption from disclosures requirements for government-related entities in accordance with HKAS 24 (as revised in 2009) "Related party disclosures".

綜合財務報表附註

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

## 應用新頒及經修訂香港財 務報告準則(「香港財務報 告準則」) (續)

## 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

香港財務報告準則 (修訂本)	於二零一零年頒佈 香港財務報告 準則之改進 <sup>1</sup>
香港財務報告準則	披露事項-轉讓
第7號(修訂本)	金融資產2
香港財務報告	金融工具3
準則第9號	
香港會計準則	遞延税項:收回
第12號(修訂本)	相關資產4
香港會計準則	關連人士披露⁵
第24號	
(二零零九年	
經修訂)	
香港會計準則	供股之分類6
第32號(修訂本)	
香港(國際財務	最低資金要求之
報告詮釋委員會)	預付款項⁵
一詮釋第14號	
(修訂本)	
香港(國際財務	以權益工具抵銷
報告詮釋委員會)	金融負債7
詮釋第19號	
1 於二零一零年七月	]一日及二零一一年一
月一日(如適用)ョ	<b></b> 其後開始之年度期間
生效。	
2 於二零一一年七月	]一日或其後開始之年
度期間生效。	
3 於二零一三年一月	]一日或其後開始之年
度期間生效。	
4 於二零一二年一月	]一日或其後開始之年
度期間生效。	
5 於二零一一年一月	一日或其後開始之年
度期間生效。	
6 於二零一零年二月	]一日或其後開始之年
度期間生效。	
7 於二零一零年七月	]一日或其後開始之年

ΗK	RSs (Amendments)	Improvements to HKFRSs issued in 2010 <sup>1</sup>
HK	RS 7 (Amendments)	Disclosures - Transfers of financial assets <sup>2</sup>
HK	FRS 9	Financial instruments <sup>3</sup>
НКл	AS I2 (Amendments)	Deferred tax: Recovery of underlying assets <sup>4</sup>
НК	AS 24 (as revised in 2009)	Related party disclosures <sup>5</sup>
НК	AS 32 (Amendments)	Classification of rights issues <sup>6</sup>
	(IFRIC) - INT 14 Amendments)	Prepayments of a minimum funding requirement <sup>s</sup>
HK(	(IFRIC) - INT 19	Extinguishing financial liabilities with equity instruments <sup>7</sup>
I	Effective for annual periods beg January 2011, as appropriate.	ginning on or after I July 2010 and
2	Effective for annual periods begin	nning on or after I July 2011.
3	Effective for annual periods begin	nning on or after I January 2013.
4	Effective for annual periods begin	nning on or after I January 2012.
5	Effective for annual periods begin	nning on or after I January 2011.
6	Effective for annual periods begin	nning on or after I February 2010.

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2010.

度期間生效。

> 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

## 應用新頒及經修訂香港財 務報告準則(「香港財務報 告準則」)(續)

香港財務報告準則第9號「金融工具」(於 二零零九年十一月頒布)引進金融資產分 類與計量之新規定。香港財務報告準則 第9號「金融工具」(於二零一零年十一月 經修訂)添加對金融負債及取消確認之規 定。

- 根據香港財務報告準則第9號,屬於 香港會計準則第39號「金融工具:確 認及計量」範圍內之所有已確認金融 資產其後須按攤銷成本或公平值計 量。具體而言,業務模式為以收取 合約現金流,且該合約現金流僅為 歸還本金及與本金相關利息為目的 而持有的債權投資一般在其後會計 期間完結時按攤銷成本計量。所有 其他債權投資和權益工具於期後會 計期間完結時按公平值計量。
- 關於金融負債,重大變動與指定按 公平值計入損益之金融負債有關。
   具體而言,根據香港財務報告準則
   第9號,對於指定按公平值計入損益
   之金融負債,除非會產生或加大有
   關損益會計處理的不匹配,因與負債有關的信貸風險變化導致的金融
   負債公平值的變化於其他全面收入
   呈列。因金融負債的信貸風險變化
   導致的公平值變化在其後不會重新
   分類至損益。以往,根據香港會計
   准則第39號,指定按公平值計入損
   益之金融負債公平值變動金額全數
   在損益呈列。

## 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

HKFRS 9 "Financial instruments" (as issued in November 2009) introduces new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets. HKFRS 9 "Financial instruments" (as revised in November 2010) adds requirements for financial liabilities and for derecognition.

- Under HKFRS 9, all recognised financial assets that are within the scope of HKAS 39 "Financial instruments: Recognition and measurement" are subsequently measured at either amortised cost or fair value. Specifically, debt investments that are held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows, and that have contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding are generally measured at amortised cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. All other debt investments and equity investments are measured at their fair values at the end of subsequent accounting periods.
- In relation to financial liabilities, the significant change relates to financial liabilities that are designated as at fair value through profit or loss. Specifically, under HKFRS 9, for financial liabilities that are designated as at fair value through profit or loss, the amount of change in the fair value of the financial liability that is attributable to changes in the credit risk of that liability is presented in other comprehensive income, unless the presentation of the effects of changes in the liability's credit risk in other comprehensive income would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch in profit or loss. Changes in fair value attributable to a financial liability's credit risk are not subsequently reclassified to profit or loss. Previously, under HKAS 39, the entire amount of the change in the fair value of the financial liability designated as at fair value through profit or loss was presented in profit or loss.

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

## 應用新頒及經修訂香港財 務報告準則(「香港財務報 告準則」) (續)

香港財務報告準則第9號於二零一三年一 月一日或其後開始之年度期間生效,可 予提前應用。

本公司董事預期,本集團將於截至二零 一三年十二月三十一日止財政年度在綜 合財務報表採納香港財務報告準則第9 號。根據二零一零年十二月三十一日之 本集團金融資產及金融負債,董事預期 應用香港財務報告準則第9號對本集團綜 合財務報表或不會造成重大影響。

香港會計準則第12號「遞延税項:收回相 關資產」之修訂本,主要處理根據香港會 計準則第40號「投資物業」使用公平值模 式計量之投資物業遞延税項的計量方 式。根據該等修訂本,就使用公平值模 式計量之投資物業遞延税項負債及遞延 税項資產而言,除非推定在若干情況被 推翻,否則,投資物業賬面值推定可透 過出售收回。董事預期,應用香港會計 準則第12號之修訂本可能會對使用公平 值模式計量之已確認位於中國的投資物 業遞延税項造成重大影響。如不駁回該 等修訂的推定,因投資物業重估而產生 的遞延税項負債或會因中國土地增值税 税率高於本集團目前用以計算投資物業 已確認的遞延税項的税率而有所增加。

本公司董事預期應用其他新訂及經修訂 的準則、修訂本或詮釋對綜合財務報表 並無重大影響。

## 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

HKFRS 9 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013, with earlier application permitted.

The directors of the Company anticipate that HKFRS 9 will be adopted in the Group's consolidated financial statements for financial year ending 31 December 2013. Based on the Groups' financial assets and financial liabilities as at 31 December 2010, the directors anticipate that the application of HKFRS 9 is not likely to have significant impact on the Group's consolidated financial statement.

The amendments to HKAS 12 titled "Deferred tax: Recovery of underlying assets" mainly deal with the measurement of deferred tax for investment properties that are measured using the fair value model in accordance with HKAS 40 "Investment Property". Based on the amendments, for the purposes of measuring deferred tax liabilities and deferred tax assets for investment properties measured using the fair value model, the carrying amounts of the investment properties are presumed to be recovered through sale, unless the presumption is rebutted in certain circumstances. The directors anticipate that the application of the amendments to HKAS 12 may have a significant impact on deferred tax recognised for investment properties located in the PRC that are measured using the fair value model. If the presumption under the amendments is not rebutted, the deferred tax liability relating to the revaluation of investment properties may increase as the land appreciation tax rate of the PRC is higher than the tax rate currently used by the Group to calculate the deferred tax recognised for investment properties.

The directors of the Company anticipate that the application of the other new and revised standards, amendments or interpretations will have no material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

> 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

## 3. 主要會計政策

綜合財務報表乃按照香港會計師公會所 頒佈之香港財務報告準則編製。此外, 綜合財務報表包括聯交所證券上市規則 及香港公司條例所規定之適用披露。

綜合財務報表乃根據歷史成本基準編 製,惟投資物業按其公平值訂算,並於 下文會計政策中詳述。

主要會計政策載列如下。

#### 綜合賬目基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及本公司控制 實體(其附屬公司)之財務報表。倘本公 司有權力管限一實體之財政及營運政策 藉以從其業務中獲益,則視為取得其控 制權。

於年內收購或出售之附屬公司業績分別 由收購生效日期起及截至出售生效日期 止(如適用)計入綜合全面收益表內。

如必要,附屬公司財務報表將作出調整 以令其會計政策與本集團其他成員公司 所採用者相符。

所有公司之間交易、結餘收入及開支已 於綜合賬目內對銷。

於附屬公司之非控制性權益與本集團之 股權分開呈列。

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the HKICPA. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost basis except for the investment property, which is measured at fair value, as explained in accounting policies set out below.

The principal accounting policies are set out below.

#### **Basis of consolidation**

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company (its subsidiaries). Control is achieved where the Company has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income from the effective date of acquisition and up to the effective date of disposal, as appropriate.

Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those used by other members of the Group.

All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated in full on consolidation.

Non-controlling interests in subsidiaries are presented separately from the Group's equity therein.

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

## 3. 主要會計政策 (續)

#### **綜合賬目基準**(續)

#### 將全面收入總額分配至非控制性權益

附屬公司之全面收入及開支總額分配至 本公司擁有人及非控制性權益,即使會 導致非控制性權益出現虧絀結餘時亦如 此。於二零一零年一月一日之前,非控 制性權益所適用之虧損超過於該附屬公 司權益中之非控制性權益之差額乃於本 集團權益之間作出分配,惟倘非控制性 權益須承擔約束性責任及有能力作出額 外投資以彌補虧損則除外。

#### 本集團於現有附屬公司之擁有權變動

於二零一零年一月一日或之後本集團於 現有附屬公司之擁有權變動

本集團於附屬公司內之擁有權變動如不 導致本集團失去附屬公司之控制權,則 按股權交易入賬。本集團權益與非控制 性權益的賬面金額應予以調整以反映附 屬公司中相關權益之變動。非控制性權 益之調整金額與支付或收取代價公平值 之間的差價直接於權益及本公司擁有人 應佔權益內確認。

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### Basis of consolidation (Continued)

#### Allocation of total comprehensive income to noncontrolling interests

Total comprehensive income and expense of a subsidiary is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance. Prior to 1 January 2010, losses applicable to the noncontrolling interests in excess of the non-controlling interests in the subsidiary's equity were allocated against the interests of the Group except to the extent that the non-controlling interests had a binding obligation and were able to make an additional investment to cover the losses.

# Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries on or after 1 January 2010

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in subsidiaries that do not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Group's interests and the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Company.

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

## 3. 主要會計政策 (續)

#### **綜合賬目基準**(續)

本集團於現有附屬公司之擁有權變動 (續)

於二零一零年一月一日或之後本集團於 現有附屬公司之擁有權變動(續)

當本集團失去對附屬公司之控制權時, 出售於損益計算為(i)所收取代價之公平 值與任何保留權益公平值之總額與(ii)附 屬公司資產(包括商譽)及負債以及任何 非控制性權益過往之賬面值之間之差 額。如附屬公司之若干資產按重估金額 或公平值計量,相關累計盈虧已於其他 全面收入確認及於權益累計,則過往於 其他全面收入確認及於權益累計之金額 予以入賬,猶如本公司已直接出售相關 資產(即重新分類為損益或直接轉撥至留 存收益)。於控制權失去當日於前附屬公 司保留之任何投資公平值,會根據香港 會計準則第39號「金融工具:確認及計 量」視為公平值初步確認並後續計量,或 (如適用)作為於聯營公司或共同控制實 體之權益之初始確認成本。

於二零一零年一月一日之前本集團於現 有附屬公司之擁有權變動

現有附屬公司權益增加按附屬公司收購 相同之方式處理,並確認當中商譽或議 價收購盈利(如適用)。如屬減少於附屬 公司的權益,不論出售是否導致本集團 失去附屬公司之控制權,所收取代價及 出售所佔淨資產份額帳面值之差額於損 益內確認。

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### Basis of consolidation (Continued)

# Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries (Continued)

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries on or after 1 January 2010 (Continued)

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the profit or loss on disposal is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary and any noncontrolling interests. Where certain assets of the subsidiary are measured at revalued amounts or fair values and the related cumulative gain or loss has been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity are accounted for as if the Company had directly disposed of the related assets (i.e. reclassified to profit or loss or transferred directly to retained earnings). The fair value of any investment retained in the former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition for subsequent accounting under HKAS 39 "Financial instruments: Recognition and measurement" or, when applicable, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or a jointly controlled entity.

# Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries prior to 1 January 2010

Increases in interests in existing subsidiaries were treated in the same manner as the acquisition of subsidiaries, with goodwill or a bargain purchase gain being recognised where appropriate. For decreases in interests in subsidiaries, regardless of whether the disposals would result in the Group losing control over the subsidiaries, the difference between the consideration received and the carrying amount of the share of net assets disposed of was recognised in profit or loss.

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

### 3. 主要會計政策 (續)

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### 業務合併

於二零一零年一月一日或之後進行的業 務合併

收購業務使用收購法入賬。業務合併之 轉讓代價按公平值計量,按本集團所轉 讓的資產、本集團向被收購方原擁有人 產生之負債及本集團就交換被收購方之 控制權發行之股本權益於收購日之公平 值計算。有關收購之成本一般於產生時 確認於損益。

於收購日,所收購之可識別資產及所承 擔之負債乃於收購日期按公平值確認, 惟以下情況除外:

 遞延税項資產或負債及僱員福利安 排有關的負債或資產分別按香港會 計準則第12號「所得税」及香港會計 準則第19號「僱員福利」確認及計 量;

商譽是以所轉讓的代價、任何非控制性 權益於被收購方中之金額及收購方以往 持有被收購方股本權益之公平值(如有) 之總和,減所收購可識別資產及所承擔 負債於收購日之淨值後之金額。如經過 重新評估後,所收購可識別淨產與所 承擔負債於收購日之淨額超過所轉方之 額以及收購方以往持有被收購方及本權 益之公平值(如有)之總和,則該差額即 時於損益內確認為議價收購盈利。

#### **Business combinations**

Business combinations that took place on or after 1 January 2010

Acquisitions of businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred in a business combination is measured at fair value, which is calculated as the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of the assets transferred by the Group, liabilities incurred by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. Acquisition-related costs are generally recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

At the acquisition date, the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed are recognised at their fair value at the acquisition date, except that:

 deferred tax assets or liabilities and liabilities or assets related to employee benefit arrangements are recognised and measured in accordance with HKAS 12 "Income taxes" and HKAS 19 "Employee benefits" respectively;

Goodwill is measured as the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree, and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any) over the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed. If, after re-assessment, the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed exceeds the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held interest in the acquiree (if any), the excess is recognised immediately in profit or loss as a bargain purchase gain.

> 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

## 3. 主要會計政策 (續)

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### Business combinations (Continued)

Business combinations that took place on or after I January 2010 (Continued)

Non-controlling interests that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation may be initially measured either at fair value or at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets or liabilities. The choice of measurement basis is made on a transactionby-transaction basis.

When a business combination is achieved in stages, the Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date (i. e. the date when the Group obtains control), and the resulting gain or loss, if any, is recognised in profit or loss. Amounts arising from interests in the acquiree prior to the acquisition date that have previously been recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss where such treatment would be appropriate if that interest were disposed of.

Changes in the value of the previously held equity interest recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity before the acquisition date are reclassified to profit or loss when the Group obtains control over the acquiree.

業務合併(續)

於二零一零年一月一日或之後進行的業 務合併(續)

屬現時擁有之權益且於清盤時讓持有人 有權按比例分佔實體資產淨值之非控制 性權益,可按公平值或非控制性權益應 佔被收購方可識別資產或負債淨值之已 確認金額比例初始計量。計量基準視乎 每項交易而作出選擇。

當業務合併是分階段實現,本集團原持 有之被收購者股權權益須按於收購日之 公平值重新計算(即本集團取得控制權當 日),由此產生之收益或損失(如有),須 確認於損益。於收購日前所產生的被收 購者權益並以已計入其他全面收益之金 額須重新分類至損益(如處置其權益時, 該等處理方式亦屬恰當)。

當本集團取得被收購者之控制權,於收 購日前已計入其他全面收益及累計至權 益之原持有被收購者之股權權益變動價 值須重新分類至損益。

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

## 3. 主要會計政策 (續)

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### 業務合併(續)

於二零一零年一月一日前發生之業務合併

收購業務乃採用收購法入賬。收購成本 按於交換日本集團就換取被收購方之控 制權而交付之資產、產生或承擔之負債 及發行之股本工具之公平值總額計算, 另加任何直接與業務合併相關之成本。 符合確認有關條件之被收購方之可識別 資產、負債及或然負債一般於收購日之 公平值確認。

因收購產生之商譽確認為資產,初步按 成本計算,即收購成本超出本集團於已 確認可識別資產、負債及或然負債之已 確認金額之權益部分。倘於評估後,本 集團於被收購方可識別資產、負債及或 然負債之已確認金額之權益超過收購成 本,則超出金額即時確認於損益中。

被收購方之非控制性權益初步按非控制 性權益應佔被收購方之資產、負債及或 然負債之比例計算。 Business combinations (Continued)

Business combinations that took place prior to 1 January 2010

Acquisition of businesses was accounted for using the purchase method. The cost of the acquisition was measured at the aggregate of the fair values, at the date of exchange, of assets given, liabilities incurred or assumed, and equity instruments issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree, plus any costs directly attributable to the business combination. The acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities that met the relevant conditions for recognition were generally recognised at their fair value at the acquisition date.

Goodwill arising on acquisition was recognised as an asset and initially measured at cost, being the excess of the cost of the acquisition over the Group's interest in the recognised amounts of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities recognised. If, after assessment, the Group's interest in the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities exceeded the cost of the acquisition, the excess was recognised immediately in profit or loss.

The non-controlling interest in the acquiree was initially measured at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the recognised amounts of the assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the acquiree.

> 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

### 3. 主要會計政策 (續)

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### 商譽

商譽來自收購業務,按成本減任何累計 減值虧損計算(如有),並於綜合財務狀 況表獨立呈列。

就減值測試而言,收購所產生之商譽乃 被分配到各有關現金產生單位,或現金 產生單位之組別、預期彼等從合併之協 同效應中受益。

已獲配商譽之現金產生單位每年及凡單 位出現可能減值之跡象時進行減值測 試。就於某個財政年度之收購所產生之 商譽而言,已獲配商譽之現金產生單位 於該財政年度完結前進行減值測試。當 現金產生單位之可收回金額少於該單位 之賬面值,則進行減值虧損分配,首先 削減該單位之商譽賬面值,其後以單位 各資產之賬面值為基準按比例分配至該 單位之其他資產之賬面值。商譽之任何 減值虧損於其後期間不予撥回。

出售有關現金產生單位時,被資本化之 商譽應佔金額會在釐定出售損益金額時 納入計算。

#### Goodwill

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a business is carried at cost less any accumulated impairment losses, if any, and is presented separately in the consolidated statement of financial position.

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill arising from an acquisition is allocated to each of the relevant cash-generating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

A cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually, and whenever there is an indication that the unit may be impaired. For goodwill arising on an acquisition in a financial year, the cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment before the end of that financial year. When the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than the carrying amount of the unit, the impairment loss is allocated to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit first, and then to the other assets of the unit pro rata on the basis of the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognised directly in profit or loss. An impairment loss for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

On disposal of the relevant cash-generating unit, the attributable amount of goodwill capitalised is included in the determination of the amount of profit or loss on disposal.

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

## 3. 主要會計政策 (續)

#### 於聯營公司之權益

聯營公司指投資者能對其行使重大影響 力,而並非附屬公司或於合營企業之權 益之實體。重大影響力指可參與受投資 公司之財務及營運決策但不能控制或共 同控制該等政策之權力。

聯營公司之業績、資產及負債乃以會計 權益法於該等綜合財務報告入賬。根據 權益法,於聯營公司之權益乃按成本(或 就本集團失去控制權時保留在原附屬公 司之權益乃按公平值)於綜合財務狀況表 中初次確認,並於其後就本集團應佔聯 營公司損益及其他全面收入之份額作出 調整。當本集團應佔某聯營公司之虧損 相等於或超出其於該聯營公司之權益(其 包括任何長期權益,而該長期權益實質 上構成本集團於該聯營公司之投資淨額 之一部分),則本集團不再繼續確認其應 佔之進一步虧損。本集團會就額外應佔 之虧損撥備,並會確認於負債,惟僅以 本集團已產生法定或推定責任或代表該 聯營公司支付之款項為限。

收購成本超出本集團應佔收購當日確認 在聯營公司之可識別資產、負債及或然 負債中所佔公平淨值之任何差額均確認 為商譽,商譽乃計入投資之賬面值。

本集團於可識別資產、負債及或然負債 中所佔公平淨值超出收購成本之任何差 額於重估後隨即於損益確認。

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### Interests in associates

An associate is an entity over which the investor has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor an interest in a joint venture. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

The results and assets and liabilities of associates are incorporated in these consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method, interests in associates are initially recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost or at fair value for interests retained in former subsidiaries upon the Group losing control and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associates. When the Group's share of losses of an associate equals or exceeds its interest in that associate (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate), the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses. An additional share of loss is provided for and a liability is recognised only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of that associate.

Any excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the associate recognised at the date of acquisition is recognised as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment.

Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the cost of acquisition, after reassessment, is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

## 3. 主要會計政策 (續)

#### 於聯營公司之權益(續)

香港會計準則第39號之規定予以應用, 以釐定是否需要就本集團於共同控制實 體之投資確認任何減值虧損。於需要 時,該項投資之全部賬面值(包括商譽) 會根據香港會計準則第36號「資產減值」 作為一項單獨資產進行減值測試,方法 是比較其可收回金額(即使用價值與公平 值減出售成本之較高者)與賬面值。任何 已確認之減值虧損構成該項投資之賬面 值之一部份,有關減值虧損之任何撥回 乃於該項投資之可收回金額其後增加之 情況根據香港會計準則第36號確認。

自二零一零年一月一日起,若出售聯營 公司會導致本集團失去對該聯營公司之 重大影響,則任何保留之投資會按當日 之公平值(即根據香港會計準則第39號首 次確認為金融資產之公平值)計量。先前 已保留權益應佔聯營公司賬面值與其公 平值之間的差額,乃計入出售該聯營公 司之損益。此外,本集團會將先前在其 他全面收入就該聯營公司確認之所有金 額入賬,基準與該聯營公司直接出售相 關資產或負債之基準相同。因此,若該 聯營公司先前已於其他全面收入確認為 損益,且會於出售相關資產或負債時重 新分類至損益,當本集團失去對該聯營 公司之重大影響,本集團將收益或虧損 由權益重新分類至損益(作為重新分類調 整)。

倘一集團實體與其聯營公司交易,與該 聯營公司交易所產生之損益只會在有關 聯營公司的損益與本集團無關的情況 下,才會在本集團之綜合財務報表確 認。

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### Interests in associates (Continued)

The requirements of HKAS 39 are applied to determine whether it is necessary to recognise any impairment loss with respect to the Group's investment in an associate. When necessary, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment in accordance with HKAS 36 "Impairment of assets" as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs to sell) with its carrying amount, any impairment loss recognised forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised in accordance with HKAS 36 to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

From I January 2010 onwards, upon disposal of an associate that results in the Group losing significant influence over that associate, any retained investment is measured at fair value at that date and the fair value is regarded as its fair value on initial recognition as a financial asset in accordance with HKAS 39. The difference between the previous carrying amount of the associate attributable to the retained interest and its fair value is included in the determination of the gain or loss on disposal of the associate. In addition, the Group accounts for all amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate on the same basis as would be required if that associate had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. Therefore, if a gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income by that associate would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities, the Group reclassifies the gain or loss from equity to profit or loss (as a reclassification adjustment) when it loses significant influence over that associate.

When a group entity transacts with its associate, profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the associate are recognised in the Group' consolidated financial statements only to the extent of interests in the associate that are not related to the Group.

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

## 3. 主要會計政策 (續)

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### 共同控制實體

共同控制實體指以合營安排另行成立之 獨立實體,而各合營方可共同控制該實 體之經濟活動。

收購成本超逾本集團於收購日期確認共 同控制實體之已識別資產、負債及或然 負債所佔之公平值之任何淨額,均確認 為商譽,商譽乃計入投資之賬面值內。

本集團於可識別資產、負債及或然負債 中所佔公平淨值超出收購成本之任何差 額於重估後隨即於損益確認。

#### Jointly controlled entities

Joint venture arrangements that involve the establishment of a separate entity in which venturers have joint control over the economic activity of the entity are referred to as jointly controlled entities.

The results and assets and liabilities of jointly controlled entities are incorporated in the consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method, investments in jointly controlled entities are initially recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the jointly controlled entities. When the Group's share of losses of a jointly controlled entity equals or exceeds its interest in that jointly controlled entity (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the jointly controlled entity), the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses. Additional losses are recognised only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of that jointly controlled entity.

Any excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of a jointly controlled entity recognised at the date of acquisition is recognised as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment.

Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the cost of acquisition, after reassessment, is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

## 3. 主要會計政策 (續)

#### 共同控制實體(續)

香港會計準則第39號之規定予以應用, 以釐定是否需要就本集團於共同控制實 體之投資確認任何減值虧損。於需要 時,該項投資之全部賬面值(包括商譽) 會根據香港會計準則第36號「資產減值」 作為一項單獨資產進行減值測試,方法 是比較其可收回金額(即使用價值與公平 值減出售成本之較高者)與賬面值。任何 已確認之減值虧損構成該項投資之賬面 值的一部份,有關減值虧損之任何撥回 乃於該項投資之可收回金額其後增加之 情況根據香港會計準則第36號確認。

由二零一零年一月一日起,若出售共同 控制實體會導致本集團失去對該共同控 制實體之共同控制,則任何保留之投資 會按當日之公平值(即根據香港會計準則 第39號首次確認為金融資產之公平值)計 量。先前已保留權益應佔共同控制實體 賬面值與其公平值之間的差額,乃計入 出售該共同控制實體之損益。此外,本 集團會將先前在其他全面收入就該共同 控制實體確認之所有金額入賬,基準與 該共同控制實體直接出售相關資產或負 債之基準相同。因此,若該共同控制實 體先前已於其他全面收入確認為損益, 且會於出售相關資產或負債時重新分類 至損益,當本集團失去對該共同控制實 體之共同控制時,本集團將收益或虧損 由權益重新分類至損益(作為重新分類調 慗)。

倘一集團實體與其共同控制實體交易, 與該共同控制實體交易所產生之損益只 會在有關共同控制實體的損益與本集團 無關之情況下,才會在本集團之綜合財 務報表確認。

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### Jointly controlled entities (Continued)

The requirements of HKAS 39 are applied to determine whether it is necessary to recognise any impairment loss with respect to the Group's investment in a jointly controlled entity. When necessary, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment in accordance with HKAS 36 "Impairment of assets" as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs to sell) with its carrying amount, any impairment loss recognised forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised in accordance with HKAS 36 to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

From I January 2010 onwards, upon disposal of a jointly controlled entity that results in the Group losing joint control over that jointly controlled entity, any retained investment is measured at fair value at that date and the fair value is regarded as its fair value on initial recognition as a financial asset in accordance with HKAS 39. The difference between the previous carrying amount of the jointly controlled entity attributable to the retained interest and its fair value is included in the determination of the gain or loss on disposal of the jointly controlled entity. In addition, the Group accounts for all amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that jointly controlled entity on the same basis as would be required if that jointly controlled entities had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. Therefore, if a gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income by that jointly controlled entity would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities, the Group reclassifies the gain or loss from equity to profit or loss (as a reclassification adjustment) when it loses joint control over that jointly controlled entity.

When a group entity transacts with its jointly controlled entity, profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the jointly controlled entity are recognised in the Group' consolidated financial statements only to the extent of interests in the jointly controlled entity that are not related to the Group.

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

### 3. 主要會計政策(續)

## 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

### 收入之確認

收入按已收或應收代價之公平值計量, 並相當於在日常業務過程中提供貨品及 服務而應收之款項,減折扣及銷售相關 税項。

貨品銷售之收入乃於貨品已經付運及擁 有權已轉移之情況下確認。

電力銷售之收入乃於電力併網時確認。

服務收入提供服務時確認。

金融資產利息收入乃參考本金結餘及適 用實際利率按時間基準計算,而實際利 率乃使金融資產於預計使用年限內估計 未來現金流量貼現至金融資產初始確認 時帳面淨值之貼現率。

投資之股息收入乃在股東收取款項之權 利確定後予以確認。

#### 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備按其成本減其後累計 折舊及累計減值虧損入賬。

折舊乃透過於物業、機器及設備之估計 可使用年期內以直線法撇銷項目成本減 去估計可使用年期之剩餘價值後確認。 估計可使用年期、剩餘價值及折舊方法 於各報告期末審閱,估計之任何變動影 響按預期基準入賬。

#### **Revenue recognition**

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for goods sold and services provided in the normal course of business, net of discounts and sales related taxes.

Revenue from sales of goods are recognised when goods are delivered and title has passed.

Revenue from sales of electricity are recognised when electricity has been delivered.

Service income is recognised when services are provided.

Interest income from a financial asset is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the shareholders' rights to receive payment have been established.

#### **Property, plant and equipment**

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment less their residual values over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

## 3. 主要會計政策 (續)

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### 物業、廠房及設備(續)

物業、廠房及設備項目乃於出售後或當 預期持續使用該資產將不會產生未來經 濟利益時取消確認。物業、廠房及設備 出售及停用時產生之損益按銷售所得款 項及資產賬面值之差價釐訂,並於確認 於損益內。

#### 投資物業

投資物業指為收取租金及/或資本增值 而持有之物業。

投資物業於初步時乃按成本(包括任何直 接應佔開支)計量。於初步確認後,投資 物業乃採用公平值模式按其公平值計 量。投資物業公平值變動所產生之收益 或虧損計入有關盈虧產生期內之損益。

投資物業於出售時或當投資物業不再可 供使用或預期出售投資物業將無法帶來 未來經濟利益時終止確認。資產終止確 認所產生之任何收益或虧損(按出售所得 款項淨額與資產賬面值之差額計算)乃於 項目終止確認之期內計入損益。

#### Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

#### **Investment properties**

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation.

Investment properties are initially measured at cost, including any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured at their fair values using the fair value model. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of investment property are included in profit or loss for the period in which they arise.

An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use or no future economic benefits are expected from its disposals. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the profit or loss in the period in which the item is derecognised.

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

## 3. 主要會計政策 (續)

#### 研究及開發費用

研究活動費用於產生期間確認為開支。

倘若且只有已顯示以下所有各項,因開發(或因內部項目之開發階段)而於內部 產生之無形資產方可確認:

- 無形資產令其可供使用或出售之技 術可行性;
- 無形資產以及對其進行使用或出售 之意向;
- 使用或出售無形資產之能力;
- 無形資產將如何產生可能之未來經 濟利益;
- 有足夠技術、財務及其他資源用以 完成開發及使用或出售無形資產;
   及
- 可靠計量於開發期間無形資產應佔
   開支之能力。

內部產生之無形資產之初步確認金額為 該等無形資產首次符合上述確認標準當 日起產生之開支總額。倘無內部產生無 形資產可予確認,則開發費用於產生期 間確認為開支。

於初步確認後,內部產生之無形資產以 與單獨收購的無形資產相同之基準,按 成本減累計攤銷及累計減值虧損(如有) 計量。

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### **Research and development expenditure**

Expenditure on research activities is recognised as an expense in the period in which it is incurred.

An internally-generated intangible asset arising from development activities (or from the development phase of an internal project) is recognised if, and only if, all of the following have been demonstrated:

- the technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale;
- the intention to complete the intangible asset and use or sell it;
- the ability to use or sell the intangible asset;
- how the intangible asset will generate probable future economic benefits;
- the availability of adequate technical, financial and other resources to complete the development and to use or sell the intangible asset; and
- the ability to measure reliably the expenditure attributable to the intangible asset during its development.

The amount initially recognised for internally-generated intangible asset is the sum of the expenditure incurred from the date when the intangible asset first meets the recognition criteria listed above. Where no internally-generated intangible asset can be recognised, development expenditure is charged to profit or loss in the period in which it is incurred.

Subsequent to initial recognition, internally-generated intangible asset is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses (if any), on the same basis as intangible assets acquired separately.

> 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

## 3. 主要會計政策 (續)

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### 非商譽之有形及無形資產減值虧損

於各報告期結束時,本集團審閱其資產 之賬面值以釐定是否有任何跡象顯示該 等資產蒙受減值虧損。倘出現任何跡 象,則預計可收回金額,以釐訂減值虧 損範圍(如有)。倘一項資產之可收回金 額估計少於其賬面值,該項資產之賬面 值將削減至其可收回金額。減值虧損乃 即時確認為開支。

倘減值虧損於其後撥回,該項資產之賬 面值將增加至其經修訂估計之可收回金 額,惟增加之賬面值不會超逾倘於以前 年度該項資產無確認減值虧損所釐定之 賬面值。減值虧損撥回乃即時確認為於 收入。

#### 存貨

存貨是按成本值及可變現淨值兩者中之 較低者列賬。成本是按加權平均法計 算。

# Impairment losses on tangible and intangible assets other than goodwill

At the end of the reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as income immediately.

#### Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is calculated using the weighted average method.

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

## 3. 主要會計政策 (續)

## 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### 借貸成本

因收購、興建或生產合資格資產(需於一 段長時間方能達致其擬定用途或出售者) 而直接產生的借貸成本加入該等資產之 成本,直至資產已大致準備作其擬定用 途或出售。特定借貸待用於合資格資產 開支之臨時投資所賺取的投資收入,在 合資格資本化之借貸成本中扣除。

其他所有的借貸成本均在產生時確認於 損益內。

#### 税項

所得税開支指現時應付税項及遞延税項 之總和。

現時應付税項乃按本年度應課税溢利計 算。應課税溢利有別於綜合全面收益表 中所報溢利,因其不包括在其他年度應 課税或可扣税之收入或開支,亦不包括 於從未課税及扣税之項目。現時税項債 務乃採用於報告期完結時訂定或大致訂 定之税率計量。

#### **Borrowing costs**

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

#### Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

## 3. 主要會計政策 (續)

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### Taxation (Continued)

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax base used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary difference to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, and interests in jointly controlled entities, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of the reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rate (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

#### 税項(續)

遞延税項乃於綜合財務報表中按資產及 負債賬面值與計算應課税溢利所用相應 税基出現之臨時差額確認。遞延税項負 債通常會就所有應課税臨時差額確認。 遞延税項資產一般於可能出現可利用臨 時加税之應課税溢利時確認所有可扣減 臨時差異。若於一項交易中因商譽或初 步確認(不包括業務合併時)資產及負債 而引致之臨時差額既不影響應課税溢利 亦不影響會計溢利,則不會確認該等資 產及負債。

由於投資於附屬公司、聯營公司以及共 同控制實體有關之可課税臨時差額,均 予確認遞延税項負債,除非本集團可控 制臨時差額之撥回,而該等臨時差額有 可能在可見未來將不會撥回。有關該等 投資及權益之可扣減臨時差額產生的遞 延税項資產,僅於可能將會有足夠應課 税溢利抵銷臨時差額可用之得益,預計 將於可預見將來撥回。

遞延税項資產之賬面金額於報告期完結 時審核,並在不再可能有足夠應課税溢 利以便收回全部或部分資產時作調減。

遞延税項資產及負債乃按預期於清償負 債或變現資產期間之税率(按報告期末已 生效或實質上已生效之税率(及税法))計 算。

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

## 3. 主要會計政策 (續)

## 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### 税項(續)

遞延税項負債及資產計量反映本集團於 報告期末所預期對收回或清償其資產及 負債之賬面值方式所產生之税務結果。 遞延税項於損益確認,惟當其與於其他 全面收入確認或直接於權益確認之項目 相關(於該情況下,遞延税項亦分別於其 他全面收入確認或直接於權益確認)時除 外。

#### 租賃

倘租約條款列明將有關資產之絕大部分 風險及報酬轉讓予承租人,則該等租約 概列作融資租賃。所有其他租約均視作 經營租賃。

本集團作為出租人

經營租賃之租金收入乃按相關租約年期 以直線法於損益內確認。

本集團作為承租人

經營租約款項按租賃期以直線法確認為 開支,如另有系統基準更能代表租賃資 產使用時經濟利益之時間模式則除外。 經營租約所產生之或然租金於產生期間 確認為開支。

倘訂立經營租賃時收取租賃優惠,則有 關優惠確認為負債。優惠總利益以直線 法確認為租金開支減少,如另有系統基 準更能代表租賃資產使用經濟利益之時 間模式則除外。

#### Taxation (Continued)

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities. Deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except when it relates to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly.

#### Leasing

Leases are classified as finance leases when the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

#### The Group as lessor

Rental income from operating leases is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

#### The Group as lessee

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term, except where another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased asset are consumed. Contingent rentals arising under operating leases are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

In the event that lease incentives are received to enter into operating leases, such incentives are recognised as a liability. The aggregate benefit of incentives is recognised as a reduction of rental expense on a straight-line basis, except where another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased asset are consumed.

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

## 3. 主要會計政策 (續)

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### Leasing (Continued)

#### Leasehold land and building

When a lease includes both land and building elements, the Group assesses the classification of each element as a finance or an operating lease separately based on the assessment as to whether substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of each element have been transferred to the Group, unless it is clear that both elements are operating leases, in which case the entire lease is classified as an operating lease. Specifically, the minimum lease payments (including any lump-sum upfront payments) are allocated between the land and the building elements in proportion to the relative fair values of the lease at the inception of the lease. When the lease payments cannot be allocated reliably between the land and building elements, the entire lease is generally classified as a finance lease and accounted for as property, plant and equipment.

#### **Government grants**

Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognises as expenses the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate. Specifically, government grants whose primary condition is that the Group should purchase, construct or otherwise acquire non-current assets are recognised as a deduction from the carrying amount of the relevant asset in the consolidated statement of financial position and transferred to profit or loss over the useful lives of the related assets. Government grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable.

#### 租賃(續)

土地及樓宇租賃

當租賃包括土地及樓宇元素,本集團評 估各元素分類為融資或經營租賃時,獨 立根據各元素相等於擁有權之全部風險 與報酬是否全部轉移至本集團,除非兩 種元素明顯為經營租賃。具體而言, 最低租賃款項(包括任何一次性預付款) 在租賃款項(包括任何一次性預付款) 在租賃款項不能夠在土地及樓宇所 調可靠分配,整項租賃一般分類為融 資租賃,並作為物業、機器及設備列 賬。

#### 政府補助

直至合理確定本集團將會符合政府補助 所附之條件及將會收取補助時方確認政 府補助。

政府補助乃於本集團確認補助擬補償之 相關成本開支期間,有系統於損益內確 認。具體而言,如果政府補助之首要條 件為本集團應購置、興建或以其他方式 獲得非流動資產的,在綜合財務狀況表 內扣除有關資產賬面值,並於有關資產 之使用年期轉撥至損益。而作為彌補已 產生開支或損失,以及向本集團提供並 無未來相關成本的即時財務援助之政府 補助,在確認補助可收到的期間內確認 於損益。

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

## 3. 主要會計政策 (續)

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### Retirement benefit costs

Payments to the defined contribution retirement benefit plans are charged as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

#### **Financial instruments**

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition.

#### **Financial assets**

The Group's financial assets are classified as loans and receivables. The accounting policies adopted in respect of loans and receivables are set out below.

#### Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset, or, where appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest income is recognised on an effective interest basis for debt instruments.

#### 有權享有供款之服務時扣除列為開支。

退休福利計劃

#### 金融工具

當集團實體成為工具之訂約條文之訂約 方時,金融資產及金融負債於財務狀況 報表確認。

定額退休福利計劃之供款乃於僱員提供

金融資產及金融負債初步按公平值計 算。因收購或發行金融資產及金融負債 而直接應佔之交易成本於初步確認時按 適用情況加入或扣自該項金融資產或金 融負債之公平值。

#### 金融資產

本集團之金融資產分類為貸款及應收款 項。本集團就貸款及應收款項所採納之 會計政策載列如下。

#### 實際利率法

實際利率法乃計算金融資產之攤銷成本 及按有關期間攤分利息收入的方法。實 際利率乃將於初次確認時之賬面淨值的 估計日後現金收入(包括所有支付或收取 構成整體實際利率的所有費用、交易成 本及其他溢價或折讓)按金融資產之預期 使用年期,或較短期間(倘合適)實際折 現之利率。

就債務工具而言,利息收入按實際利率 基準確認。

> 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

### 3. 主要會計政策 (續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

貸款及應收款項

貸款及應收款項乃不在活躍市場掛牌之 固定或可釐定付款之非衍生金融資產。 於初步確認後、貸款及應收款項(包括貿 易及其他應收賬項、應收共同控制實體 款、應收聯營公司款、銀行結存及現 金、定期銀行存款及已抵押銀行存款)均 按採用實際利率法計算之已攤銷成本減 任何已識別減值虧損入賬(金融資產減值 虧損之會計政策見下文)。

#### 金融資產之減值

金融資產會於各報告期完結時評定是否 有減值跡象。當有客觀證據顯示金融資 產之預期未來現金流量因於初步確認該 金融資產後發生之一項或多項事件而受 到影響時,即對該金融資產確認減值。

減值之客觀證據可包括:

- 發行人或交易對手出現重大財政困 難;或
- 違反合約,如未能繳付或延遲償還
   利息或本金;或
- 借款人有可能面臨破產或財務重 組;或
- 因為出現財政困難而導致該財務資 產失去活躍市場。

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

#### Financial assets (Continued)

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables (including trade and other receivables, amounts due from jointly controlled entities, amounts due from associates, bank balances and cash, fixed bank deposits and pledged bank deposits) are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any identified impairment losses (see accounting policy on impairment loss on financial assets below).

#### Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of each reporting period. Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the financial assets have been affected.

Objective evidence of impairment could include:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty; or
- breach of contract, such as default or delinquency in interest or principal payments; or
- it becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or financial re-organisation; or
- the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

## 3. 主要會計政策 (續)

#### 金融工具(續)

金融資產之減值(續)

就若干金融資產類別而言,如貿易應收 款,不會單獨作出減值之資產會於其後 彙集一併評估減值。應收款項組合出現 減值之客觀證據包括本集團過往收款記 錄、組合內超出90天平均信貸期之延遲 付款數量有所增加、國家或地區經濟狀 況出現明顯變動導致應收款項未能償 還。

就按攤銷成本入賬之金融資產而言,減 值虧損乃當有客觀證據證明資產減值時 於損益中確認,並按該資產之賬面值與 按原先實際利率折讓之估計未來現金流 量現值的差額計量。

所有金融資產之減值虧損會直接於金融 資產之賬面值中作出扣減,惟貿易應收 款、應收共同控制實體款及應收關連公 司款除外,其賬面值會透過撥備賬作出 扣減。撥備賬內之賬面值變動會於損益 中確認。當貿易應收款被視為不可收回 時,其將於撥備賬內撇銷。之前已撇銷 的款項如其後收回,將撥回損益內。

就按攤銷成本入賬之金融資產而言,倘 減值虧損額於隨後期間有所減少,而有 關減少在客觀上與確認減值後發生之事 件有關,則先前已確認之減值虧損將透 過損益予以撥回,惟該資產於減值被撥 回當日之賬面值不得超過未確認減值時 之已攤銷成本。

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### Financial instruments (Continued)

#### Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

For certain categories of financial asset, such as trade receivables, assets that are assessed not to be impaired individually are subsequently assessed for impairment on a collective basis. Objective evidence of impairment for a portfolio of receivables could include the Group's past experience of collecting payments, an increase in the number of delayed payments in the portfolio past the average credit period of 90 days, observable changes in national or local economic conditions that correlate with default on receivables.

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss when there is objective evidence that the asset is impaired, and is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables, amounts due from jointly controlled entities and amounts due from associates, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognised in profit or loss. When trade receivables are considered uncollectible, they are written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited to profit or loss.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, if, in a subsequent period, the amount of impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the asset at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

> 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

## 3. 主要會計政策 (續)

#### 金融工具(續)

#### 金融負債及股權工具

集團實體發行之金融負債及股權工具乃 根據合同安排之實質與金融負債及股權 工具之定義分類。

股權工具乃證明本集團資產扣減所有負 債後存在剩餘權益之任何合同。

實際利率法

實際利率法乃計算金融負債的攤銷成本 及按有關期間攤分利息支出之方法。實 際利率乃將於初次確認時之賬面淨值的 估計未來現金付款按金融負債之預期年 限,或較短期間(倘合適)實際折現之利 率。

利息支出按實際利率基準確認。

#### 金融負債

金融負債包括貿易及其他應付款、應付 聯營公司款及借款乃隨後採用實際利息 法按已攤銷成本計量。

#### 股權工具

本公司發行之股權工具乃按已收所得款 項(扣除直接發行成本)入賬。

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### Financial instruments (Continued)

#### Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities.

#### Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest expense is recognised on an effective interest basis.

#### Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities including trade and other payables, amounts due to associates and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

#### Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

## 3. 主要會計政策 (續)

#### 金融工具(續)

#### 不再確認

若從資產收取現金流之權利已到期,或 金融資產已轉讓及本集團已將其於金融 資產擁有權之絕大部分風險及回報轉 移,則金融資產將被取消確認。

於完全不再確認金融資產時,資產賬面 值與已收及應收代價之差額及直接於其 他全面收入確認之累計損益將於損益賬 中確認。

當有關合約所訂明責任獲解除、取消或 屆滿時,金融負債將被解除確認。解除 確認之金融負債之賬面值與已付或應付 代價間之差額於虧損中確認。

#### 撥備

倘本集團現時就過去事件承擔責任,且 本集團有可能須履行責任時,則須確認 撥備。撥備乃根據於報告期間結束時按 償還現有責任所需代價之最佳估算及計 入該責任之風險及不確定因素後計量。 倘撥備乃按履行現有責任之估計現金流 量計量,其賬面值為該等現金流量(倘影 響屬重大)之現值。

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### Financial instruments (Continued)

#### Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the assets expire, or the financial assets are transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial assets.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirely, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised directly in other comprehensive income is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expires. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid or payable is recognised in profit or loss.

#### **Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation as a result of a past event, and it is probable that the Group will be required to settle that obligation. Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. Where a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (where the effect is material).

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

### 3. 主要會計政策 (續)

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### 外幣

編製每間個別集團實體之財務報告時, 以該實體功能貨幣以外之貨幣(外幣)所 進行交易乃以其功能貨幣(即該實體運營 之主要經濟環境之貨幣)按交易日期之主 要匯率入賬。於報告期完結時,以外幣 列值之貨幣項目乃按當日之主要匯率重 新換算。按公平值以外幣入賬之非貨幣 項目則按釐定公平值當日之匯率重新換 算。以外幣歷史成本計量之非貨幣項目 則不予重新換算。

貨幣項目結算及貨幣項目重新換算產生 之匯兑差額乃於產生之期間確認為溢利 或虧損。以公平值列賬之非貨幣項目重 新換算產生之匯兑差額於該期間計入損 益,惟重新換算直接於其他全面收益內 確認收益或虧損之非貨幣項目產生之滙 兑差額除外,在此情況下,匯兑差額亦 直接於其他全面收益內確認。

就呈列綜合財務報告而言,本集團以各 自集團實體之功能貨幣(港元除外)列賬 之實體的資產及負債按於報告期完結時 現行的利率換算為本集團之呈列貨幣(即 港元),而彼等之收入及開支則按本年的 平均匯率換算,惟倘期內匯率顯著波動 則除外,於該情況下,則採用交易日期 之主要匯率。所產生之匯兑差額(如有) 乃確認為其他全面收入,並於權益內累 計(匯兑儲備)。

#### **Foreign currencies**

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recorded in the respective functional currency (i.e. the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates) at the rates of exchanges prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the retranslation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. Exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items carried at fair value are included in profit or loss for the period except for exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognised directly in other comprehensive income, in which case, the exchange differences are also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

For the purposes of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the group entities which are stated at functional currency of the respective group entity other than Hong Kong dollars are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. Hong Kong dollars) at the rate of exchange prevailing at the end of the reporting period, and their income and expenses are translated at the average exchange rates for the year, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during the period, in which case, the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity (the exchange reserve).

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

## 3. 主要會計政策 (續)

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### **外幣**(續)

自二零一零年一月一日起,於出售海外 業務(即出售本集團於該海外業務之全部 權益,或涉及失去包含海外業務的附屬 公司控制權之出售、涉及失去包含海外 業務的共同控制實體共同控制權之出 售,或涉及失去對包含海外業務的聯營 公司重大影響之出售)時,就本公司擁有 人應佔之業務於權益累計之所有匯兑差 額重新列入損益。此外,倘部份出售並 未導致本集團失去對擁有海外業務之附 屬公司的控制,則按比例將累積外匯差 額重新歸類為非控制性權益,而並不於 損益內確認。對於所有其他部份出售(即 部份出售聯營公司或共同控制實體,而 並無造成本集團失去重大影響力或共同 控制權),按此比例將累積外匯差額重新 歸類為損益。

此外,於出售與本公司擁有相同功能貨 幣之集團實體時,於折算為呈列貨幣時 產生之匯兑差額則直接轉撥至累計虧 損。

#### Foreign currencies (Continued)

From I January 2010 onwards, on the disposal of a foreign operation (i.e. a disposal of the Group's entire interest in a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, a disposal involving loss of joint control over a jointly controlled entity that includes a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of significant influence over an associate that includes a foreign operation), all of the exchange differences accumulated in equity in respect of that operation attributable to the owners of the Company are reclassified to profit or loss. In addition, in relation to a partial disposal of a subsidiary that does not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiary, the proportionate share of accumulated exchange differences are re-attributed to noncontrolling interests and are not recognised in profit or loss. For all other partial disposals (i.e. partial disposals of associates or jointly controlled entities that do not result in the Group losing significant influence or joint control), the proportionate share of the accumulated exchange differences is reclassified to profit or loss.

Additionally, on disposal of group entities which has the same function currency as the Company, the exchange differences arising on translation to presentation currency are transferred directly to accumulated losses.

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

### 4. 估計不確定性之主要來源

對下一財政期間之資產及負債賬面值具 重大調整風險,其關於未來之主要假設 以及於報告期結束時之其他不確定性之 主要來源載於下文。

#### 估計共同控制實體減值

釐訂就共同控制實體之權益確認之減值 虧損或減值虧損撥回須估計其可收回金 額。可收回金額按使用價值計算得出, 方法為以反映有關共同控制實體貨幣時 間價值及風險之現行市場評估的貼現 率,估計本集團應佔預期來自共同控制 實體之估計未來現金流量的現值。於二 零一零年十二月三十一日,於共同控制 實體之權益賬面值為1,222,069,000港元 (二零零九年:1,054,117,000港元)。可 收回金額詳情披露於附註19。

#### 估計商譽減值

釐定商譽是否出現減值須估計獲分配商 譽之現金產生單位之使用價值。使用價 值計算要求本集團估計預期產生自現金 產生單位之日後現金流量及合適之折現 率以計算現值。倘日後實際現金流量少 於預期流量,則可能會產生重大減值虧 損。於二零一零年十二月三十一日,商 譽之賬面值為4,903,000港元(二零零九 年:9,252,000港元)。可收回金額之計 算詳情披露於附註17。

## 4. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

The key assumption concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial period, are discussed below.

#### Estimated impairment of jointly controlled entities

Determining impairment loss or reversal of impairment loss recognized in respect of interests in jointly controlled entities requires estimation of their recoverable amounts. The recoverable amount is determined from value in use calculation by estimating the Group's share of the present value of the estimated future cash flows expected to be generated by the jointly controlled entities, using discount rates which reflect current market assessments of the time value of money and the risk specific to the jointly controlled entities. As at 31 December 2010, the carrying amounts of interests in jointly controlled entities are HK\$1,222,069,000 (2009: HK\$1,054,117,000). Details of the recoverable amount calculation are disclosed in note 19.

#### Estimated impairment of goodwill

Determining whether goodwill is impaired requires an estimation of the value in use of the cash-generating units to which goodwill has been allocated. The value in use calculation requires the Group to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from the cashgenerating unit and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value. Where the actual future cash flows are less than expected, a material impairment loss may arise. As at 31 December 2010, the carrying amount of goodwill is HK\$4,903,000 (2009: HK\$9,252,000). Details of the recoverable amount calculation are disclosed in note 17.

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

# **4. 估計不確定性之主要來源**

#### 估計貿易應收款及應收聯營公司款減值

當有客觀證據顯示減值虧損,本集團會考 慮估算未來現金流量。減值虧損金額按該 資產之賬面值與按金融資產之原先實際利 率(即初步確認時計算之實際利率)折讓之 估計未來現金流量(不包括未產生之未來 信貸虧損)現值的差額計量。倘日後實際 現金流量少於預期流量,則可能會產生重 大減值虧損。於二零一零年十二月三十一 日,貿易應收款及應收聯營公司款之賬面 值分別為177,392,000港元(二零零九 年:50,770,000港元) (經扣除呆壞賬撥備 147,185,000港元(二零零九年: 144,202,000港元))及3,457,000港元(二 零零九年:212,583,000港元) (經扣除聯 營公司減值虧損23,383,000港元(二零零 九年:23,383,000港元))。

### 5. 營業額

本集團於本年度的營業額分析如下:

## 4. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

# Estimated impairment of trade receivables and amounts due from associates

When there is objective evidence of impairment loss, the Group takes into consideration the estimation of future cash flows. The amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e. the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition). Where the actual future cash flows are less than expected, a material impairment loss may arise. As at 31 December 2010, the carrying amounts of trade receivables and amounts due from associates are HK\$177,392,000 (2009: HK\$50,770,000), net of allowance for doubtful debts of HK\$147,185,000 (2009: HK\$212,583,000), net of impairment loss for an associate of HK\$23,383,000 (2009: HK\$23,383,000) respectively.

#### 5. TURNOVER

An analysis of the Group's turnover for the year is as follows:

		2010	2009
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
貨品銷售	Sales of goods	383,026	298,135
出售來自風場運營	Sales of electricity from		
之電力	operation of wind farm	32,228	31,543
銷售風力發電相關產品	Sales of wind energy related products	264,745	314,565
服務收入	Revenue from services	18,084	19,130
		(00.002	(() ) 77
		698,083	663,373

綜合財務報表附註

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

. . . . . . .

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

#### 6. 分類資料

向本公司董事會(即主要營運決策者)呈 報之資料,目的為以交付貨物或提供服 務之種類劃分業務分類,進而分配資源 並評估分類業績。

具體而言,本集團根據香港財務報告準 則第8號之經營及報告分類如下:

風力發電 ·	_	從事風力發電相關產品
相關產品		之製造及出售

- 風場運營 出售來自風場運營 之電力
- 稀土電機 製造及分銷升降機電機 產品
- 材料貿易 化工材料貿易
- 電訊業務 開發、製造及分銷通訊 產品、智能交通系統產 品、寬帶系統、設備及 配件
- 下文呈報有關該等分類之資料。

#### 6. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Information reported to the Board of Directors of the Company, being the chief operating decision maker, for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance focuses on types of goods or services delivered or provided.

Specifically, the Group's operating and reportable segments under HKFRS 8 are as follows:

Wind Energy Related Products		Manufacture and sales of wind energy related products
Operation of Wind Farm	—	Sales of electricity from operation of wind farm
REPM Products		Manufacture and distribution of elevator motors
Trading of Materials	—	Trading of chemical materials
Telecommunication Business		Development, manufacture and distribution of communication products, ITS, broadband systems, equipment and accessories

Information regarding these segments is presented below.

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

#### 6. 分類資料 (續)

#### 6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

#### 分類收益及業績

#### Segment revenue and results

本集團按經營及報告分類之營業額及業 績分析如下: The following is an analysis of the Group's turnover and results by operating and reportable segment.

#### 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度

#### For the year ended 31 December 2010

		風力發電 相關產品 Wind Energy Related Products 千港元 HK\$'000	風場運營 Operation of Wind Farm 千港元 HK\$'000	稀土 電機產品 REPM Products <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000	材料貿易 Trading of Materials 千港元 HK\$'000	電訊業務 Tele- communication Business <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000	综合 Consolidated <i>千港元</i> HK\$*000
營業額	TURNOVER						
對外銷售	External sales	264,745	32,228	52,577	272,551	75,982	698,083
業績	RESULT						
分類業績	Segment result	(30,583)	63,899	(22,051)	2,166	(43,882)	(30,451)
未經分配公司費用 未經分配其他收入 財務成本 投資物業公平值增加 有關共同控制實體	Unallocated corporate expenses Unallocated other income Finance costs Increase in fair value of investment property						(56,935) 7,479 (52,997) 6,612
有關共回	Reversal of impairment loss recognised in respect of interest in a jointly controlled						102,632
應佔共同控制實體業績	entity Share of results of jointly controlled entities						145,872
除税前溢利	Profit before taxation						122,212

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

综合財務報表附註

#### 6. 分類資料 (續) 6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued) 分類收益及業績(續) Segment revenue and results (Continued) 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2009 風力發電 相關產品 風場運營 電訊業務 稀土 電機產品 Operation 材料貿易 Tele-Wind Energy 綜合 of Wind REPM Related Trading of communication Products Farm Products Materials **B**usiness Consolidated 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 營業額 TURNOVER 對外銷售 External sales 314,565 31.543 56,140 170.842 90.283 663,373 業績 RESULT 分類業績 Segment result (18,948) 47.577 (4,083) 490 (3,431) 21.605 未經分配公司費用 Unallocated corporate expenses (47,936) 未經分配其他收入 Unallocated other income 5,540 財務成本 Finance costs (53,051) 投資物業公平值増加 Increase in fair value of investment property 3,420 有關共同控制實體 Reversal of impairment 確認之減值虧損撥回 loss recognised in respect of interest in a jointly controlled entity 55,189 應佔共同控制實體業績 Share of results of jointly controlled entities 93,125 Profit before taxation 77.892 除税前溢利

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

#### 6. 分類資料 (續)

#### 分類收益及業績(續)

分類業績指各分類賺取或產生的除税前 溢利,不包括不能分配的財務成本、投 資物業公平值收益或虧損及對共同控制 實體權益之減值虧損撥回、應佔共同控 制實體業績,以及未經分配其他收入及 未經分配公司費用,如主要行政成本及 董事薪金。應佔聯營公司溢利 33,689,000港元(二零零九年: 25,379,000港元)及應佔共同控制實體虧 損5,659,000港元(二零零九年: 18,495,000港元)分配至報告分類。此乃 就資源分配及分類績效評估而言,向本 集團執行董事呈報的計量。

#### 6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

#### Segment revenue and results (Continued)

Segment results represent the profit before taxation earned or incurred by each segment, excluding finance costs, fair value gain or loss on investment property, reversal of impairment loss in respect of interest in a jointly controlled entity, share of results of jointly controlled entities all of which cannot be allocated, unallocated other income and corporate expenses such as central administration costs and directors' salaries. Share of profit of associates of HK\$33,689,000 (2009: HK\$25,379,000) and share of loss of jointly controlled entities of HK\$5,659,000 (2009: HK\$18,495,000) were allocated to reportable segments. This is the measure reported to the Group's Executive Directors for the purpose of resources allocation and assessment of segment performance.

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

綜合財務報表附註

#### 6. 分類資料 (續)

#### 6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

#### 分類資產及負債

#### Segment assets and liabilities

At 31 December 2010

本集團按報告分類之資產及負債分析如 下:

於二零一零年十二月三十一日

## operating and reportable segment.

The following is an analysis of the Group's assets and liabilities by

		風力發電					
		相關產品	風場運營	稀土		電訊業務	
		Wind Energy	Operation	電機產品	材料貿易	Tele-	
		Related	of Wind	REPM	Trading of co	mmunication	綜合
		Products	Farm	Products	Materials	Business	Consolidated
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
次玄	ACCETC						
資產	ASSETS	700 (00		50.042	(0.505	/	
分類資產	Segment assets	782,602	500,447	58,043	60,597	77,617	1,479,306
於共同控制	Interests in jointly						
實體之權益	controlled entities						1,147,150
未經分配	Unallocated						
公司資產	corporate assets						483,535
綜合資產總值	Consolidated total assets						3,109,991
負債	LIABILITIES						
分類負債	Segment liabilities	305,297	95,206	15,886	98,325	46,400	561,114
未經分配	Unallocated						
公司負債	corporate liabilities						789,710
綜合負債總值	Consolidated total liabilities						1,350,824

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

# 6. 分類資料(續) 6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued) 分類資產及負債(續) Segment assets and liabilities (Continued) 於二零零九年十二月三十一日 At 31 December 2009 風力發電 周期產品 風場運営 経十 雪割業務

		相關產品	風場運營	稀土		電訊業務	
		Wind Energy	Operation	電機產品	材料貿易	Tele-	
		Related	of Wind	REPM	Trading of co	mmunication	綜合
		Products	Farm	Products	Materials	Business	Consolidated
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
資產	ASSETS						
分類資產	Segment assets	761,104	478,386	83,563	21,847	114,666	1,459,566
於共同控制	Interests in jointly						
實體之權益	controlled entities						978,114
未經分配	Unallocated						
公司資產	corporate assets						691,499
綜合資產總值	Consolidated total assets						3,129,179
負債	LIABILITIES						
分類負債	Segment liabilities	421,089	96,518	31,944	32,081	61,573	643,205
未經分配	Unallocated						
公司負債	corporate liabilities						841,176
綜合負債總值	Consolidated total liabilities						1,484,381

為監察分類績效及分配分類間資源:

- 除不可分配的於共同控制實體之權
   益、投資物業及其他金融資產(主要
   由銀行結餘及現金組成),所有資產
   都分配至報告分類。商譽按附註17
   所描述之方式分配至報告分類;及
- 除不可分配之若干借貸及遞延税項
   外,所有負債分配至報告分類。

For the purpose of monitoring segment performance and allocating resources between segments:

- all assets are allocated to reportable segments other than interests in jointly controlled entities which cannot be allocated, investment properties, and other financial assets that comprise mainly bank balances and cash. Goodwill is allocated to reportable segments as described in note 17; and
- all liabilities are allocated to reportable segments other than certain borrowings which cannot be allocated and deferred tax liabilities.

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

综合財務報表附註

#### 6. 分類資料 (續)

#### 6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

#### 其他分類資料

於二零一零年十二月三十一日

## Other segment information

#### At 31 December 2010

		風力發電 相關產品 Wind Energy Related	風場運營 Operation of Wind	稀土 電機產品 REPM	-	電訊業務 Tele- communication	未經分配	綜合
		Products	Farm	Products	Materials	Business	Unallocated	Consolidated
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
包括在計量分部溢利	Amounts included in the							
或虧損或分部資產	measure of segment profit							
之金額:	or loss or segment assets:							
物業、廠房及	Addition of property,							
設備添置	plant and equipment	14,083	8,684	180	-	9,444	78	32,469
物業、廠房及	Depreciation of property,							
設備折舊	plant and equipment	10,260	12,114	1,705	-	5,673	784	30,536
呆賬撥備	Allowance for doubtful debts	-	-	7,280	-	52	-	7,332
陳舊存貨撥備	Allowance for obsolete							
	inventories	-	-	-	-	8,050	-	8,050
處置物業、廠房	Loss on disposal of property,							
及設備虧損	plant and equipment	2	-	-	-	6,196	-	6,198
於聯營公司之權益	Interests in associates	93,403	216,587	-	-	13,970	-	323,960
於共同控制	Interests in jointly controlled							
實體之權益	entities	14,698	60,221	-	-	-	1,147,150	1,222,069
於商譽確認之	Impairment loss recognized							
減值虧損	in respect of goodwill	-	-	7,284	-	-	-	7,284
應佔聯營公司	Share of profit (loss)							
溢利(虧損)	of associates	-	35,263	-	-	(1,574)	-	33,689
應佔共同控制	Share of (loss) profit of							
實體(虧損)溢利	jointly controlled entities	(13,240)	7,581	-	-	-	145,872	140,213

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

#### 6. 分類資料 (續) 6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued) 其他分類資料(續) **Other segment information** (Continued) 於二零零九年十二月三十一日 At 31 December 2009 風力發電 相關產品 風場運營 稀土 電訊業務 Wind Energy Operation 電機產品 材料貿易 Tele-綜合 REPM 未經分配 Related of Wind Trading of communication Products Farm Products Materials **Business** Unallocated Consolidated 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 包括在計量分部溢利 Amounts included in the 或虧損或分部資產 measure of segment profit 之余額: or loss or segment assets: 物業、廠房及 Addition of property, 設備添置 plant and equipment 100,304 18 12 6,050 1,741 108,125 物業、廠房及 Depreciation of property, 設備折舊 plant and equipment 6,723 11,764 1,677 6,119 1,837 28,120 呆賬撥備(撥回) (Reversal of) allowance for doubtful debts 3.611 2,121 5.538 (194) 陳舊存貨撥備 Allowance for obsolete inventories 6,349 6,349 處置物業、廠房 Loss on disposal of property, 及設備虧損 plant and equipment 62 6 68 於聯營公司之權益 Interests in associates 204,875 22,405 227,280 於共同控制 Interests in jointly controlled 實體之權益 entities 24,272 51,731 978,114 1,054,117 應佔聯營公司 Share of (loss) profit (虧損)溢利 of associates (1,422) 26,528 273 25,379

應佔共同控制

實體(虧損)溢利

Share of (loss) profit of jointly

(18,495)

93.125

74.630

controlled entities

综合財務報表附註

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

#### 6. 分類資料 (續) 6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

#### 地區分類

Geographical information

本集團之業務位於香港及中國之其他地 區。 The Group's operations are located in Hong Kong and other regions of the PRC.

- (i) 本集團來自外界客戶之營業額詳情如 下:
- (i) The Group's revenue from external customers are detailed below:

		2010	2009
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
中國其他地區	Other regions of the PRC	676,293	614,371
香港	Hong Kong	924	31,825
美國	United States of America	17,690	17,119
其他	Others	3,176	58
		698,083	663,373

- (ii) 按資產地理位置分類的本集團非流 動資產(金融工具除外)有關的資料 詳情如下:
- (ii) Information about the Group's non-current assets (excluding financial instruments) by geographical location of the assets are detailed below:

		Carry	)資產賬面值 ing amount surrent assets
		2010 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000	2009 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000
中國其他地區 香港	Other regions of the PRC Hong Kong	1,922,963 55,310	1,677,549 33,107
		1,978,273	1,710,656

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

#### 6. 分類資料 (續)

#### 6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

#### 有關主要客戶資料

( [ N/A ] ) ∘

#### Information about major customers

貢獻超過本集團營業額10%的客戶於相應年度營業額如下:

Revenues from customers of the corresponding years contributing over 10% of the total sales of the Group are as follows:

				2010	2009	
				千港元	千港元	
				HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
客戶	<sup>≤</sup> A <sup>1</sup> Customer	AI		265,048	170,684	
客戶	<sup>≤</sup> B <sup>2</sup> Customer	B <sup>2</sup>		222,265	N/A <sup>3</sup>	
客戶	<sup>≤</sup> C <sup>2</sup> Customer	C <sup>2</sup>		<b>N/A</b> <sup>3</sup>	314,565	
1	材料貿易營業額	I	Revenue from Trading of Materials			
2	風力發電相關產品營業額		Revenue from Wind Energy Related Products			
3	相應營業額對本集團總營業額貢獻未超		The corresponding revenue did not contribute over 10% of the total			
	過10%。因此,特定客戶披露為不適用		sales of the Group, thus, disclosu	re for the speci	ific customers is not	

applicable ("N/A").

116 中國航天萬源國際(集團)有限公司

7. OTHER INCOME

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

2009

千港元

6,772

2,555

1,292

3,288

#### 2010 千港元 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 其他收入包括: Other income comprises: 清潔發展機制收入 Clean Development Mechanism income 7,722 政府補助(附註) Government grants (Note) 35,174 租金收入 Rental income 1,315 利息收入 Interest income - 銀行結餘 bank balances 3,842 - 給予共同控制實體之墊款 1,577 - advance to a jointly controlled entity

#### 附註:

7. 其他收入

計入政府補助之金額中32,248,000港元(二零 零九年:無)為本集團中國政府機關獲授予產 業發展專項扶持基金,用作鼓勵發展風力發電 行業及本集團持續參與本集團經營所在經濟區 之發展。金額360,000港元(二零零九年:無) 為中國政府/機關就購建物業、廠房及設備 (附註 30) 而授予本集團之補助。餘額 2,566,000港元(二零零九年:2,555,000港元) 即中國税務機關就增值税減免授予本集團之補 助。

#### Note:

Included in government grants is an amount of HK\$32,248,000 (2009: Nil), representing subsidies granted to the Group by PRC governmental authorities to encourage the development of the wind energy industry and the Group's continuous involvement in developing the economic zones in which the Group is operating. An amount of HK\$360,000 (2009: Nil) represents subsidies granted to the Group by PRC government/authorities for the purpose of financing the acquisition of property, plant and equipment (note 30). The remaining HK\$2,566,000 (2009: HK\$2,555,000) represents subsidies granted to the Group by PRC tax authorities on VAT reduction.

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

#### 8. 其他收益及虧損

#### 8. OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES

		2010 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000	2009 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000
出售附屬公司之收益 (附註35a)	Gain on disposal of interest in a subsidiary (note 35a)	3,162	_
出售聯營公司之收益 視作出售附屬公司權益	Gain on disposal of interest in an associate Loss on deemed disposal of interest in	587	_
之虧損(附註35b) 確認有關貿易應收款之減值	a subsidiary (note 35b) Impairment losses recognised in respect	(191)	(5,520)
虧損 出售物業、廠房及設備之虧損 已確認匯过(虧損)/收益淨額	of trade receivables Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment Net exchange (loss)/gain recognised	(7,332) (6,198) (2,286)	(5,538) (68) 266
		(12,258)	(5,340)

## 9. 財務成本

#### 9. FINANCE COSTS

		2010	2009
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
銀行及其他貸款利息支出:	Interest on bank and other loans:		
-須於五年內悉數償還	<ul> <li>wholly repayable within five years</li> </ul>	48,140	46,865
- 不須於五年內悉數償還	- not wholly repayable within five years	4,857	6,186
		52,997	53,051

> 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

		2010	2009
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
本年度税項支出包括:	Tax charge for the year comprises:		
中國企業所得税	PRC Enterprise Income Tax		
本年度	Current year	17,197	5,504
往年超額撥備	Overprovision in prior years	-	(1,050)
		17,197	4,454
遞延税項支出(附註29)	Deferred tax charge (note 29)	5,977	5,366
已支付之中國預扣税(附註29)	PRC withholding tax paid (note 29)	(3,046)	(2,729)
		20,128	7,091

#### 10.TAXATION

10.税項

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

#### 10.税項(續)

#### **IO.TAXATION** (Continued)

本年度税項支出與除税前溢利之對賬如 下: The reconciliation of tax charge for the year to the profit before taxation is as follows:

除税前溢利	Profit before taxation	2010 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000	2009 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000
尓 /坈 刖 /血 忄] 	Front Delore taxation	122,212	77,892
按中國企業所得税税率25%	Tax charge at PRC Enterprise		
之税項支出	Income Tax rate of 25% (2009: 25%)		
(二零零九年:25%)		30,553	19,473
應佔聯營公司	Share of results of associates and		
及共同控制實體業績	jointly controlled entities	(43,476)	(25,002)
就税務不可扣除開支	Tax effect of expenses not		
之税務影響	deductible for tax purpose	20,193	9,139
未經確認不可扣除	Tax effect of deductible temporary		
臨時差額之税務影響	differences not recognised	84	1,843
就税務不須課税的	Tax effect of income not taxable for tax purpose	(40,885)	(16,860)
收入之税務影響			
未經確認虧損之税務影響	Tax effect of losses not recognised	44,485	4,93
動用先前未經確認之税項虧損	Utilisation of tax losses previously not recognised	(2,264)	(456)
未經分配來自中國	Tax effect of temporary differences attributable		
附屬公司溢利臨時	to undistributed profits of PRC subsidiaries	9,302	4,512
差額之税務影響			
在其他司法權區經營業務的	Effect of different tax rates of subsidiaries		
附屬公司之不同税率影響	operating in other jurisdictions	3,134	2,048
授予中國一間附屬公司	Effect of tax concessions/exemptions granted		
税務寬減/豁免之影響	to a subsidiary in the PRC	(998)	(1,487)
往年超額撥備	Overprovision in prior years	-	(1,050)
本年度税項支出	Tax charge for the year	20,128	7,091

**10.TAXATION** (Continued)

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

#### 10.税項(續)

由於本集團於年內並無應課税溢利,故 並未計提香港利得税。

根據中華人民共和國企業所得税法(「企 業所得税法」)及企業所得税法實施細 則,中國附屬公司之税率自二零零八年 一月一日開始為25%。

根據中國相關法律及規例,本集團其中 一間中國附屬公司自二零零七年(即首個 獲利年度)起頭兩年獲豁免中國所得税, 並於之後三年獲免50%。

No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax has been made as the Group has no assessable profit for the year.

Under the Law of the People's Republic of China on Enterprise Income Tax (the "EIT Law") and Implementation Regulation of the EIT Law, the tax rate of the PRC subsidiaries is 25% from I January 2008 onwards.

Pursuant to the relevant laws and regulations in the PRC, one of the Company's PRC subsidiaries is exempted from PRC income tax for two years starting from year 2007, which was their first profit-making year, followed by a 50% reduction for the next three years.

#### **II.PROFIT FOR THE YEAR**

		2010 千港元 HK\$'000	2009 千港元 HK\$'000
本年度溢利已於扣除	Profit for the year has been		
下列各項後達致:	arrived at after charging:		
董事酬金	Directors' emoluments	3,991	3,184
其他員工成本	Other staff costs	56,303	46,664
其他僱員退休福利	Other staff's retirement		
計劃供款	benefits scheme contributions	5,014	4,955
		65,308	54,803
呆賬撥備	Allowance for doubtful debts	7,332	5,538
核數師酬金	Auditor's remuneration	2,900	2,800
確認為開支之存貨成本	Cost of inventories recognised as an expense		
(包括陳舊存貨撥備	(including allowance for obsolete inventories		
8,050,000港元	of HK\$8,050,000 (2009: HK\$6,349,000))	657,995	564,479
(二零零九年:			
6,349,000港元))			
物業、廠房及設備之折舊	Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	30,536	28,120
就土地及樓宇之經營	Minimum lease payments under operating		
租約之已付最低租金	leases in respect of land and buildings	9,438	7,554
研發開支	Research and development expenses	6,818	3,387

#### 11.本年度溢利

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

#### 12.董事及僱員酬金

(a) 董事

#### 12.DIRECTORS' AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS

#### (a) Directors

已付或應付十一位(二零零九年:八 位)董事各自之酬金如下:

The emoluments paid or payable to each of the eleven (2009: eight) directors were as follows:

			2010				20	)09	
			其他	間金			其他	1酬金	
			Other en	noluments			Other en	noluments	
			薪金及	退休福利			薪金及	退休福利	
			其他福利	計劃供款			其他福利	計劃供款	
			Salaries	Retirement			Salaries	Retirement	
			and	benefits			and		
	Name of	袍金	other	scheme	總計	袍金	other	scheme	總計
董事姓名	director	Fees	benefits	contributions	Total	Fees	benefits	contributions	Total
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
韓樹旺	Han Shuwang	-	1,570	_	1,570	_	1,530	_	1,530
王曉東	Wang Xiaodong	-	1,245	12	1,257	_	1,130	12	1,142
臧偉**	Zang Wei**	-	408	-	408	_	_	_	_
王利軍**	Wang Lijun**	-	306	-	306	_	_	_	_
吳江*	Wu Jiang*	-	-	-	-	_	_	_	_
唐國宏*	Tang Guohong*	-	-	-	-	_	_	_	_
李光	Li Guang	-	-	-	-	_	212	_	212
方世力**	Fang Shili**	-	-	-	-	_	_	_	_
王德臣	Wang Dechen	150	-	-	150	100	_	_	100
簡麗娟	Kan Lai Kuen, Alice	150	-	-	150	100	_	_	100
吳君棟	Gordan Ng	150	-	_	150	100	-	_	100
		450	3,529	12	3,991	300	2,872	12	3,184

\* 該等董事已於截至二零一零年十二 月三十一日止年度內辭任。 \* These directors resigned during the year ended 31 December 2010.

\*\* 該等董事為年內新任董事。

沒有董事於截至二零一零年十二月 三十一日止年度放棄任何酬金(二零 零九年:無)。  $\ast\ast$  These directors are newly appointed during the year.

No directors waived any emoluments in the year ended 31 December 2010 (2009: Nil).

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

综合財務報表附註

#### 12.董事及僱員酬金(續)

#### 12.DIRECTORS' AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

#### (b) 五位最高薪酬僱員

五位最高薪酬僱員包括兩位(二零零 九年:兩位)全年董事及兩位於年內 委任之董事。三位(二零零九年:三 位)最高薪酬僱員(包括年內委任之 兩位董事)之酬金如下:

#### (b) Five highest paid individuals

The five highest paid individuals included two (2009: two) fullyear directors and two directors appointed during the year. The emoluments of the three (2009: three) highest paid individuals including the two directors appointed during the year were as follows:

		2010	2009
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
薪金及其他福利	Salaries and other benefits	2,681	2,544

兩年內支付予上述三位(二零零九 年:三位)最高薪酬僱員每人之每年 總薪酬並無超過1,000,000港元。 The aggregate emoluments paid to each of the above three (2009: three) highest paid individuals for both years did not exceed HK\$1,000,000.

#### 13.股息

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年 度,本集團概無派發或擬派發任何股 息,自報告期完結時以來亦無建議派發 任何股息(二零零九年:無)。 **13.DIVIDEND** 

No dividend was paid or proposed during the year ended 31 December 2010, nor has any dividend been proposed since the end of the reporting period (2009: Nil).

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

#### 14.每股盈利-基本

#### **14.EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC**

本公司擁有人應佔之每股基本盈利乃基 於下列數據計算。 The calculation of the basic earnings per share attributable to owners of the Company is based on the following data.

		2010	2009
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
用作計算每股基本盈利	Earnings for the purpose of		
之盈利	basic earnings per share	96,065	68,033
			份數目 er of shares
		2010	2009
用作計算每股基本盈利	Weighted average number of shares for		
之加權平均股份數目	the purposes of basic earnings per share	3,968,995,668	3,660,858,682

> 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

		2010	2009
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
公平值	FAIR VALUE		
於年初	At beginning of the year	23,940	20,520
匯兑調整	Exchange adjustment	420	—
已於損益確認	Increase in fair value recognised		
之公平值增加	in profit or loss	6,612	3,420
於年終	At end of the year	30,972	23,940

#### 15.投資物業

#### **15.INVESTMENT PROPERTY**

上述按中期租賃年期租賃的投資物業位 於中國深圳。

本集團於二零一零年十二月三十一日之 投資物業公平值由與本集團並無關連之 獨立合資格專業估值師萊坊測計師行有 限公司於同日進行評估。萊坊測計師行 有限公司為估值師公會會員。該項估值 於參考中國深圳類似商用物業之市場交 易價格後作出。

本集團於二零零九年十二月三十一日之 投資物業之公平值已由本公司董事釐 定。獨立合資格專業估值師並無進行任 何估值。本公司董事進行之估值乃於參 考中國深圳類似商用物業最近之市場價 格後作出。

本集團根據獲取租金收益之經營租賃持 有或持作資本增值目的之所有物業權益 均按公平值模式計量,劃分為投資物業 並以投資物業入賬。 The above investment property is located in Shenzhen, the PRC under medium lease term.

The fair value of the Group's investment property at 31 December 2010 has been arrived at on the basis of a valuation carried out on that date by Knight Frank Petty Limited, independent qualified professional valuers not connected with the Group. Knight Frank Petty Limited is a member of the Institute of Valuers. The valuation was arrived at by reference to market evidence of transaction prices for similar commercial properties in Shenzhen, the PRC.

The fair value of the Group's investment property at 31 December 2009 has been determined by the directors of the Company. No valuation has been performed by independent qualified professional valuers. The valuation performed by the directors of the Company was arrived at by reference to recent market prices for similar commercial properties in Shenzhen, the PRC.

All of the Group's property interests held under operating leases to earn rentals or for capital appreciation purposes are measured using the fair value model and are classified and accounted for as investment properties. 綜合財務報表附註

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

16.物業、廠房及設備

#### **16.PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT**

		租賃土地 及樓宇 Leasehold land and buildings 千港元 HK\$'000	廠房、設備 及機器 Plant, equipment and machinery 千港元 HK\$'000	風力發電 廠房及設備 Wind energy plant and equipment 千港元 HK\$'000	模具及 工具 Moulds and tools 千港元 HK\$'000	傢具及 辦公室 設備 Furniture and office equipment 千港元 HK\$*000	汽車 Motor vehicles 千港元 HK\$'000	<b>總額</b> <b>Total</b> HK\$'000
成本	COST							
於二零零九年	At I January 2009							
一月一日		12,872	50,147	257,271	3,525	17,992	12,066	353,873
添置	Additions	_	5,081	79,183	17,856	2,776	3,229	108,125
出售	Disposals	(220)	(318)	—	(91)	( ,  0)	(122)	(1,861)
於二零零九年	At 31 December 2009							
十二月三十一日		12,652	54,910	336,454	21,290	19,658	15,173	460,137
匯兑調整	Exchange adjustment	241	974	6,208	364	88	222	8,097
添置	Additions	_	3,44	11,279	756	4,022	2,971	32,469
透過業務合併	Acquisition through business							
時獲得	combination	—	—	—	—	1,295	—	1,295
出售	Disposals	—	(18,238)	(2,047)	(3,032)	(552)	(36)	(23,905)
出售附屬公司時	Derecognised on disposal of							
取消確認	a subsidiary	—	(20,604)	—	_	(1,083)	(2,486)	(24,173)
視作出售附屬	Derecognised on deemed							
公司時取消確認	disposal of a subsidiary	—	(7,502)		—	(179)	(1,322)	(9,003)
於二零一零年	At 31 December 2010							
十二月三十一日		2,893	22,981	351,894	19,378	23,249	14,522	444,917

综合財務報表附註

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

		租賃土地	廠房、設備 及機器	風力發電 廠房及設備	模具及	傢具及 辦公室		
		<sup>但貝工地</sup> 及樓宇	又做留 Plant,	臧厉反议陠 Wind	(兵兵) 工具	設備		
		Leasehold	equipment	energy	Moulds	Furniture	汽車	
		land and	and	plant and	and	and office	Motor	總額
		buildings	machinery	equipment	tools	equipment	vehicles	Tota
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港注
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'00
折舊	DEPRECIATION							
於二零零九年一月一日	At I January 2009	164	23,348	944	2,775	4, 49	3,232	44,61
本年撥備	Provided for the year	677	6,933	15,432	1,953	1,346	١,779	28,12
出售時沖銷	Eliminated on disposals	(  4)	(159)	—	(51)	(956)	(5)	(1,28
於二零零九年	At 31 December 2009							
十二月三十一日		727	30,122	16,376	4,677	14,539	5,006	71,44
匯兑調整	Exchange adjustment	33	539	590	75	38	55	1,33
本年撥備	Provided for the year	678	6,397	16,686	2,749	2,208	1,818	30,53
出售時沖銷	Eliminated on disposals	—	(12,564)	(461)	(2,617)	(445)	(19)	( 6, 0
出售附屬公司	Eliminated on disposal of							
時沖消	a subsidiary	—	(14,423)	—	—	(746)	(620)	(15,78
視作出售附屬公司	Eliminated on deemed disposal							
時沖消	of a subsidiary	_	(32)			(34)	(94)	(16
於二零一零年	At 31 December 2010							
十二月三十一日		1,438	10,039	33,191	4,884	15,560	6,146	71,25
賬面淨值	CARRYING VALUES							
於二零一零年	At 31 December 2010							
十二月三十一日		11,455	12,942	318,703	4,494	7,689	8,376	373,65
於二零零九年	At 31 December 2009							
十二月三十一日		11,925	24,788	320,078	16,613	5,119	10,167	388,69

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

#### 16.物業、廠房及設備(續)

及機器

模具及工具

辦公室設備

傢具及

汽車

風力發電廠房 及設備

#### **I6.PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT** (Continued)

上述有關物業、廠房及設備之項目以直 線法按以下年率折舊: 租賃土地及 3-5%或尚餘租賃年 樓宇 期,以較短者為準 廠房、設備

9-15%

5-15%

10-25%

18-25%

25%

The above items of property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight line basis at the following rates per annum:

Lease	hold land and buildings	3 - 5% or over	the unexpired
		lease terms, which	never is shorter
Plant,	equipment and machinery	9 - 15%	
Wind	energy plant		
anc	l equipment	5 - 15%	
Mould	ds and tools	25%	
Furnit	ure and office		
equ	lipment	10 - 25%	
Moto	r vehicles	18 - 25%	

本集團上述之物業權益為於中國持有中 期租約。 The Group's property interests shown above were held under medium-term leases in the PRC.

> 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

## 17.商譽

#### 17.GOODWILL

	千港元
	HK\$'000
соѕт	
At I January 2009	11,758
Acquisition of additional interest in a subsidiary	704
At 31 December 2009	12,462
Acquisition of interest in a subsidiary	2,899
Exchange adjustment	36
At 31 December 2010	15,397
IMPAIRMENT	
At I January 2009 and	
31 December 2009	3,210
Impairment loss recognised during the year	7,284
At 31 December 2010	10,494
CARRYING VALUES	
At 31 December 2010	4,903
At 31 December 2009	9,252
	At 1 January 2009Acquisition of additional interest in a subsidiaryAt 31 December 2009Acquisition of interest in a subsidiaryExchange adjustmentAt 31 December 2010IMPAIRMENTAt 1 January 2009 and 31 December 2009Impairment loss recognised during the yearAt 31 December 2010CARRYING VALUES At 31 December 2010

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

#### 17.商譽(續)

就減值測試而言,無限期使用年期的商 譽已分配至三個個別現金產生單位,包 括風場運營分類、稀土電機產品分類及 風力發電相關產品分類。下列為於二零 一零年十二月三十一日分配至該等單位 的商譽賬面值:

#### **I7.GOODWILL** (Continued)

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill with indefinite useful lives has been allocated to three individual cash generating units ("CGUs") including the Operation of Wind Farm segment, the REPM Products segment and the Wind Energy Related Products segment. The carrying amounts of goodwill as at 31 December 2010 allocated to these units are as follows:

		2010	2009
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
風場運營	Operation of Wind Farm	2,004	١,968
稀土電機產品	REPM Products	_	7,284
風力發電相關產品	Wind Energy Related Products	2,899	—
		4,903	9,252

年內審閲現金流量預測後,本集團就有 關江蘇航天萬源稀土電機有限公司(「江 蘇稀土電機」)之商譽悉數確認減值虧損 7,284,000港元,此乃由於江蘇稀土電機 之現金產生單位數年來持續蒙受虧損所 致。

本集團使用以最近期財務業績編製的財 務預算而得出之現金流量預測為基準, 審閱餘下之商譽減值,而該預測是以管 理層批准之估計,按風場運營及風力發 電相關產品之分別貼現率13.3%(二零零 九年:11.7%)及11.8%來計算,以反映 貨幣時間值及現金產生單位特定風險之 現有市場評估。管理層相信任何該等假 設之任何可能變動將不會造成賬面總值 超逾總回收金額。 After reviewing the cash flow forecast during the year, the Group recognised full impairment loss of HK\$7,284,000 in relation to the goodwill of Jiangsu Aerospace Wan Yuan REPM Motor Co., Ltd. ("Jiangsu REPM") as Jiangsu REPM cash generating unit has sustained losses continuously for several years.

The Group performed impairment review for the remaining goodwill based on cash flow forecasts derived from the financial budgets which was prepared by using the most recent financial results with projections approved by management at discount rates of 13.3% (2009: 11.7%) for Operation of Wind Farm and 11.8% for Wind Energy Related Products, which reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the CGUs. Management believes that any reasonably possible change in any of these assumptions would not cause the aggregate carrying amount to exceed the aggregate recoverable amount.

> 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

#### 18.於聯營公司之權益

#### **18.INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES**

		2010	2009
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
非上市投資之成本	Cost of unlisted investments	268,510	182,252
匯兑調整	Exchange adjustments	20,549	16,644
應佔收購後溢利及	Share of post-acquisition profits and other		
其他全面收入,扣除股息	comprehensive income, net of dividend received	34,901	28,384
		323,960	227,280

計入非上市投資成本之商譽681,000港元 (二零零九年:4,644,000港元)來自收購 聯營公司。

本集團已停止確認其應佔聯營公司之虧 損。本年度及過往未確認之應佔聯營公 司虧損額,摘錄自有關聯營公司會計賬 目,如下: Included in the cost of unlisted investments is goodwill of HK\$681,000 (2009: HK\$4,644,000) arising on the acquisition of associates.

The Group has discontinued recognition of its share of loss of an associate. The amount of unrecognised share of loss of the associate, extracted from the relevant management account of the associate, both for the year and cumulatively, are as follows:

		2010	2009
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
本年度未確認之應佔	Unrecognised share of loss of		
聯營公司虧損	associate for the year	-	(284)
累計未確認之應佔	Accumulated unrecognised share of		
聯營公司虧損	loss of an associate	(79,939)	(79,939)

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

## 18.於聯營公司之權益(續)

#### **18.INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES** (Continued)

本集團聯營公司之概述財務資料如下:

The summarised financial information in respect of the Group's associates is set out below:

		2010 千港元 HK\$'000	2009 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000
資產總額 負債總額	Total assets Total liabilities	3,625,738 2,191,655	3,722,803 2,613,939
資產淨值	Net assets	1,434,083	1,108,864
本集團應佔聯營公司之 資產淨值	Group's share of net assets of associates	323,279	222,636
收入	Revenue	573,158	748,978
本年度溢利	Profit for the year	170,082	126,962
本集團應佔聯營公司業績	Group's share of results of associates	33,689	25,095

本集團於二零一零年十二月三十一日之 主要聯營公司詳情載於附註40。 Details of the principal associates of the Group at 31 December 2010 are set out in note 40.

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

#### 19.於共同控制實體之權益

#### 19.INTERESTS IN JOINTLY CONTROLLED ENTITIES

		1,222,069	1,054,117
減:已確認之減值虧損	Less: Impairment loss recognised	(741,137)	(843,769)
應佔資產淨值	Share of net assets	1,963,206	1,897,886
應佔收購後溢利,扣除股息	Share of post-acquisitions profits, net of dividend	71,789	28,204
滙兑調整	Exchange adjustments	124,576	106,039
投資成本,扣除收購前股息	entities, net of pre-acquisition dividend	1,766,841	1,763,643
於共同控制實體之非上市	Cost of unlisted investments in jointly controlled		
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
		2010	2009

非上市投資成本包括因收購共同控制實 體而產生之商譽1,156,106,000港元(二 零零九年:1,155,343,000),其中,二 零零七年產生之商譽為1,155,343,000港 元,而年內產生763,000港元為江蘇航天 萬源風電設備製造有限公司(「江蘇總裝 廠」)5%額外權益。

年內,本集團就有關於一間共同控制實 體北京德爾福萬源發動機管理系統有限 公司(「北京德爾福」,從事製造汽車發動 機管理系統)之權益的賬面值撥回減值虧 損102,632,000港元(於過往年度確認減 值虧損339,360,000港元之中)。

根據中國相關法例及規定,北京德爾福 往年之適用中國企業所得税税率為 20%。於二零一零年二月二十二日,北 京德爾福獲頒[高新技術企業]資格,在 三年間享有由20%減少至15%之税務減 免,於屆滿前可由北京德爾福重新申 請。於本年度,於共同控制實體之權益 之可收回金額增加,乃北京德爾福所受 之優惠税率的貢獻。 Included in the cost of unlisted investments is goodwill of HK\$1,156,106,000 (2009: HK\$1,155,343,000) arising on the acquisition of jointly controlled entities with an amount of HK\$1,155,343,000 arisen in 2007, while HK\$763,000 arose during the year for additional interest of 5% in Jiangsu CASC Energine Wind Turbine Manufacture Co. Ltd. ("Jiangsu General Assembly Plant").

During the year, the Group made a reversal of impairment loss of HK\$102,632,000 (out of the impairment loss previously recognised in prior years of HK\$339,360,000) in relation to the carrying amount of an interest in a jointly controlled entity, Beijing Delphi Wanyuan Engine Management Systems Co. Ltd. ("Beijing Delphi"), which is engaged in the manufacturing of automotive engine management systems and components.

Pursuant to the relevant laws and regulations in the PRC, the applicable PRC Enterprise Income Tax rate for Beijing Delphi was 20% in prior year. On 22 February 2010, Beijing Delphi was classified as "High Technology Enterprise" and entitled to a tax reduction from 20% to 15% for three years which will be subject to renewal by Beijing Delphi before expiry. The preferential tax rate granted to Beijing Delphi contributed to the increase of the recoverable amount of interest in the jointly controlled entity in the current year.

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

#### 19.於共同控制實體之權益(續)

於二零零九年,本集團就北京德爾福權 益之賬面值撥回減值虧損55,189,000港 元(於過往年度確認減值虧損 394,549,000港元之中)。中國政府推行 多項政策及鼓勵補助,鼓勵於二零零九 年至二零一一年在中國發展及購買製造 之低排放量汽車,共同控制實體於二零 九年已錄得產品銷售增長。於二零零 九年,於共同控制實體權益之可收回金 額增加主要由於該等新政策於中國推行 後銷量增長。

共同控制實體權益之可收回金額按管理 層按計算使用價值(透過預計本集團應佔 預期共同控制實體產生之預計未來現金 流量現值)而釐訂,按貼現率15%(二零 零九年:15%)覆蓋五年期計算,反映有 關共同控制實體貨幣時間價值及風險之 現行市場評估。基於管理層批准之預 算,營運共同控制實體採用五年期增長 率4%計算。五年期以外之現金流量按穩 定增長率3.5%作出推斷。

#### I9.INTERESTS IN JOINTLY CONTROLLED ENTITIES (Continued)

In 2009, the Group made a reversal of impairment loss of HK\$55,189,000 (out of the impairment loss previously recognised in prior years of HK\$394,549,000) in relation to the carrying amount of Beijing Delphi. The government of the PRC has introduced a number of policies and incentive subsidies to encourage the development and consumption of low emission automobile manufactured in the PRC from the years of 2009 to 2011, and the jointly controlled entity has recorded an increase in sales of products in 2009. The increase of the recoverable amount of the interest in the jointly controlled entity in 2009 was mainly attributable to the increase of sales growth after the introduction of these new policies in the PRC.

The recoverable amount of interest in the jointly controlled entity is determined by management from value in use calculations by estimating the Group's share of the present value of the estimated future cash flows expected to be generated by the jointly controlled entity covering a 5-year period at discount rate of 15% (2009: 15%), which reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risk specific to the investment in the jointly controlled entity. The growth rate being used for the 5-year period for operation of the jointly controlled entity is 4% based on financial budgets approved by management. Cash flows beyond the 5-year period are extrapolated using a steady growth rate of 3.5%.

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

#### 19.於共同控制實體之權益(續)

#### I9.INTERESTS IN JOINTLY CONTROLLED ENTITIES (Continued)

按權益法入賬應佔本集團權益之本集團 共同控制實體之概述財務資料載列如 下: The summarised financial information in respect of the Group's jointly controlled entities attributable to the Group's interest which are accounted for using equity method is set out below:

		2010	2009
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
非流動資產	Non-current assets	398,603	157,416
流動資產	Current assets	773,413	694,605
非流動負債	Non-current liabilities	(202,069)	
流動負債	Current liabilities	(529,634)	(481,806)
資產淨值	Net assets	440,313	370,215
收入	Income	1,584,196	1,154,122
開支	Expenses	(1,426,397)	(1,062,209)
本年度溢利	Profit for the year	157,799	91,913

本集團於二零一零年十二月三十一日之 主要共同控制實體詳情載於附註40。 Details of the principal jointly controlled entities of the Group at 31 December 2010 are set out in note 40.

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

#### 20.銀行定期存款

於二零一零年十二月三十一日,銀行存 款之固定年利率介乎2.25%至3.33%(二 零零九年:2.25%至3.33%),賬面價值 為11,996,000港元(二零零九年: 148,200,000港元)。該等銀行存款於到 期日前不可提取。該等存款之到期日分 析如下:

#### **20.FIXED BANK DEPOSITS**

At 31 December 2010, bank deposits that carry fixed interests rates which range from 2.25% to 3.33% (2009: 2.25% to 3.33%) per annum with carrying amounts of HK\$11,996,000 (2009: HK\$148,200,000) which cannot be redeemed before their maturity dates. An analysis of the maturity of these deposits are as follows:

		2010	2009
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
一年以後到期金額 一年內到期金額	Amount due after one year Amount due within one year	11,996 —	91,200 57,000
		,996	148,200

#### 21.存貨

#### **21.INVENTORIES**

		2010	2009
		千港元	千港元
		НК\$'000	HK\$'000
原材料	Raw materials	88,973	30,381
在製品	Work-in-progress	26,315	21,735
製成品	Finished goods	14,643	24,712
		129,931	76,828

> 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

#### 22.貿易及其他應收款

貿易及其他應收款包括貿易應收款 177,392,000港元(二零零九年: 50,770,000港元)。本集團給予其客戶平 均90日信貸期供銷售產品及提供服務。 執行董事酌情允許數名主要客戶還款期 起一年內結算。根據發票日期列示之貿 易應收款(扣減撥備)於報告期間完結時 之賬齡分析如下:

#### 22.TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

Included in trade and other receivables are trade receivables of HK\$177,392,000 (2009: HK\$50,770,000). The Group allows credit periods for 90 days on average to its customers for sales of goods and rendering of services. At the discretion of the Executive Directors, several major customers were allowed to settle their balances beyond the credit terms up to one year. The following is an aged analysis of trade receivables, net of allowances, presented based on the invoice date at the end of the reporting period:

		2010	2009
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
30日內	Within 30 days	136,274	18,604
31至90日	Between 31 - 90 days	24,258	19,531
91至180日	Between 91 - 180 days	9,408	833
181至365日	Between 181 - 365 days	5,125	4,080
超過一年	Over I year	2,327	7,722
		177,392	50,770

本集團之貿易應收款結餘包括賬面總額 16,860,000港元之應收賬款(二零零九 年:12,635,000港元),該等賬款已於報 告日期過期,而本集團尚未撥備減值虧 損。本集團並不持有該等結餘之任何擔 保。該等應收賬款之平均賬齡為365日 (二零零九年:365日)。 Included in the Group's trade receivable balance are debtors with aggregate carrying amount of HK\$16,860,000 (2009: HK\$12,635,000) which are past due at the reporting date for which the Group has not provided for impairment loss. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances. The average age of these receivables is 365 days (2009: 365 days).

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

#### 22.貿易及其他應收款(續)

#### 22.TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

已過期但未撥備之貿易應收款的賬齡如 下: Ageing of trade receivables which are past due but not impaired:

超過一年 	Over I year Total	2,327	12,635
181至365日	Between 181 - 365 days	5,125	4,080
91至180日	Between 91 - 180 days	9,408	833
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
		2010	2009

本集團一般會為所有超過365日的應收款 作全數撥備,蓋根據過往經驗,該等逾 期365日的應收款一般無法收回,惟執行 董事酌情給予較長信貸期之若干主要客 戶除外。 The Group will normally provide fully for all receivables overdue 365 days because historical experience is such that receivables that are past due 365 days are generally not recoverable, except for some major customers with longer credit terms at the discretion of the Executive Directors.

呆賬撥備變動如下:

Movement in the allowance for doubtful debts:

		2010	2009
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
年初結餘	Balance at beginning of the year	144,202	138,664
撇銷年內不可收回之金額	Amounts written off during the		
	year as uncollectible	(4,349)	—
貿易應收款之已確認減值虧損	Impairment losses recognised		
	in respect of trade receivables	7,332	5,538
年終結餘	Balance at end of the year	147,185	144,202

呆賬撥備結餘指逾期365日或/及於年內 與本集團並無重大交易的個別減值的貿 易應收賬款。本集團並無就該等結餘持 有任何抵押品。 The balance of the allowance for doubtful debts are individually impaired trade receivables which have been overdue 365 days or/ and have no material transactions with the Group during the year. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances.

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

#### 22.貿易及其他應收款(續)

於接納任何新客戶前,本集團之執行董 事與營銷隊伍會評估潛在客戶之信貸質 素及界定客戶之信貸限額。賦予客戶之 限額經參考過往結算紀錄後進行定期檢 討。本集團營銷隊伍管理最佳之信貸記 錄,90%(二零零九年:70%)貿易應收 款既無逾期亦無減值。

於二零一零年十二月三十一日計入本集 團之其他應收款結餘包括給予附屬公司 非控股股東2,320,000港元(二零零九 年: 8,459,000港元)之墊款、 12,969,000港元(二零零九年: 9,884,000港元)之應收一家共同控制實 體之股息,就中國內地附屬公司購買原 材料之按金12,496,000港元(二零零九 年:82,916,000港元)、出售聯營公司應 收款12,890,000港元)、出售聯營公司應 收款12,890,000港元(二零零九 年:12,308,000港元)。本集團所有應收 票據於兩個年度之賬齡均在90日以內。

#### 23.應收/應付聯營公司款

應收/應付聯營公司款為無抵押、免息 及按要求償還。

應收聯營公司款之撥備變動:

#### 22.TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

Before accepting any new customer, the Group's Executive Directors and marketing team would assess the potential customer's credit quality and defines credit limits by customer. Limits attributed to customers are reviewed regularly with reference to past settlement history. 90% (2009: 70%) of the trade receivables that are neither past due nor impaired have the best credit history managed by the Group's marketing team.

Included in the Group's other receivables at 31 December 2010 are advance to non-controlling shareholder of a subsidiary of HK\$2,320,000 (2009: HK\$8,459,000), dividend receivable from a jointly controlled entity of HK\$12,969,000 (2009: HK\$9,884,000), deposits for purchase of materials for subsidiaries in the PRC of HK\$12,496,000 (2009: HK\$82,916,000), receivables from disposal of associates of HK\$12,890,000 (2009: Nil) and bills receivable of HK\$110,581,000 (2009: HK\$12,308,000). All bill receivables of the Group are aged within 90 days at both years.

#### 23.AMOUNTS DUE FROM/TO ASSOCIATES

The amounts due from/to associates are unsecured, non-interest bearing and are repayable on demand.

Movement in the allowance for amounts due from associates:

		2010	2009
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
年初結餘	Balance at beginning of the year	23,383	35,335
收回已全數減值應收	Recovery of fully impaired receivable		
聯營公司款項	from an associate	-	(11,952)
年終結餘	Balance at end of the year	23,383	23,383

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

#### 24.應收共同控制實體款

應收共同控制實體款包括貸款予共同控 制實體40,600,000港元為無抵押、每年 固定利率4.86%及須於二零一一年六月 月償還。餘額40,280,000港元為無抵 押、免息及按要求償還。

#### 25. 銀行結餘/已抵押銀行存款

#### 銀行結餘/已押銀行存款

銀行結餘按0.01%至0.36%之市場年利率 (二零零九年:0.01%至0.81%)計息。

已抵押銀行存款按0.36%之固定年利率 (二零零九年:0.36%)計息。已抵押銀 行存款32,644,000港元(二零零九年: 97,851,000港元)為若干銀行授信之保證 金,並分類為流動資產,其將於二零一 一年三月結算相關借貸時解除。

#### 24.AMOUNTS DUE FROM JOINTLY CONTROLLED ENTITIES

Included in the amounts due from jointly controlled entities is an amount of HK\$40,600,000 loan to a jointly controlled entity, which is unsecured, bears fixed rate interest of 4.86% per annum and is repayable in June 2011. The remaining balance of HK\$40,280,000 is unsecured, non-interest bearing and is repayable on demand.

#### 25.BANK BALANCES/PLEDGED BANK DEPOSITS

#### Bank balances/pledged bank deposits

Bank balances carry interest at prevailing market rates which range from 0.01% to 0.36% (2009: 0.01% to 0.81%) per annum.

The pledged bank deposits carry fixed interest rate of 0.36% (2009: 0.36%) per annum. The pledged bank deposits amounting to HK\$32,644,000 (2009: HK\$97,851,000) have been pledged to secure certain bank facilities and are therefore classified as current asset. It will be released in March 2011 upon the settlement of the related borrowings.

**26.TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES** 

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

#### 26.貿易及其他應付款

貿易及其他應付款包括貿易應付款 166,585,000港元(二零零九年: 47,429,000港元)。本集團通常從其供應 商取得30日至90日的信貸期。貿易應付 款於報告期完結時發票日之賬齡分析如 下: Included in trade and other payables are trade payables of HK\$166,585,000 (2009: HK\$47,429,000). The Group normally receives credit period for 30 to 90 days from its suppliers. The following is an aged analysis of trade payables based on invoice date at the end of reporting period:

		2010	2009
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
30日內	Within 30 days	112,434	20,489
31至90日	Between 31 - 90 days	33,471	4,4 9
91至180日	Between 91 - 180 days	5,118	2,721
181至365日	Between 181 - 365 days	3,167	2,317
超過一年	Over I year	12,395	7,483
		166,585	47,429

於二零一零年十二月三十一日,計入本 集團之其他應付款包括建築工程應計款 項 14,227,000港元(二零零九年: 33,925,000港元)、應付予非控制性權益 股息4,176,000港元(二零零九:無)及預 先收取客戶款項19,745,000港元(二零零 九年:43,513,000港元)。 Included in the Group's other payable at 31 December 2010 are accruals for construction work of HK\$14,227,000 (2009: HK\$33,925,000), dividend payable to non-controlling interests of HK\$4,176,000 (2009: Nil) and receipt in advance from customers of HK\$19,745,000 (2009: HK\$43,513,000).

#### 27.保修撥備

保修撥備指董事根據本集團於本地銷售 風機之保修責任之規定而將對經濟利益 未來流出作出最佳估計之現值。 27. WARRANTY PROVISION

Warranty provision represents the present value of the directors' best estimate of the future outflow of economic benefits that will be required under the Group's obligations for warranties of local sales of wind turbines.

保修撥備變動:

Movement in the warranty provision:

		2010	2009
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
年初之結餘	Balance at beginning of the year	12,032	_
匯兑調整	Exchange adjustments	211	
確認新增撥備	Additional provisions recognised	8,883	12,032
動用撥備	Utilisation of provision	(2,635)	_
年終之結餘	Balance at end of the year	8,49	12,032

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

## 28.借貸

#### 28.BORROWINGS

		2010	2009
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
銀行短期貸款(附註a)	Short term bank loan (note a)	116,000	285,000
銀行長期貸款(附註b)	Long term bank loan (note b)	-	130,000
股東短期貸款(附註c)	Short term shareholder's loans (note c)	614,800	_
股東長期貸款(附註c)	Long term shareholder's loans (note c)	228,520	767,790
其他長期貸款(附註d)	Long term other loans (note d)	87,000	94,620
		1,046,320	1,277,410
減:列為流動負債而須於	Less: Amount due within one year under current		
一年內償還之款項	liabilities	(730,800)	(285,000
一年後到期之款項	Amount due after one year	315,520	992,410
本集團借貸之到期期限如下:	The maturity of the Group's borrowings is as follows:		
一年內	Within one year	730,800	285,000
兩年至五年	Between two to five years	228,520	897,790
超過五年	Over five years	87,000	94,620
		1,046,320	1,277,410

> 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

### 28.借貸(續)

#### 附註:

- (a) 於二零一零年十二月三十一日之款項指 無抵押銀行貸款116,000,000港元或人民 幣100,000,000元。該款項按固定年利率
   5.31%計息。於二零零九年十二月三十 一日之該款項指無抵押銀行貸款
   285,000,000港元或人民幣250,000,000 元。該款項按固定年利率5.31%計息, 並已於年內悉數償還。
- (b) 於二零零九年十二月三十一日之該款項 指無抵押銀行貸款130,000,000港元。款 項按浮息香港銀行同業拆息加1.95%每 年計息,並須於年內悉數償付。
- (c) 該款項指由火箭院透過中航總之附屬公司航天科技財務有限責任公司(「航天科技財務有限責任公司(「航天科技財務」)(作為受託人)墊付之貸款合共為 843,320,000港元或人民幣 727,000,000元(二零零九年: 767,790,000港元或人民幣673,500,000元)。年內新增貸款為62,060,000港元或人民幣53,500,000元。

該款項為無抵押、按固定年利率3.7%至 6%每年計息。貸款614,800,000港元或 人民幣 530,000,000元(二零零九年: 543,210,000港元或人民幣476,500,000 元)以及228,520,000港元或人民幣 197,000,000元(二零零九年: 224,580,000港元或人民幣197,000,000 元)分別於二零一一年四月及二零一四年 四月償還。

 (d) 該款項指由一間附屬公司非控制性股東 塾付之貸款87,000,000港元或人民幣 75,000,000元(二零零九年:94,620,000 港元或人民幣83,000,000元)。該款項為 無擔保、按固定年利率6.2%計息及須於 二零二零年十一月悉數償還。本金 9,280,000港元或人民幣8,000,000元已 於年內提早償還。

#### 28.BORROWINGS (Continued)

#### Note:

- (a) The amount at 31 December 2010 represents unsecured bank loan of HK\$116,000,000 or RMB100,000,000. The amount bears fixed-rate interest at 5.31% per annum. The amount at 31 December 2009 represented unsecured bank loan of HK\$285,000,000 or RMB250,000,000. The amount bore fixed-rate interest at 5.31% per annum and was fully repaid during the year.
- (b) The amount at 31 December 2009 represented unsecured bank loan of HK\$130,000,000. The amount bore floating-rate interest at Hong Kong Interbank Offered Rates ("HIBOR") plus 1.95% per annum and was fully repaid during the year.
- (c) The amounts represent loans advanced from CALT through CASC's subsidiary, Aerospace Science and Technology Finance Co., Ltd. ("ASTF") as the trustee in aggregate amounting to HK\$843,320,000 or RMB727,000,000 (2009: HK\$767,790,000 or RMB673,500,000) with HK\$62,060,000 or RMB53,500,000 additionally raised in the year.

The amounts are unsecured, bears fixed-rate interest ranging from 3.7% to 6% per annum. Loans of HK\$614,800,000 or RMB530,000,000 (2009: HK\$543,210,000 or RMB476,500,000) and HK\$228,520,000 or RMB197,000,000 (2009: HK\$224,580,000 or RMB197,000,000) are repayable in April 2011 and April 2014 respectively.

(d) The amount represents a loan of HK\$87,000,000 or RMB75,000,000 (2009: HK\$94,620,000 or RMB83,000,000) advanced from a non-controlling shareholder of a subsidiary. The amount is unsecured, bears fixed-rate interest at 6.2% per annum and is repayable in full in November 2020. During the year, principal in the amount of HK\$9,280,000 or RMB8,000,000 was early repaid.

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

## 29. 遞延税項

#### **29.DEFERRED TAXATION**

就呈列財務狀況表而言,若干遞延税項 資產及負債已予對銷。以下為就財務申 報而言之遞延税項結餘分析: For the purpose of presentation in the consolidated statement of financial position, certain deferred tax assets and liabilities have been offset. The following is the analysis of the deferred tax balances for financial reporting purposes:

		2010	2009
		千港元	千港元
		НК\$'000	HK\$'000
遞延税項資產	Deferred tax assets	5,022	
遞延税項負債	Deferred tax liabilities	(17,979)	(10,026)
		(12,957)	(10,026)

本集團已確認之重大遞延税項負債(資 產)如下。 The following are the major deferred tax liabilities (assets) recognised by the Group.

						附屬公司	
		加速税項折舊	物業重估		其他	未分配溢利	
		Accelerated	Revaluation	税項虧損	(附註)	Undistributed	
		tax	of	Tax	Others	profits of	總額
		depreciation	properties	losses	(note)	subsidiaries	Total
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
於二零零九年一月一日	At I January 2009	91	1,576	(90)	_	5,812	7,389
損益表(抵免)支出	(Credit) charge to profit or loss	(91)	855	90	_	4,512	5,366
已支付之中國預扣税	PRC withholding tax paid	_	_	_	—	(2,729)	(2,729)
於二零零九年	At 31 December 2009						
十二月三十一日		_	2,431	_	—	7,595	10,026
損益表(抵免)支出	(Credit) charge to profit or loss	_	1,697	_	(5,022)	9,302	5,977
已支付之中國預扣税	PRC withholding tax paid	_	_	_	_	(3,046)	(3,046)
於二零一零年	At 31 December 2010						
十二月三十一日		_	4,128	_	(5,022)	3,85	12,957

附註:

Note:

該等金額主要為政府補助及保修撥備產生之臨 時差額。 The amount mainly represents temporary differences arising on government grants and warranty provision.

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

## 29. 遞延税項(續)

於二零一零年十二月三十一日,本集團 估計有未動用税項虧損約565,516,000港 元(二零零九年:410,639,000港元)用作 抵銷日後之溢利。年內,由於未能估計 日後之溢利來源,故未有就税項虧損確 認遞延税項資產。未確認税項虧損 390,199,000港元(二零零九年: 253,884,000港元)可予無限期結轉。其 餘未確認税項虧損將於五年內到期。

於二零一零年十二月三十一日,本集團 擁有可扣減臨時差額83,036,000港元(二 零零九年:82,700,000港元)。由於不大 可能產生課税溢利以動用可扣減臨時差 額,故無就此可扣減臨時差額確認遞延 税項資產。

根據中國企業所得税法,自二零零八年 一月一日起,中國附屬公司賺取溢利而 宣派的股息需要徵收預扣税。有關該等 中國附屬公司未分配溢利臨時差額之遞 延税項13,851,000港元(二零零九年: 7,595,000港元)已作出撥備。由於本集 團可以控制臨時差額之撥回時間,故並 無就中國附屬公司未分配溢利臨時差額 14,661,000港元(二零零九年: 14,661,000港元)於綜合財務報表中作出 撥備,而臨時差額似乎將不會於可見未 來撥回。

#### **29.DEFERRED TAXATION** (Continued)

At 31 December 2010, the group has estimated unused tax losses of approximately HK\$565,516,000 (2009: HK\$410,639,000) available for offset against future profits. No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of the tax losses during the year due to unpredictability of future profit streams. Included in unrecognised tax losses are losses of HK\$390,199,000 (2009: HK\$253,884,000) that may be carried forward indefinitely. The remaining unrecognised tax losses will expire within five years.

At 31 December 2010, the Group has deductible temporary difference of HK\$83,036,000 (2009: HK\$82,700,000). No deferred tax asset has been recognised in relation to such deductible temporary difference as it is not probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilised.

Under the EIT Law of PRC, withholding tax is imposed on dividends declared in respect of profits earned by the PRC subsidiaries from I January 2008 onwards. Deferred taxation of HK\$13,851,000 (2009: HK\$7,595,000) has been provided in respect of temporary differences attributable to those undistributed profits of the PRC subsidiaries. Deferred taxation has not been provided for in the consolidated financial statements in respect of temporary differences attributable to undistributed profits of the PRC subsidiaries amounting to HK\$14,661,000 (2009: HK\$14,661,000) as the Group is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

## 30.政府補助

於二零一零年十二月三十一日,政府補 助8,049,000港元(二零零九年:無)主要 為中國政府機關就購建物業、廠房及設 備提供融資而授予之補助。該金額將根 據相關物業、廠房及設備可使用年期按 35年於損益確認。

### **30.GOVERNMENT GRANTS**

At 31 December 2010, government grants of HK\$8,049,000 (2009: Nil) mainly represent subsidies granted by PRC government authorities for the purpose of financing the acquisition of property, plant and equipment. The amount will be recognised in profit or loss over 35 years according to the useful life of the relevant property, plant and equipment.

		2010	2009
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
為呈報而作出之分析:	Analysed for reporting purpose as:		
非流動負債	Non-current liabilities	7,809	_
流動負債	Current liabilities	240	—
		8,049	_

综合財務報表附註

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

### 31.股本

#### **31.SHARE CAPITAL**

		Number of shares 股份數目	<b>Amount</b> 股本面值 HK\$'000 千港元
每股面值0.10港元之普通股	Ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each		
法定:	Authorised:		
於二零零九年一月一日、	At I January 2009,		
二零零九年十二月三十一日,及	31 December 2009, and		
二零一零年十二月三十一日	31 December 2010	10,000,000,000	000,000 ا
已發行及繳足:	Issued and fully paid:		
於二零零九年一月一日	At I January 2009	3,623,995,668	362,400
配售及認購股份(附註)	Placing and subscription of		
	shares (Note)	345,000,000	34,500
二零零九年十二月三十一日及	At 31 December 2009 and		
二零一零年十二月三十一日	31 December 2010	3,968,995,668	396,900

附註:

Note:

於二零零九年十一月十日,本公司根據現行股 份配售及以先舊後新方式按每股股份0.80港元 認購新股,發行345,000,000股每股面值0.10 港元的股份以換取現金。管理層擬使用所得款 項淨額用於發展風力發電項目,改善集團資本 結構,及提升市值。 On 10 November 2009, the Company issued 345,000,000 shares of HK\$0.10 each for cash under the placing of existing shares and top-up subscription of new shares at the price of HK\$0.80 each. The management intended to use the net proceeds for developing wind energy projects, improving the capital structure of the Group as well as enhancing market capitalisation.

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

## 32.資本風險管理

本集團管理其資本,確保本集團內各實 體能夠持續經營,同時亦透過優化負債 與權益之平衡而為股東爭取最高回報。 本集團整體策略與去年保持不變。

本集團之資本架構負債,當中包括於附 註28披露之負債(扣除現金及現金等價物)以及本公司擁有人應佔權益(包括已 發行股本及儲備及累積虧損)。

本集團管理層定期檢討資本架構。管理 層考慮資本成本及與各資本類別相關的 風險後,將會平衡整體資本架構。

### **32.CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior year.

The capital structure of the Group consists of debt, which includes the borrowings disclosed in note 28, net of cash and cash equivalents and equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising issued share capital, reserves and accumulated losses.

The management of the Group reviews the capital structure regularly. The management considers the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital, and will balance its overall capital structure.

综合財務報表附註

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

### 33.金融工具

### **33.FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

```
金融工具類別
```

#### Categories of financial instruments

攤銷成本	Amortised cost	1,219,706	1,335,756
金融負債	Financial liabilities		
(包括現金及現金等價物)	equivalents)	965,346	1,235,471
貸款及應收賬款	Loans and receivables (including cash and cash		
金融資產	Financial assets		
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
		2010	2009

#### 金融風險管理目標及政策

本集團之主要金融工具包括貿易及其他 應收款、應收/應付聯營公司款、應收 共同控制實體款、已抵押銀行存款、銀 行定期存款、銀行結餘及現金、貿易及 其他應付賬款及借款。有關該等金融工 具之詳情已於各附註內披露。有關該等 金融工具之風險及降低該等風險之政策 載於下文。

金融工具對本集團之日常運作至關重 要。管理層管理及監察該等風險,以確 保實施及時且有效之適當措施。本集團 所承受之信貸風險、市場風險及流動資 金風險或其對管理及計算風險之方式並 無改變。

#### Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's major financial instruments include trade and other receivables, amounts due from/to associates, amounts due from jointly controlled entities, pledged bank deposits, fixed bank deposits, bank balances and cash, trade and other payables and borrowings. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments and the policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below.

The financial instruments are fundamental to the Group's daily operations. The management manages and monitors the exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner. There has been no change to the Group's exposure to credit risk, market risk and liquidity risk or the manner in which it manages and measures the risk.

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

### 33.金融工具(續)

#### 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 信貸風險

本集團所承受之最大風險乃在對方於二 零一零年十二月三十一日未能履行其有 關已確認各個類別金融資產之責任,即 載列於綜合財務報表內該等資產之賬面 值。為將信貸風險降至最低,本集團管 理層已制訂信用政策及指定專門小組負 責信用限額之釐定、信用批准及其他監 察程序,以確保採取跟進行動收回過期 債務。本集團最大客戶及五大客戶之貿 易應收賬款分別佔總貿易應收賬款的 57% (二零零九年:18%) 及92% (二零零 九年:61%),信貸風險集中。本集團定 期審核每一貿易應收款之收回金額,以 確保為不能收回之款項確認足夠之減值 虧損。就此而言,本公司董事認為,本 集團之信貸風險已顯著降低。此外,本 集團通過對本集團聯營公司及共同控制 實體之財務及經營政策施行影響或控制 及定期審閱其財務狀況,以監控本集團 有關應收聯營公司及共同控制實體款項 之信貸風險。

由於存款均儲存於信譽卓著之銀行,故 銀行存款之信貸風險極低。

### 33.FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

#### **Credit risk**

The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in the event of the counterparties failure to perform their obligations as at 31 December 2010 in relation to each class of recognised financial assets is the carrying amount of those assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position. In order to minimise the credit risk, the management of the Group has formulated a credit policy and delegated a team responsible for determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. The Group has concentration of credit risk as 57% (2009: 18%) and 92% (2009: 61%) of the total trade receivables due from the Group's largest customer and the five largest customers respectively. The Group reviews the recoverable amount of each individual trade receivable regularly to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the directors of the Company consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced. In addition, the Group monitors the exposure to credit in respect of the amount due from associates and jointly controlled entities through exercising influence or control over their financial and operating policy decisions and reviewing their financial position on a regular basis.

The credit risk for bank deposits is considered minimal as such amounts are placed in banks with high credit ratings.

> 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

## 33.金融工具(續)

#### 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險

#### 利率風險

本集團承受與二零一零年及二零零九年 浮息銀行結餘(請參閲附註25)及二零零 九年浮息銀行借貸(請參閲附註28)有關 之現金流量利率風險。管理層持續監察 利率波動,並會於有需要時考慮進一步 對沖利率風險。

本集團承受與定息借貸(請參閲附註 28)、定息銀行結餘(請參閲附註20及25) 及應收共同控制實體定息款項(請參閲附 註24)有關之公平值利率風險。管理層持 續監察利率風險,並會於預期出現重大利 率風險時考慮償還定息銀行借貸。

本集團有關金融負債利率風險的詳情, 載於本附註之流動資金風險管理一節 中。本集團之現金流量利率風險主要集 中於香港銀行同業拆息的波動。

#### 敏感度分析

下述之敏感度分析乃根據浮息銀行結餘 於報告期間完結時承受之利率風險,及 所規定變動於年初時進行並全年維持不 變而釐定。

倘浮息銀行結餘之利率上升/下跌10個 點子(二零零九年:浮息銀行結餘及浮息 銀行借貸為50個點子),而所有其他可變 因素均維持不變,則本集團之税後溢利 將會上升/下跌約381,000港元(二零零 九年:2,337,000港元)。

#### 33.FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

#### Market risk

#### Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to cash flow interest rate risk in relation to variable-rate bank balances for 2010 and 2009 (note 25 for details) and variable-rate bank borrowings for 2009 (note 28 for details). The management continuously monitors interest rate fluctuation and will consider further hedging interest rate risk should the need arise.

The Group is also exposed to fair value interest rate risk in relation to fixed-rate borrowings (note 28 for details) and fixed-rate bank balances (notes 20 and 25 for details) and amounts due from jointly controlled entities that bear fixed interest rate (note 24 for details). The management monitors interest rate exposure and will consider repaying the fixed-rate bank borrowings when significant interest rate exposure is anticipated.

The Group's exposures to interest rates on financial liabilities are detailed in the liquidity risk management section of this note. The Group's cash flow interest rate risk is mainly concentrated on the fluctuation of HIBOR.

#### Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis below have been determined based on the exposure to interest rates for variable-rate bank balances at the end of the reporting period and the stipulated changes taking place at the beginning of the year and held constant throughout the year.

If the interest rates on variable-rate bank balances have been 10 basis points (2009: 50 basis points for variable-rate bank balances and variable-rate bank borrowings) higher/lower and all other variables were held constant, the Group's post-tax profit would have increased/decreased by approximately HK\$381,000 (2009: HK\$2,337,000).

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

## 33. 金融工具 (續)

#### 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險(續)

貨幣風險

本集團承受之貨幣風險極低,因其大部 分交易及結餘均以集團實體各自之功能 貨幣計值。本集團目前並無貨幣對沖政 策。然而,管理層會監察匯兑風險,倘 有需要會考慮對沖重大外幣風險。

#### 流動資金風險

於管理流動資金風險時,本集團會監督 及維持現金及現金等價物處於管理層認 為充足之水平,以為本集團之營運提供 資金及減低現金流量波動之影響。管理 層會監督銀行融資之動用情況及確保遵 守貸款契諾。

本集團倚賴火箭院借貸作為主要流動資 金來源。管理層認為有充足之資金來 源,以使本集團能夠全數償還於可見將 來到期之各項財務責任及管理流動資金 狀況。

下表詳列本集團非衍生金融負債根據已 協定還款條款之剩餘合約期限。該表乃 根據本集團於可被要求最早償還日之金 融負債未貼現現金流量編製。該表包括 利息及本金現金流量。倘利息流量以浮 息計算,則未貼現金額將會於報告期間 完結時按利率曲線計算。

### 33.FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

#### Market risk (Continued)

#### Currency risk

The Group has minimal currency exposures as the majority of transactions and balances were denominated in respective functional currencies of group entities. The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy. However, the management monitors foreign exchange exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposures should the need arise.

#### Liquidity risk

In the management of the liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. The management monitors the utilisation of banking facilities and ensures compliance with loan covenants.

The Group relies on borrowings from CALT as a significant source of liquidity. In the opinion of directors, adequate sources of funding are available to enable the Group to meet in full its financial obligations due for the foreseeable future and manage its liquidity position.

The following table details the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities based on the agreed repayment terms. The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The table includes both interest and principal cash flows. To the extent that interest flows are floating rate, the undiscounted amount is derived from interest rate curve at the end of the reporting period.

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

综合財務報表附註

#### 33.金融工具(續) 33.FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued) 金融風險管理目標及政策 (續) **Financial risk management objectives and policies** (Continued)

流動資金風險(續)

Liquidity risk (Continued)

流動資金及利率風險表

Liquidity and interest risk tables

		加權平均 實際利率 Weighted average effective interest rate	千港元	少於1個月 Less than I month 千港元	1至3個月 I - 3 months 千港元	3個月 至1年 3 months to I year 千港元	1至5年 I - 5 year 千港元	<b>5 years</b> 千港元	未貼現 現金流量 總額 Total undiscounted cash flows 千港元	賬面值 Carryinş amoun 千港元
		%	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
二零一零年	2010									
非衍生	Non-derivative financial									
金融負債	liabilities									
貿易及其他應付款	Trade and other payables	-	-	67,593	80,700	24,575	-	-	172,868	172,86
借貸一定息	Borrowings - fixed rate	5.14	-	-	-	746,468	257,941	157,327	1,161,736	1,046,32
應付聯營公司款	Amounts due to associates	-	518	-	-	-	-	-	518	518
			518	67,593	80,700	771,043	257,941	157,327	1,335,122	1,219,70
二零零九年	2009									
非衍生	Non-derivative financial									
金融負債	liabilities									
貿易及其他應付款	Trade and other payables	-	4,407	10,850	21,892	7,961	,380	_	56,490	56,49
借貸一定息	Borrowings - fixed rate	5.18	_	_	_	295,089	763,665	262,078	1,320,832	1,147,41
借貸-浮息	Borrowings - floating rate	2.08	_	225	451	2,028	33,380	_	36,084	130,00
應付聯營公司款	Amounts due to associates	-	1,856	_	_	_	-	-	1,856	1,85
			6,263	11,075	22,343	305,078	908,425	262,078	1,515,262	1,335,75

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

### 33. 金融工具 (續)

#### 公平值

金融資產及金融負債之公平值,乃根據 貼現現金流量分析之公認定價模式釐 定。

董事認為,按攤銷成本計入綜合財務報 表之金融資產及金融負債之賬面值與其 公平值相若。

### 34.收購附屬公司

於二零一零年二月,本公司與一獨立第 三方,Emergya風能科技公司訂立協 議,以人民幣1,600,000元(相當於 1,824,000港元)收購直驅風機銷售之額 外40%權益,直驅風機銷售於中國北京 成立,主要從事風機銷售業務,為本公 司之前擁有其25%權益之聯營公司。於 收購完成後,本公司持有直驅風機銷售 之65%股權。交易已於二零一零年五月 完成。收購詳情載於本公司日期為二零 一零年四月三十日之通函內。

#### 33.FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

#### Fair values

The fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow.

The directors consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the consolidated financial statements approximate to their fair values.

#### **34.ACQUISITION OF A SUBSIDIARY**

In February 2010, the Company has entered into an agreement with Emergya Wind Technologies B.V., an independent third party to acquire additional 40% equity interest in Directwind Sales, an previously 25% owned associate of the Company established in Beijing, the PRC, at a consideration of RMB1,600,000 (equivalent to HK\$1,824,000). Directwind Sales is principally engaged in the sales of wind turbines. Upon the completion of acquisition, the Company holds 65% equity interest in Directwind Sales. The transaction was completed in May 2010. Details of the acquisition were set out in the Company's circular dated 30 April 2010.

综合財務報表附註

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

## 34.收購附屬公司(續)

## 34.ACQUISITION OF A SUBSIDIARY (Continued)

交易所得淨資產及其產生之商譽載列如 下: The net assets acquired in the transaction, and the goodwill arising, are as follows:

		千港元
		HK\$'000
所得淨資產(負債):	Net assets (liabilities) acquired:	
物業、廠房及設備	Property, plant and equipment	1,295
貿易及其他應收款	Trade and other receivables	68,877
應收共同控制實體款	Amount due from jointly controlled entities	40,280
銀行結餘及現金	Bank balances and cash	10,817
貿易及其他應付款	Trade and other payables	(122,923)
		(1,654)
因收購產生之商譽:	Goodwill arising on acquisition:	
轉讓代價	Consideration transferred	I,824
加:非控制性權益	Plus: Non-controlling interests	(579)
減:所得淨負債	Less: Net liabilities acquired	I,654
因收購產生之商譽	Goodwill arising on acquisition	2,899
轉讓代價以下列各項支付:	Consideration transferred satisfied by:	
現金	Cash	824, ا
收購引起的淨現金	Net cash (outflow) inflow arising	
(流出)流入:	on acquisition:	
已付現金代價	Cash consideration paid	(1,824)
銀行結餘及現金	Bank balances and cash	10,817
		8,993

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

### 34.收購附屬公司(續)

於本年度,就收購直驅風機銷售之會計 處理方式而言,本集團根據香港財務報 告準則第3號(二零零八年經修訂)按於收 購日應佔被收購方可識別資產淨值之比 例計量非控制性權益。

香港財務報告準則第3號(經二零零八年 修訂)要求重新計量過往所持被收購方股 本權益之公平值。其過往於聯營公司所 持之權益(由於累計虧損,故於收購前賬 面值為零)之公平值並不重大,故於損益 內並無確認收益或虧損。

業務合併產生商譽,乃由於合併成本包 括獲得直驅風機銷售控制權及本集團其 他業務產生協同效應所支付之溢價。收 購額外40%權益之已付代價包括有關預 計協同效用得益、收入增長及本集團其 他附屬公司製造的風機未來在中國之分 銷金額。

預計收購產生之商譽不可用作扣除税 項。

#### 34.ACQUISITION OF A SUBSIDIARY (Continued)

In the current year, in accounting for the acquisition of Directwind Sales, the Group has measured the non-controlling interests at the proportionate share of the acquiree's net identifiable assets at the acquisition date under HKFRS 3 (as revised in 2008).

HKFRS 3 (as revised in 2008) requires an equity interest previously held in the acquiree to be remeasured to its fair value on the acquisition date. The fair value of its previously-held interest in an associate which had a carrying amount of nil prior to acquisition due to accumulated losses, was insignificant and so no gain or loss has been recognised in profit or loss.

Goodwill arose in the business combination because the combinations included a premium paid to obtain control over Directwind Sales and synergies expected from the other operations of the Group as the consideration paid for the purchase of the additional 40% interest included amounts in relation to the benefit of expected synergies, revenue growth and future distribution in the PRC of wind turbines manufactured by the Group's other subsidiaries.

None of the goodwill arising on this acquisition is expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

## 34.收購附屬公司(續)

直驅風機銷售1,431,000港元溢利計入年 度溢利。年度收入290,396,000港元已計 入直驅風機銷售年內收入。倘收購直驅 風機銷售於二零一零年一月一日已生 效,本集團於年內之收入將為 736,137,000港元,而本集團年內溢利將 為110,988,000港元。備考資料僅供參 考,不一定表明倘收購已於二零一零年 一月一日完成,本集團實際錄得之營業 額及業績,亦不代表擬為未來業績之預 測。

於釐訂集團之「備考」營業額及溢利時, 假定直驅風機銷售於本年度開始已收 購,董事已按業務合併之初始會計產生 之公平值(而不是收購前財務報表確認之 賬面值)計算所收購廠房及設備折舊及攤 銷。

### 35.出售附屬公司

(a) 於二零一零年五月二十六日,本集 團按代價8,010,000港元出售其於航 通奇華15%之權益其予非控制性股 東,其控制權益由70%減少至 55%。出售所得款項與轉撥至非控 制性權益1,257,000港元之差額 6,753,000港元,已直接確認於權益 內。

#### 34.ACQUISITION OF A SUBSIDIARY (Continued)

Included in the profit for the year is a profit of HK\$1,431,000 attributable to Directwind Sales. Revenue of HK\$290,396,000 for the year is included for the year in respect of Directwind Sales. Had the acquisition of Directwind Sales been effected at I January 2010, the revenue of the Group for the year would have been HK\$736,137,000, and the profit of the Group for the year would have been HK\$110,988,000. The proforma information is for illustrative purposes only and is not necessarily an indication of revenue and results of operations of the Group that actually would have been achieved had the acquisition been completed at I January 2010, nor is intended to be a projection of future results.

In determining the 'pro-forma' revenue and profit of the Group had Directwind Sales been acquired at the beginning of the current year, the directors have calculated depreciation and amortisation of plant and equipment acquired on the basis of the fair values arising in the initial accounting for the business combination rather than the carrying amounts recognised in the pre-acquisition financial statements.

#### **35.DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES**

(a) On 26 May 2010, the Group disposed of 15% of its interest in Castel Qihua to its non-controlling shareholder at a consideration of HK\$8,010,000, reducing its controlling interest from 70% to 55%. An amount of HK\$6,753,000 representing the difference between the disposal proceeds and the amount transferred to non-controlling interests of HK\$1,257,000 has been recognised directly in equity.

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

## 35.出售附屬公司(續)

(a) *(續)* 

於二零一零年十一月十五日,本集 團按代價4,005,000港元進一步出售 其於航通奇華7.5%之權益,其控制 性權益由55%減少至47.5%。航通 奇華不再為本集團之附屬公司,而 成為本集團之聯營公司。

#### 35.DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

#### (a) (Continued)

On 15 November 2010, the Group further disposed of 7.5% of its interest in Castel Qihua at a consideration of HK\$4,005,000, reducing its controlling interest from 55% to 47.5%. Castel Qihua ceased to be a subsidiary of the Group and became an associate of the Group.

		2010
		千港元
		HK\$'000
失去控制權之資產及	Analysis of assets and liabilities over	
負債分析:	which control was lost:	
物業、廠房及設備	Property, plant and equipment	8,384
存貨	Inventories	7,043
貿易及其他應收款	Trade and other receivables	1,797
銀行結餘及現金	Bank balances and cash	5,883
貿易及其他應付款	Trade and other payables	(9,778)
應付税項	Tax payables	(291)
出售資產淨值	Net assets disposed of	13,038
出售附屬公司之收益:	Gain on disposal of a subsidiary:	
已收及應收代價	Consideration received and receivable	4,005
所出售資產淨值	Net assets disposed of	(13,038)
非控制性權益	Non-controlling interests	6,853
剩餘於聯營公司權益	Remaining interest in an associate	5,342
出售之收益	Gain on disposal	3,162
出售引起的淨現金	Net cash inflow (outflow)	
流入(流出):	arising on disposal:	
現金代價	Cash consideration	4,005
減:已出售銀行結餘及現金	Less: Bank balances and cash disposed of	(5,883)
		(1,878)

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

## 35.出售附屬公司(續)

(b) 於二零一零年十一月,本集團於無 錫航天萬源新大力電機有限公司 (「無錫新大力」)之權益由62.5%攤 薄至41.67%,此乃由於無錫新大力 其他股東出資所致。因此,無錫新 大力不再為本集團之附屬公司,而 成為本集團之聯營公司。

#### 35.DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

(b) In November 2010, the Group's interest in Wuxi CASC Energine Xindali Electricity Co., Ltd ("Wuxi Xindali") was diluted from 62.5% to 41.67% as a result of the capital contributions by the other then shareholders of Wu Xindali. Wuxi Xindali ceased to be a subsidiary of the Group and accounted for as an associate of the Group accordingly.

		2010
		千港元
		HK\$'000
失去控制權之資產及	Analysis of assets and liabilities over	
負債分析:	which control was lost:	
物業、廠房及設備	Property, plant and equipment	8,843
預付租賃款項	Prepaid lease payment	58,064
存貨	Inventories	2,807
貿易及其他應收款	Trade and other receivables	501
收購物業,廠房及	Deposits paid for acquisition of	
設備所支付之按金	property, plant and equipment	54,127
銀行結餘及現金	Bank balances and cash	8,925
貿易及其他應付款	Trade and other payables	(15,913)
應付税項	Taxation payables	(4,724)
出售資產淨值	Net assets disposed of	112,630
視作出售附屬公司之虧損:	Loss on deemed disposal of a subsidiary:	
已收及應收代價	Consideration received and receivable	_
所出售資產淨值	Net assets disposed of	(112,630)
非控制性權益	Non-controlling interests	42,236
剩餘於聯營公司權益	Remaining investment in an associate	70,203
視作出售之虧損	Loss on deemed disposal	(191)
視作出售產生現金流出淨額:	Net cash outflow arising on deemed disposal:	
已出售銀行結餘及現金	Bank balances and cash disposed of	(8,925)

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

## 36.資本承擔

於二零一零年十二月三十一日,本集團 承諾已訂約但未撥備之資本開支中約 158,920,000港元(二零零九年: 63,060,000港元)為投資於本集團中外合 資企業。此外,有關本集團所佔在中國 內蒙古成立之共同控制實體之已訂約但 未撥備之資本承諾之份額於二零一零年 十二月三十一日為5,350,000港元(二零 零九年:18,535,000港元);本集團於二 零一零年十二月三十一日佔一家於中國 無錫成立之聯營公司資本承諾之份額為 11,766,000港元(二零零九年:無)。

#### **36 CAPITAL COMMITMENTS**

At 31 December 2010, the Group was committed to capital expenditure contracted but not provided for of approximately HK\$158,920,000 (2009: HK\$63,060,000) relating to its investments in sino-foreign enterprises of the Group. In addition, capital commitment contracted but not provided for relating to the Group's interest in a jointly controlled entity established in Inner Mongolia in the PRC amounts to HK\$5,350,000 as at 31 December 2010 (2009: HK\$18,535,000), and the Group's interest in an associate established in Wuxi in the PRC amounted to HK\$11,766,000 as at 31 December 2010 (2009: Nil).

**JAL 3 IAI EIVIEIN I 3** 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度

For the year ended 31 December 2010

## 37.經營租賃承擔

### **37.OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS**

#### 本集團作為承租人

The Group as lessee

於報告期間完結時,本集團根據不可撤 銷經營租約而應付未來土地及樓宇最低 租約款項如下:

### At the end of the reporting period, the Group had future minimum lease payments payable under non-cancellable operating leases in respect of land and buildings as set out below:

		2010	2009
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
一年內	Within one year	9,462	4,176
第二年至第五年	In the second to		
(首尾兩年包括在內)	fifth year inclusive	8,568	2,702
		18,030	6,878

租約一般以平均兩年期進行商討,而租 金於租期內不變。 Leases are generally negotiated for an average term of two years and rentals are fixed for the lease period.

#### 本集團作為出租人

#### The Group as lessor

於報告期間完結時,本集團與租戶訂立 了支付未來最低租賃款項如下: At the end of the reporting period, the Group had contracted with tenants for the following future minimum lease payments:

		2010	2009
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
一年內	Within one year	1,395	1,292
第二年至第五年	In the second to		
(首尾兩年包括在內)	fifth year inclusive	1,394	—
		2,789	١,292

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

## 38.退休福利計劃

本集團就香港所有合資格僱員履行強制 性公積金計劃(「該計劃」)。該計劃之資 產乃與本集團資產分開處理並由信託人 控制。本集團就有關薪酬成本之5%作出 供款,而僱員亦作出同等供款。

本公司之中國附屬公司僱員為中國政府 管理之國家管理退休福利計劃下之成 員。本公司之中國附屬公司須就彼等之 薪酬為退休福利計劃按若干百分比作出 供款以支付福利。本集團就退休福利計 劃之唯一責任為根據該計劃作出所需之 供款。

計入收入之成本總額5,026,000港元(二 零零九年:4,967,000港元)即本集團於 本會計期內應付該等計劃之供款。

### 39.與關連人士之交易/結餘

(a) 於年內,本集團與關連人士之重大 交易如下:

#### **38.RETIREMENT BENEFITS SCHEMES**

The Group operates a Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "Scheme") for all qualifying employees in Hong Kong. The assets of the Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in funds under the control of trustee. The Group contributes 5% of relevant payroll costs to the Scheme, which contributions are matched by employees.

The employees of the Company's PRC subsidiaries are members of the state-managed retirement benefits scheme operated by the PRC government. The Company's PRC subsidiaries are required to contribute a certain percentage of their payroll to the retirement benefits scheme to fund the benefits. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the retirement benefits scheme is to make the required contributions under the scheme.

The total cost charged to income of HK\$5,026,000 (2009: HK\$4,967,000) represents contributions payable to these schemes by the Group in respect of the current accounting period.

## 39.RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS/ BALANCES

(a) During the year, the Group had the following significant transactions with related parties:

	2010	2009
	千港元	千港元
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
銷貨至聯營公司 Sales of goods to associates	5,352	314,565
已付航天科技財務利息 Interest paid to ASTF	39,827	36,413
共同控制實體之利息收入 Interest income from a jointly controlled entity	1,577	_

除上述外,本集團與關連人士之往 來結餘已於附註22、23、24及28披 露。 Other than the above, the Group also has balances with related parties disclosed in notes 22, 23, 24 and 28.

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

### 39.與關連人士之交易/結餘

(續)

(b) 於二零零九年十二月二十九日, 內蒙 古航天萬源複合材料有限公司(「內蒙 複材」)(本公司擁有56.41%權益之附 屬公司)與內蒙古航天萬源風電設備 製造有限公司(「內蒙風製」)(本公司 擁有95%權益之附屬公司)訂立框架 協議,據此,內蒙複材須於截至二零 --年十二月三十一日止三個財政年 度按照框架協議之條款向內蒙風製供 應風機葉片。火箭院之附屬公司航天 材料及工藝研究所持有內蒙複材 41.03%權益。年內,內蒙複材向內 蒙風製出售60套風機葉片,代價為 人 民 幣 44,677,000元(相當於約 51,825,000港元)。有關交易詳情載 於本公司日期為二零零九年十二月二 十九日的公布中。

### 39.RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS/ BALANCES (Continued)

(b) On 29 December 2009, Inner Mongolia CASC Energine Composite Material Co. Ltd. ("IM Composite Material"), a subsidiary with 56.41% equity interest owned by the Company, entered into a framework agreement with Inner Mongolia CASC Energine Wind Turbine Manufacture Co. Ltd. ("IM Wind Turbine Manufacture"), a subsidiary with 95% equity interest owned by the Company in relation to the supply of wind turbine blades for wind turbines for the three financial years ending 31 December 2011. Aerospace Research Institute of Materials & Processing Technology, which is a subsidiary of CALT, has a 41.03% equity interest in IM Composite Material. During the year, IM Composite Material sold 60 sets of wind blades to IM Wind Turbine Manufacture amounted to RMB44,677,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$51,825,000). Details of the transaction are set out in the Company's announcement dated 29 December 2009.

#### (c) 主要管理人員之薪酬

年內主要管理人員之薪酬如下:

#### (c) Compensation of key management personnel

The remuneration of key management during the year was as follows:

		2010	2009
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
短期福利	Short-term benefits	5,496	5,204
離職後福利	Post-employment benefits	12	12
		5,508	5,216

主要管理人員之薪酬由薪酬委員會 視個人表現及市場趨勢釐定。 The remuneration of key management is determined by the remuneration committee having regard to the performance of individuals and market trends.

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

## 39.與關連人士之交易/結餘

(續)

- (d) 於二零零九年六月三日,本集團與 火箭院之全資附屬公司北京長征天 民高科技有限公司訂立協議,以收 購一附屬公司江蘇航天萬源稀土電 機有限公司之額外3%股權,現金代 價約為1,540,000港元。交易已於當 日完成。
- (e) 於二零一零年十二月三十一日之借 貸包括來自火箭院透過中航總之附 屬公司航天科技財務作為受托人之 五筆貸款(二零零年:四筆)合共 843,320,000港 元 或 人 民 幣 727,000,000元 (二零零九年: 767,790,000港 元 或 人 民 幣 673,500,000元)。有關貸款為無抵 押及固定年息率介乎3.7%至6%(二 零零九年: 3.7%至6%),貸款 614,800,000港 元 或 人 民 幣 530,000,000元(二零零九年: 543,210,000港 元 或 人 民 幣 476.500.000元)及228.520.000港元 或人民幣197,000,000元(二零零九 年 : 224,580,000港 元 或 人 民 幣 197,000,000元) 將分別於二零一一 年四月及二零一四年四月償還。
- (f) 於二零一零年十二月三十一日的借貸包括由一間附屬公司非控制性股東墊付之一筆貸款87,000,000港元或人民幣75,000,000元(二零零九年:94,620,000港元或人民幣83,000,000元),該款項為無抵押及固定年息為6.2%(二零零九年:6.2%),並須於二零二零年十一月全數償還。

### 39.RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS/ BALANCES (Continued)

- (d) On 3 June 2009, the Group entered into an agreement with Beijing Long March Tianmin Hi-tech Co., Ltd, a wholly-owned subsidiary of CALT, for the acquisition of additional 3% equity of a subsidiary, Jiangsu Aerospace Wan Yuan REPM Motor Co., Ltd. for a cash consideration of approximately HK\$1,540,000. The transaction was completed on the same date.
- (e) Included in borrowings at 31 December 2010 were five (2009: four) loans advanced from CALT through CASC's subsidiary, ASTF, as the trustee totalling HK\$843,320,000 or RMB727,000,000 (2009: HK\$767,790,000 or RMB673,500,000) which are unsecured and bear fixed-rate interest ranging from 3.7% to 6% (2009: 3.7% to 6%) per annum. Loans of HK\$614,800,000 or RMB530,000,000 (2009: HK\$543,210,000 or RMB476,500,000) and HK\$228,520,000 or RMB197,000,000 (2009: HK\$224,580,000 or RMB197,000,000) are repayable in April 2011 and April 2014 respectively.

(f) Included in borrowings at 31 December 2010 was a loan of HK\$87,000,000 or RMB75,000,000 (2009: HK\$94,620,000 or RMB83,000,000) advanced from a non-controlling shareholder of a subsidiary. The amount is unsecured, bears fixed-rate interest at 6.2% (2009: 6.2%) per annum and is repayable in full in November 2020.

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

### 39.與關連人士之交易/結餘

(續)

- (g) 於二零零九年十二月二十九日,本 集團全資附屬公司內蒙古航天萬源 新能源開發有限公司(「內蒙新能 源1)與內蒙古航天萬源複合材料有 限公司(「內蒙複材」)(本公司擁有 56.41%股權之附屬公司)訂立物業 租賃協議框架協議,據此,內蒙新 能源須向內蒙複材出租其位於內蒙 古興和縣之房產,租期自二零一零 年一月一日至二零一一年十二月三 十一日為期兩年。火箭院之附屬公 司航天材料及工藝研究所擁有內蒙 複材41.03%之股權。年內,內蒙新 能源自內蒙複材收取租金人民幣 6,379,000元(相當於約7,400,000港 元)。有關交易詳情載於本公司日期 為二零零九年十二月二十九日的公 布中。
- (h) 於二零一零年十一月十一日,本公 司四家附屬公司內蒙風製、內蒙複 材、無錫新大力及北京萬源工業有 限公司(「北京萬源」)與火箭院之附 屬公司上海翰力機床有限公司(「上 海翰力」)訂立框架協議,據此,內 蒙風製、內蒙複材、無錫新大力及 北京萬源將於截至二零一一年十二 月三十一日止兩個財政年度按照框 架協議之條款向上海翰力供應風 機、風機葉片及附帶之相關服務。 年內,內蒙風製、內蒙複材及無錫 新大力向上海翰力供應分別為人民 幣6,377,000元(相當於約7,397,000 港元)、人民幣5,283,000元(相當於 約 6,128,000港 元 ) 及 人 民 幣 6,600,000元(相當於約7,656,000港 元)之風機、風機葉片及相關服務。 有關交易詳情載於本公司日期為二 零一零年十一月十一日的公布中。

### 39.RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS/ BALANCES (Continued)

- (g) On 29 December 2009, Inner Mongolia Energine New Energy Development Co. Ltd. ("IM New Energy"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a Property Leasing Agreement with Inner Mongolia CASC Energine Composite Material Co. Ltd. ("IM Composite Material"), a subsidiary with 56.41% equity interest owned by the Company, whereby IM New Energy is to lease the premises in Xinghe County, to IM Composite Material for a two year term from I January 2010 to 31 December 2011. Aerospace Research Institute of Materials & Processing Technology, which is a subsidiary of CALT, has a 41.03% equity interest in IM Composite Material. During the year, IM New Energy received rental income from IM Composite Material amounted to RMB6,379,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$7,400,000). Details of the transaction are set out in the Company's announcement dated 29 December 2009.
- (h) On 11 November 2010, four subsidiaries of the Company, IM Wind Turbine Manufacture, IM Composite Material, Wuxi Xindali and Beijing Energine Industry Co. Ltd. ("Beijing Energine"), entered into a framework agreement with Shanghai Hanli Machine Tool Co. Ltd. ("Shanghai Hanli"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of CALT, pursuant to which IM Turbine Manufacture, IM Composite Material, Wuxi Xindali and Beijing Energine are to supply wind turbines, wind turbine blades and the associated services incidental thereto to Shanghai Hanli in accordance with the terms of the framework agreement for the two financial years ending 31 December 2011. During the year, IM Turbine Manufacture, IM Composite Material and Wuxi Xindali supplied wind blades, wind turbine blades and the associated services to Shanghai Hanli amounted to RMB6,377,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$7,397,000), RMB5,283,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$6,128,000) and RMB6,600,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$7,656,000) respectively. Details of the transaction are set out in the Company's announcement dated 11 November 2010.

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

## 39.與關連人士之交易/結餘

#### (續)

(i) 與中國其他國家控制實體之交易/結餘

本集團現時於由中國政府直接或間 接擁有或控制實體(「國家控制實 體」)主導之經濟環境下經營。此 外,本集團本身隸屬由中國政府控 制之中航總旗下之較大公司集團。

本集團亦與其他國家控制實體有業 務往來。董事認為,就本集團與彼 等之業務往來而言,該等國家控制 實體均屬獨立第三方:

- (i) 本集團於日常業務過程中在若 干銀行(均為國家控制實體)有 若干存款及其他一般銀行融 資。鑑於該等銀行交易之性 質,董事認為,就此作單獨披 露並無實質意義。
- (ii) 本集團亦與若干客戶及供應商 有若干買賣交易,董事認為, 要確定對方身份及該等交易是
   否是與其他國家控制實體進行
   賓屬不切實際。

除上文所披露者外,董事認為與其 他國家控制實體進行之交易對本集 團之經營並無重大影響。

## **39.RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS/**

#### **BALANCES** (Continued)

(i) Transactions/balances with other state-controlled entities in the PRC

The group operates in an economic environment currently predominated by entities directly or indirectly owned or controlled by the PRC government ("state-controlled entities"). In addition, the Group itself is part of a larger group of companies under CASC which is controlled by the PRC government.

The Group conducts business with other state-controlled entities. The directors consider those state-controlled entities are independent third parties so far as the Group's business with them are concerned:

- (i) The Group has certain deposits placements and other general banking facilities with certain banks, which are stated-controlled entities in its ordinary course of business. In view of the nature of those banking transactions, the directors are of the opinion that separate disclosure would not be meaningful.
- (ii) The Group also has certain sales and purchases transactions with certain customers and suppliers in which the directors are of the opinion that it is impracticable to ascertain the identity of the counterparties and accordingly whether the transactions are with other state-controlled entities.

Except as disclosed above, the directors are of the opinion that the transactions with other state-controlled entities are not significant to the Group's operations.

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

## 40.主要附屬公司、聯營公司 及共同控制實體資料

## 40. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND JOINTLY CONTROLLED ENTITIES

於二零一零年及二零零九年十二月三十 一日之本集團主要附屬公司、聯營公司 及共同控制實體資料如下:

Details of the principal subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities of the Company at 31 December 2010 and 2009 are as follows:

公司名稱	已發行普通股本之 面值/註冊股本 Nominal value of issued ordinary share capital/	持有% 應 Percentage of equity			本集團 應佔% vibutable 主要業務		
Name of company	registered capital	the 0	Company 2009	to th 2010	e Group 2009	Principal activities	
		%	2009 %	%	2009		
附屬公司 Subsidiaries							
在香港註冊成立及經營: Incorporated and operating in Hong Kong:							
中國航天科技通信有限公司 China Aerospace Telecommunications Limited	10,000港元 HK\$10,000	_	_	100	100	分銷寬帶業務 Distribution of broadband business	
航天科技通信 (香港) 有限公司 China Aerospace Telecommunications (Hong Kong) Limited	10,000港元 HK\$10,000	-	_	100	100	分銷寬帶業務 Distribution of broadband business	
鴻年電子有限公司 Hung Nien Electronics Limited	30,001,000港元 HK\$30,001,000	-	_	100	100	分銷電訊產品 Distribution of telecommunication products	
天順實業有限公司 Tin Shun Industrial Limited	2港元 HK\$2	-	-	100	100	投資控股 Investment holding	
力明發展有限公司 New Image Development Limited	1港元 HK <b>\$</b> 1	_	-	100	100	投資控股 Investment holding	
加冠國際有限公司 Crownpluss International Limited	1港元 HK\$1	-	-	100	100	投資控股 Investment holding	

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

40.主要附屬公司、聯營公司

及共同控制實體資料 (續)

## 40. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND JOINTLY CONTROLLED ENTITIES (Continued)

	已發行普通股本之 面值/註冊股本 Nominal value of issued ordinary		本公司 寺有%		本集團 應佔%		
公司名稱 Name of company	share capital/ registered capital	held by the Company		attributable to the Group		主要業務 Principal activities	
	<b></b>	2010 %	2009 %	2010 %	2009 %	. [	
附屬公司 (續) <b>Subsidiaries</b> (Continued)							
在英屬處女群島註冊成立及經營: Incorporated and operating in British Virgin Islands:							
進級控股有限公司 Advanced Grade Holdings Limited	1美元 US\$I	100	100	-	-	投資控股 Investment holding	
加冠國際有限公司 Crownplus International Limited	1美元 US\$I	-	-	100	100	投資控股 Investment holding	
在中國註冊及經營: Registered and operating in the PRC:							
北京奇華通訊有限公司♯* Beijing Qihua Communications Co., Ltd. <sup>#*</sup>	I,239,000美元 US\$I,239,000	-	-	37	55	全球定位系統應用服務 GPS applications services	
北京萬源工業有限公司** Beijing Energine Industry Co., Ltd.**	人民幣118,251,000元 RMB118,251,000	-	-	100	100	投資控股 Investment holding	
江蘇航天萬源稀土電機有限公司# Jiangsu Aerospace Wanyuan REPM Motor Co., Ltd.#	人民幣50,000,000元 RMB50,000,000	-	-	52	52	製造及分銷升降機產品 Manufacture and distribution of elevator products	
航天龍源 (本溪) 風力發電有限公司* CASC Long Yuan (Benxi) Wind Power Co., Ltd. <sup>#</sup>	人民幣93,800,000元 RMB93,800,000	-	-	55	55	風場運營 Operation of wind farm	
航天萬源商貿 (深圳) 有限公司#	20,000,000港元 HK\$20,000,000	-	_	100	100	分銷寬帶業務 Distribution of broadband business	

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

## 40.主要附屬公司、聯營公司 及共同控制實體資料(續)

## 40. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND JOINTLY CONTROLLED ENTITIES (Continued)

#### 已發行普通股本之 股本權益之百分比 面值/註冊股本 本公司 本集團 應佔% Nominal value of 持有% issued ordinary Percentage of equity 公司名稱 share capital/ held by attributable 主要業務 Name of company registered capital the Company to the Group **Principal activities** 2010 2009 2010 2009 % % % % 附屬公司(續) Subsidiaries (Continued) 在中國註冊及經營:(續) Registered and operating in the PRC: (Continued) 內蒙古航天萬源新能源開發有限公司## 人民幣80,000,000元 風電產業園物業租賃 100 100 Inner Mongolia Energine New RMB80,000,000 Property leasing of wind energy Energy Development Co. Ltd.## industrial park 內蒙古航天萬源風電設備製造 人民幣50,000,000元 95 95 製造及分銷風機及風機葉片 有限公司# RMB50.000.000 Manufacture and distribution Inner Mongolia CASC Energine of wind turbine and blades Wind Turbine Manufacture Co. Ltd.# 內蒙古航天萬源複合材料有限公司\* 人民幣80.000.000元 製造風機葉片 56 56 Manufacture of wind turbine blades Inner Mongolia CASC Energine RMB80,000,000 Composite Material Co. Ltd.# 航天科技通信電子技術(深圳) 人民幣20,000,000元 100 100 製造及分銷電訊產品 有限公司## RMB20.000.000 Manufacture and distribution of (前稱航天科技通信設備製造 telecommunication products (深圳)有限公司) 北京航天萬源風機有限責任公司#\*\* 分銷風機產品 人民幣10.000.000元 65 25 Beijing CASC Energine Wind Distribution of wind RMB10,000,000 Turbine Co. Ltd. # \*\* turbine products (前稱北京航天宜達特直驅 風機銷售有限公司) (formerly Beijing EWT-CASC Directwind Marketing and Sales Co., Ltd.) 甘肅航天萬源風電設備製造 人民幣25,000,000元 100 100 製造及分銷風機 有限公司# RMB25,000,000 Manufacture and distribution of wind turbine

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

40.主要附屬公司、聯營公司

及共同控制實體資料 (續)

## 40. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND JOINTLY CONTROLLED

**ENTITIES** (Continued)

	已發行普通股本之 股本權益之百分比					
	面值/註冊股本		<b>太</b> 公司		<b>本集團</b>	
	Nominal value of issued ordinary	持有%應 Percentage of equity			應佔%	
公司名稱	share capital/	h	eld by		ibutable	主要業務
Name of company	registered capital	the Company		to the Group		Principal activities
		2010 %	2009 %	2010 %	2009 %	
聯營公司 Associates						
於中國註冊成立及經營: Registered and operating in the PRC:						
北京奇華通訊有限公司** Beijing Qihua Communications Co., Ltd.**	I,239,000美元 US\$I,239,000	-	_	37	55	全球定位系統應用服務 GPS applications services
凱斯泰爾通信設備(深圳)有限公司# CASIL Telecommunications (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. <sup>##</sup>	13,000,000港元 HK\$13,000,000	-	_	33	33	製造及分銷電訊產品 Manufacture and distribution of telecommunication products
江蘇龍源風力發電有限公司* Jiangsu Longyuan Wind Power Co., Ltd <sup>#</sup>	人民幣 333,320,000元 RMB333,320,000	-	-	25	25	風場運營 Operation of wind farm
北京航天萬源風機有限責任公司 <sup>#**</sup> Beijing CASC Energine Wind Turbine Co. Ltd. <sup>#**</sup> (前稱北京航天宜達特直驅 風機銷售有限公司) (formerly Beijing EWT-CASC Directwind Marketing and Sales Co., Ltd.)	人民幣10,000,000元 RMB10,000,000	65	25	_	-	分銷風機產品 Distribution of wind turbine products
吉林龍源風力發電有限公司*** Jilin Longyuan Wind Power Corp. Ltd <sup>###</sup>	人民幣 438,200,000元 RMB438,200,000	-	_	15	15	風場運營 Operation of wind farm
深圳市航天無線通信技術有限公司	人民幣 <b>20,000,000</b> 元 RMB20,000,000	-	_	25	25	製造及分銷全球定位系統產品 Manufacture and distribution of GPS product
航天閩箭新能源投資股份有限公司♯	人民幣150,000,000元 RMB150,000,000	-	_	20	_	風場運營 Operation of wind farm

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

## 40.主要附屬公司、聯營公司 及共同控制實體資料 (續)

## 40. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND JOINTLY CONTROLLED ENTITIES (Continued)

#### 已發行普通股本之 股本權益之百分比 面值/註冊股本 本公司 本集團 Nominal value of 持有% 應佔% issued ordinary Percentage of equity 公司名稱 held by 主要業務 share capital/ attributable registered capital the Company to the Group **Principal activities** Name of company 2010 2009 2010 2009 % % % % 聯營公司(續) Associates (Continued) 於中國註冊成立及經營:(續) Registered and operating in the PRC: (Continued) 無錫航天萬源新大力電機有限公司\* 人民幣120,000,000元 製造及分銷風力發電機 42 63 Wuxi CASC Energine Xindali RMB120.000.000 Manufacture and distribution Electricity Co., Ltd.# of wind turbine generators 共同控制實體 Jointly controlled entities 於中國註冊成立及經營: Registered and operating in the PRC: 北京德爾福萬源發動機管理系統 製造汽車發動機管理系統 16.000.000美元 49 49 有限公司# US\$16.000.000 Manufacture of automotive Beijing Delphi Wan Yuan Engine engine management systems Management Systems Co., Ltd.# and components 北京萬源瀚德汽車密封系統有限公司# 人民幣 製造車身密封系統 40 40 Beijing Wanyuan-Henniges Sealing 100.000.000元 Manufacture of automotive RMB100,000,000 Systems Co., Ltd.# sealing systems 江蘇航天萬源風電設備製造有限公司# 人民幣100,000,000元 製造風電設備 45 50 Jiangsu CASC Energine Wind Turbine RMB100.000.000 Manufacture of wind turbine Manufacture Corporation Ltd.# (前稱南通航天萬源安迅能 風電設備制造有限公司) (formerly Nantong CASC Wanyuan Acciona Wind Turbine Manufacture Corporation Ltd.) 內蒙古大唐萬源新能源有限公司♯ 人民幣92.610.000元 風場運營 49 49 RMB92.610.000 Inner Mongolia Datang Wanyuan Operation of wind farm

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

## 40.主要附屬公司、聯營公司 及共同控制實體資料(續)

- # 於中國註冊之中外合資合營企業。
- ## 於中國註冊之全外資企業。
- ### 本集團有權委任該公司董事會七名董事 中最多兩名董事。因此,董事會認為本 集團對該公司擁有重大影響力,故該公 司入賬為本集團擁有15%之聯營公司。
- \* 此公司為航通奇華之非全資附屬公司。 此公司於本集團出售航通奇華之控制性 權益後(詳情請參閱附註35a)成為本集團 之聯營公司。
- \*\* 本集團於年內已獲得此公司(以往為本集 團擁有25%權益之聯營公司)之控制權 (詳情請參閱附註34)。

除於中國成立之公司外,本集團持有上 述公司股份之類別為該等公司發行之普 通股。

董事之意見認為,上列各表所載之本集 團附屬公司、聯營公司及共同控制實 體,乃影響本集團業績或資產之主要公 司或為組成本集團之資產淨值之主要部 分。董事認為,詳列其他附屬公司及聯 營公司之資料,將令本節過於冗長。

截至報告期末,附屬公司概無發行任何 債項證券。

## 40. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND JOINTLY CONTROLLED ENTITIES (Continued)

- # Sino-foreign joint entity enterprise registered in the PRC.
- ## Wholly foreign-owned enterprises registered in the PRC.
- ###The Group is entitled to appoint up to two out of seven directors to the board of directors of this company. Hence, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, the Group has significant influence over the company. Accordingly, the company is accounted for as a 15% owned associate of the Group.
- This company is a non-wholly owned subsidiary of Castel Qihua.
   It becomes an associate of the Group upon the Group's disposal of controlling interest in Castel Qihua (note 35a for details).
- \*\* The Group has obtained control over this company, an previously 25% owned associate of the Group, during the year (note 34 for details).

Except for the companies established in the PRC, the classes of shares held by the Group in the above companies are ordinary shares issued by those companies.

The above table lists the subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results or assets or form a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries and associates would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

None of the subsidiaries had issued any debt securities at the end of the reporting period.

# 五年財務資料摘要 FIVE YEARS' FINANCIAL SUMMARY

		截至十二月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 December					
		2006 2007 2008 2009					
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	<b>2010</b> 千港元	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
營業額	Turnover	156,199	178,755	184,206	663,373	698,083	
除税前(虧損)溢利	(Loss) profit before taxation	(66,931)	(570,521)	(488,507)	77,892	122,212	
税項抵免(支出)	Taxation credit (charge)	1,706	(1,510)	(7,421)	(7,091)	(20,128)	
本年度(虧損)溢利	(Loss) profit for the year	(65,225)	(572,031)	(495,928)	70,801	102,084	
		於十二月三十一日 At 3I December					
		2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	

		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
資產及負債	ASSETS AND LIABILITIES					
資產總額	Total assets	417,642	2,214,648	2,165,730	3,129,179	3,109,991
負債總額	Total liabilities	(325,356)	(642,805)	(889,818)	(1,484,381)	(1,350,824)
淨資產值	Net assets	92,286	1,571,843	1,275,912	1,644,798	1,759,167





CHINA ENERGINE INTERNATIONAL (HOLDINGS) LIMITED 中國航天萬源國際(集團)有限公司<sup>\*</sup>

 Tel 電話
 : (852) 2586 1185

 Fax 傳真
 : (852) 2531 0088

 Email 電郵
 : energine@energine.hk

 Website 網址
 : http://www.energine.hk

Suite 4701, 47th Floor, Central Plaza, 18 Harbour Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong 香港灣仔港灣道18號中環廣場47樓4701室